BRITISH POETS.

V O L. XXIII.

EDINBURGH:

Printed for A. KINCAID and W. CREECH, and J. BALFOUR.

M; DCC, LXXIII.



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TRANSLATED FROM THE GREEK BY

ALEXANDER POPE, Efq;

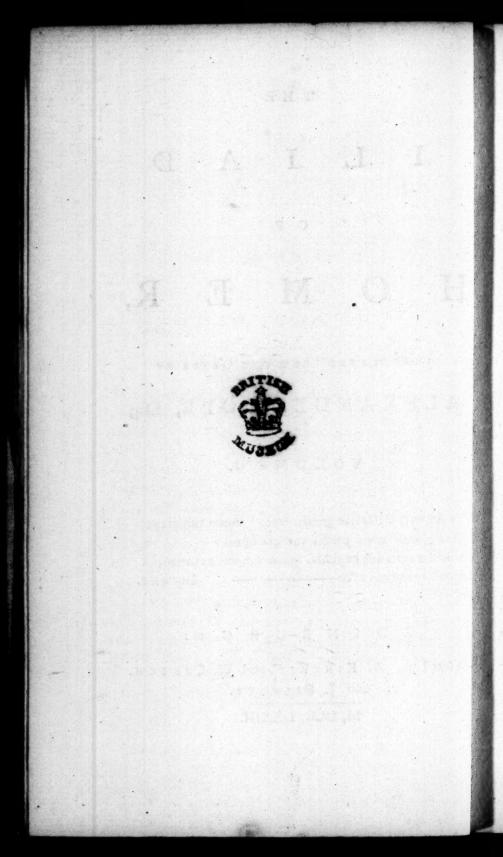
VOLUME I.

Te fequor, O Graiae gentis decus! inque tuis nunc Fixa pedum pono pressis vestigia signis: Non ita certandi cupidus, quam propter amorem, Quod te imitari aveo Lucrer.

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I L I A D.

BOOK I.

THE ARGUMENT.

The contention of Achilles and Agamemnon.

In the war of Troy, the Greeks having facked fome of the neighbouring towns, and taken from thence two beautiful captures, Chryseis and Briseis, allotted the first to Agamemnon, and the last to Achilles. Chryses, the father of Chryseis, and the priest of Apollo, comes to the Grecian camp to ransom her; with which the action of the poem opens, in the tenth year of the siege. The priest being refused, and insolently dismissed by Agamemnon, intreats for vengeance from his god, who insists a pestilence on the Greeks. Achilles calls a council, and encourages Calchas to declare the cause of it; who attributes it to the resusal of Chryseis. The king being obliged to send back his captive, enters into a surious contest with Achilles, which Nestor

pacifies: However, as he had the absolute command of the army, he seizes on Briseis, in revenge. Achilles in discontent withdraws himself and his forces from the rest of the Greeks; and complaining to Thetis, she supplicates Jupiter to render them sensible of the wrong done to her son, by giving victory to the Trojans. Jupiter granting her suit, incenses Juno, between whom the debate runs high, till they are reconciled by the address of Vulcan.

The time of two and twenty days is taken up in this book; nine during the plague, one in the council and quarrel of the princes, and twelve for Jupiter's stay with the Æthiopians, at whose return Thetis prefers her petition. The scene lies in the Grecian camp, then changes to Chrysa, and lastly to Olympus.

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BOOK E.

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A CHILLES' wrath, to Greece the direful spring.
Of woes unnumber'd, heav'nly Goddess, sing;
That wrath which hurl'd to Pluto's gloomy reign
The souls of mighty chiefs untimely slain;
Whose timbs unbury'd on the naked shore,
Devouring dogs and hungry vultures tore:
Since great Achilles and Atrides strove,
Such was the sov'reign doom, and such the will of Jove!

Declare, O Muse! in what ill-fated hour Sprung the fierce strife, from what offended pow'r! Latona's son, a dire contagion spread, And heap'd the camp with mountains of the dead; The king of men his rev'rend priest defy'd; And for the king's offence the people dy'd.

For Chryses fought with costly gifts to gain.

His captive daughter from the victor's chain.

Suppliant the venerable tather stands,

Apollo's awful enligns grace his hands:

By these he begs: And lowly bending down;

Extends the scepter and the laurel crown.

He su'd to all, but chief implor'd for grace

The brother-kings, of Atreus' royal race.

Ye kings and warriors! may your vows be crown'd,, And Troy's proud walls lie level with the ground. May Jove restore you, when your toils are o'er, Safe to the pleasures of your native shore. But oh! relieve a wretched parent's pain, And give Chryseis to these arms again; If mercy fail, yet let my presents move; And dread avenging Phoebus, son of Jove.

The Greeks in shouts their joint assent declare, The priest to rev'rence, and release the fair: Not so Atrides: He, with kingly pride, Repuls'd the sacred sire, and thus reply'd.

Hence, on thy life, and fly these hostile plains,
Nor ask, presumptuous, what the king detains:
Hence with thy laurel crown, and golden rod,
Nor trust too far those ensigns of thy God.
Mine is thy daughter, priest, and shall remain;
And pray'rs, and tears, and bribes shall plead in vain;
Till time shall riste ev'ry youthful grace,
And age dismiss her from my cold embrace,
In daily labours of the loom employ'd,
Or doom'd to deck the bed she once enjoy'd.
Hence, then, to Argos shall the maid retire,
Far from her native soil, and weeping sire.

The trembling priest along the shore return'd,
And in the anguish of a father mourn'd.
Disconsolate, nor daring to complain,
Silent he wander'd by the founding main:
Till, safe at distance to his God he prays,
The God who darts around the world his rays.

O Smintheus! sprung from fair Latona's line,
Thou guardian pow'r of Cilla the divine,
Thou source of light! whom Tenedos adores,
And whose bright presence gilds thy Chrysa's shores:
If e'er with wreaths I hung thy facred fane,
Or fed the slames with fat of oxen slain;
God of the silver bow! thy shafts employ,
Avenge thy servant, and the Greeks destroy,

Thus Chryles pray'd; the fav'ring pow'r attends. And from Olympus' lofty tops descends. Bent was his bow, the Grecian hearts to wound: Fierce as he mov'd, his filver shafts resound. Breathing revenge, a fudden night he spread, And gloomy darkness roll'd about his head. The fleet in view, he twang'd his deadly bow, And histing fly the feather'd fates below. On mules and dogs th' infection first began ; And last, the vengeful arrows fix'd in man. For nine long nights, thro' all the dufky air The pyres thick-flaming fhot a dismal glare. But ere the tenth revolving day was run, Infpir'd by Juno, Thetis' godlike fon Conven'd to council all the Greeian train; For much the goddess mourn'd her heroes slain.

Th' assembly seated, rising o'er the rest, Achilles thus the king of men addrest.

Why leave we not the fatal Trojan shore,
And measure back the seas we cross'd before?
The plague destroying whom the sword would spare,
'Tis time to save the sew remains of war.
But let some prophet, or some sacred sage,
Explore the cause of great Apollo's rage;
Or learn the wasteful vengeance to remove,
By mystic dreams, for dreams descend from Jove.
If broken vows this heavy curse have laid,
Let altars smoke, and hecatombs be paid.
Lo heav'n aton'd shall dying Greece restore,
And Phoebus dart his burning shafts no more.

He said, and sat: When Calchas thus reply'd: Calchas the wife, the Grecian priest and guide,

That facred feer, whose comprehensive view.
The past, the present, and the future knew:
Uprising slow, the venerable sage,
Thus spoke the prudence and the fears of age.

Belov'd of Jove, Achilles! would'st thou know. Why angry Phoebus bends his fatal bow? First give thy faith, and plight a prince's word Of sure protection, by thy power and sword. For I must speak what wisdom would conceal, And truths, invidious to the great, reveal. Bold is the task, when subjects grown too wise, Instruct a monarch where his error lies; For tho' we deem the short-liv'd sury past, 'Tis sure the mighty will revenge at last.

To whom Pelides. From thy inmost soul
Speak what thou know'st, and speak without controul.
Ev'n by that God I swear, who rules the day,
To whom thy hands the vows of Greece convey,
And whose bless'd oracles thy lips declare;
Long as Achilles breathes this vital air,
No daring Greek of all the num'rous band,
Against his priest shall lift an impious hand:
Not even the chief, by whom our hosts are led,
The king of kings, shall touch that facred head.
Encourag'd thus, the blameless man replies:

Nor vows unpaid, nor slighted facrifice,
But he, our chief, provok'd the raging pest,
Apollo's vengeance for his injur'd priest.
Nor will the God's awaken'd fury cease,
But plagues shall spread, and sun'ral fires increase,
'Till the great king, without a rausom paid,
'Eo her own Chrysa send the black-ey'd maid.

Perhaps, with adding facrifice and pray'r,
The priest may pardon, and the god may spare.

The prophet fpoke; when with a gloomy frown The monarch started from his shining throne: Black choler fill'd his breaft that boil'd with ire. And from his eye-balls flash'd the living fire. Augur accurs'd, denouncing mischief still, Prophet of plagues, for ever boding ill! Still must that tongue some wounding message bring, And still thy priestly pride provoke thy king? For this are Phoebus' oracles explor'd. To teach the Greeks to murmur at their lord? For this with falsehoods is my honour stain'd, Is heav'n offended, and a priest profan'd; Because my prize, my beauteous maid I hold, And heav'nly charms prefer to proffer'd gold? A maid, unmatch'd in manners as in face, Skill'd in each art, and crown'd with ev'ry grace. Not half so dear were Clytemnestra's charms, When first her blooming beauties bless'd my arms. Yet, if the gods demand her, let her fail; Our cares are only for the public weal: Let me be doom'd the hateful cause of all, And fuffer, rather than my people fall. The prize, the beauteous prize I will refign, So dearly valu'd, and fo justly mine. But fince for common good I yield the fair, My private lofs let grateful Greece repair; Nor unrewarded let your prince complain, That he alone has fought and bled in vain.

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Infatiate king, (Achilles thus replies), Fond of the pow'r, but fonder of the prize! Wouldst thou the Greeks their lawful prey should yield, The due reward of many a well-fought field? The spoils of cities raz'd, and warriors slain, We share with justice, as with toil we gain: But to resume whate'er thy av'rice craves, (That trick of tyrants), may be borne by slaves. Yet if our chief for plunder only fight, The spoils of Ilion shall thy loss requite, Whene'er, by Jove's decree, our conqu'ring pow'rs Shall humble to the dust her losty tow'rs.

Then thus the king. Shall I my prize refign With tame content, and thou posses'd of thine? Great as thou art, and like a god in fight, Think not to rob me of a foldier's right. At thy demand shall I restore the maid? First let the just equivalent be paid; Such as a king might ask; and let it be A treasure worthy her, and worthy me. Or grant me this, or with a monarch's claim, This hand shall seize some other captive dame. The mighty Ajax shall his prize resign, Ulysses' spoils, or ev'n thine own be mine. The man who fuffers, loudly may complain; And rage he may, but he shall rage in vain. But this when time requires—It now remains We launch a bark to plough the wat'ry plains, And waft the facrifice to Chryfa's shores, With chosen pilots, and with lab'ring oars. Soon shall the fair the fable ship ascend, And some deputed prince the charge attend; This Creta's king, or Ajax shall fulfil, Or wife Ulyffes fee perform'd our will;

Or if our royal pleasure shall ordain, Achilles' self conduct her o'er the main; Let sierce Achilles, dreadful in his rage, The God propitiate, and the pest assuage.

At this Pelides, frowning stern, reply'd: O tyrant, arm'd with infolence and pride! Inglorious flave to int'rest, ever join'd With fraud, unworthy of a royal mind! What Gen'rous Greek, obedient to thy word, Shall form an ambush, or shall lift the sword? What cause have I to war at thy decree? The distant Trojans never injur'd me : To Phthia's realms no hostile troops they led: Safe in her vales my warlike coursers fed; Far hence remov'd, the hoarfe-refounding main. And walls of rocks, fecure my native reign, Whose fruitful foil luxuriant harvests grace, Rich in her fruits, and in her martial race. Hither we fail'd, a voluntary throng, T' avenge a private, not a public wrong: What elfe to Troy th' affembled nations draws, But thine, ungrateful, and thy brother's cause? Is this the pay our blood and toils deserve; Difgrac'd and injur'd by the man we serve? And dar'st thou threat to fnatch my prize away, Due to the deeds of many a dreadful day? A prize as small, O tyrant, match'd with thine, As thy own actions, if compar'd to mine. Thine in each conquest is the wealthy prey, Though mine the sweat and danger of the day. Some trivial prefent to my ships I bear, Or barren praises pay the wounds of war.

But know, proud monarch, I'm thy flave no more;
My fleet shall wast me to Thessalia's shore.
Lest by Achilles on the Trojan plain,
What spoils, what conquests shall Atrides gain?
To this the king: Fly, mighty warrior! fly,
Thy aid we need not, and thy threats defy.
There want not chies in such a cause to sight,
And Jove himself shall guard a monarch's right.
Of all the kings (the gods distinguish'd care)
To pow'r superior none such hatred bear:
Strife and debate thy restless soul employ,
And wars and horrors are thy savage joy.
If thou hast strength, 'twas Heav'n that strength bestow'd:

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For know, vain man! thy valour is from God. Hafte, launch thy vessels, fly with speed away, Rule thy own realms with arbitrary fway: I heed thee not, but prize at equal rate Thy short-hiv'd friendship, and thy groundless hate. Go, threat thy earth-born Myrmidons; but here 'Tis mine to threaten, prince, and thine to fear. Know, if the God the beauteous dame demand, My bark shall waft her to her native land; But then prepare, imperious prince! prepare, Fierce as thou art, to yield thy captive fair: Ev'n in thy tent I'll seize the blooming prize, Thy lov'd Brifeis with the radiant eyes. Hence shalt thou prove my might, and curse the hour Thou flood'st a rival of imperial pow'r; And hence to all our host it shall be known, That kings are subject to the gods alone.

Achilles heard, with grief and rage opprest, His heart fwell'd high, and labour'd in his breaft. Distracting thoughts by turns his bosom rul'd, Now fir'd by wrath, and now by reason cool'd: That prompts his hand to draw the deadly fword, Force thro' the Greeks, and pierce their haughty lord; This whispers foft, his vengeance to controll, And calm the rifing tempelt of his foul. Buft as in anguish of suspense he stay'd, While half unsheath'd appear'd the glittering blade, Minerva swift descended from above, Bent by the fifter and the wife of Jove; (For both the princes claim'd her equal care), Behind she stood, and by the golden hair Achilles feiz'd; to him alone confest; A fable cloud conceal'd her from the rest. He fees, and fudden to the Goddess cries, Known by the flames that sparkle from her eyes: Descends Minerva, in her guardian care, A heavenly witness of the wrongs I bear From Atreus' fon? Then let those eyes that view The daring crime, behold the vengeance too. Forbear! (the progeny of Jove replies); To calm thy fury I forfake the fkies : Let great Achilles, to the gods refign'd, To reason yield the empire o'er his mind. By awful Juno this command is giv'n: The king and you are both the care of heav'n. The force of keen reproaches let him feel, But sheathe, obedient, thy avenging steel. For I pronounce, (and trust a heav'nly pow'r), Thy injur'd honour has its fated hour,

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When the proud monarch shall thy arms implore,. And bribe thy friendship with a boundless store. Then let revenge no longer bear the sway; Command thy passions, and the gods obey.

To her Pelides. With regardful ear,
'Tis just, O goddess! I thy dictates hear.
Hard as it is, my vengeance I suppress:
Those who revere the gods, the gods will bless.
He said, observant of the blue-ey'd maid;
Then in the sheath return'd the shining blade.
The goddess swift to high Olympus slies,
And joins the sacred senate of the skies.

Nor yet the rage his boiling breast forfook. Which thus redoubling on Atrides broke. O monster! mix'd of insolence and fear. Thou dog in forehead, but in heart a deer! When wert thou known in ambush'd fights to dare, Or nobly face the horrid front of war? "Tis ours, the chance of valiant fields to try, Thine to look on, and bid the valiant die. So much 'tis fafer through the camp to go, And rob a subject, than despoil a foe. Scourge of thy people, violent and base! Sent in Jove's anger on a flavish race, Who, loft to fense of gen'rous freedom past, Are tam'd to wrongs, or this had been thy last. Now by this facred fceptre, hear me fwear, Which never more shall leaves or blossoms bear, Which fever'd from the trunk (as I from thee) On the bare mountains left its parent tree; This sceptre, form'd by temper'd steel to prove An enfign of the delegates of Jove,

From whom the pow'r of laws and justice springs:

(Tremendous oath! inviolate to kings):

By this I swear, when bleeding Greece again

shall call Achilles, she shall call in vain.

When slush'd with slaughter, Hector comes to spread

The purpled shore with mountains of the dead,

Then shalt thou mourn th' affornt thy madness gave,

Forc'd to deplore, when impotent to save:

Then rage in bitterness of soul, to know,

This act has made the bravest Greek thy soe.

He spoke: And surious hurl'd against the ground.
His sceptre, starr'd with golden studs around.
Then sternly silent sat. With like distain
The raging king return'd his frowns again.

To calm their passion with the words of age, slow from his seat arose the Pylian sage, Experienc'd Nestor, in persuasion skill'd; Vords, sweet as honey, from his lips distill'd: Two generations now had pass'd away, Vise by his rules, and happy by his sway: Two ages o'er his native realm he reign'd, and now th' example of the third remain'd. All view'd with awe the venerable man; Tho thus, with mild benevolence, began:

What shame, what woe is this to Greece! what joy To Troy's proud monarch, and the friends of Troy! hat adverse gods commit to stern debate he best, the bravest of the Grecian state. oung as ye are, this youthful hate restrain, for think your Nestor's years and wisdom vain. godlike race of heroes once I knew, such, as no more these aged eyes shall view!

Lives there a chief to match Pirithous' fame, Dryas the bold, or Ceneus' deathless name; Thefeus, endu'd with more than mortal might, Or Polyphemus, like the gods in fight? With these of old to toils of battle bred. In early youth my hardy days I led; Fir'd with the thirst which virtuous envy breeds, And fmit with love of honourable deeds. Strongest of men, they pierc'd the mountain-boar, Rang'd the wild deferts red with monsters' gore, And from their hills the shaggy Centaurs tore. Yet these with fost, persualive arts I sway'd: When Nestor spoke, they listen'd and obey'd. If in my youth, ev'n these esteem'd me wife, Do you, young warriors, hear my age advise. Atrides, seize not on the beauteous flave : That prize the Greeks by common fuffrage gave : Nor thou, Achilles, treat our prince with pride; Let kings be just, and sov'reign pow'r preside. Thee, the first honours of the war adorn, Like gods in strength, and of a goddess born; Him, awful majesty exalts above The pow'rs of earth, and scepter'd sons of Jove. Let both unite with well confenting mind, So shall authority with strength be join'd. Leave me, O king! to calm Achilles' rage; Rule thou thyself, as more advanc'd in age. Forbid it, gods! Achilles should be lost, The pride of Greece, and bulwark of our host. This faid, he ceas'd: The king of men replies: Thy years are awful, and thy words are wife.

But that imperious, that unconquer'd foul,
No laws can limit, no respect controul.
Before his pride must his superiors fall,
His word the law, and he the lord of all?
Him must our hosts, our chiefs, ourself obey?
What king can bear a rival in his sway?
Grant that the gods his matchless force have giv'n;
Has foul reproach a privilege from heav'n?

Here on the monarch's speech Achilles broke,
And surious, thus, and interrupting spoke.

Tyrant, I well deserv'd thy galling chain,
To live thy slave, and still to serve in vain.

Should I submit to each unjust decree?

Command thy vassals, but command not me.

Seize on Briseis, whom the Grecians doom'd

My prize of war, yet tamely see resum'd;

And seize secure; no more Achilles draws

It is conqu'ring sword in any woman's cause.

The gods command me to forgive the past;

But let this first invasion be the last:

For know, thy blood, when next thou dar'st invade,

Shall stream in vengeance on my reeking blade.

At this they ceas'd; the stern debate expir'd: The chiefs in sullen majesty retir'd.

Achilles with Patroclus took his way,
Where near his tents his hollow veffels lay.
Meantime Atrides launch'd with num'rous oars
A well-rigg'd ship for Chrysa's sacred shores:
High on the deck was fair Chryseis plac'd,
And sage Ulysses with the conduct grac'd:
afe in her sides the hecatomb they stow'd.
Then swiftly sailing, cut the liquid road.

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The host to expiate, next the king prepares, With pure lustrations, and with solemn pray'rs. Wash'd by the briny wave, the pious train Are cleans'd; and cast th' ablutions in the main. Along the shore whole hecatombs were laid, And bulls and goats to Phoebus' altars paid. The sable sumes in curling spires arise, And wast their grateful odours to the skies.

The army thus in facred rites engag'd,
Atrides still with deep resentment rag'd:
To wait his will two facred heralds stood,
Talthybius and Eurybates the good.
Haste to the sierce Achilles' tent, (he cries),
Thence bear Briseis as our royal prize:
Submit he must; or, if they will not part,
Ourself in arms shall tear her from his heart.

Th' unwilling heralds act their lord's commands;
Pensive they walk along the barren sands:
Arriv'd, the hero in his tent they find,
With gloomy aspect, on his arm reclin'd.
At awful distance long they silent stand,
Loath to advance; or speak their hard command;
Decent consusion! This the godlike man
Perceiv'd, and thus, with accent mild, began.

With leave and honour enter our abodes,
Ye facred ministers of men and gods!
I know your message; by constraint you came;
Not you, but your imperious lord, I blame,
Patroclus, haste, the fair Brises bring;
Conduct my captive to the haughty king.
But witness, heralds, and proclaim my vow,
Witness to gods above, and men below!

But first and loudest to your prince declare,
That lawless tyrant whose commands you bear;
Unmov'd as death Achilles shall remain,
Though prostrate Greece should bleed at ev'ry vein:
The raging chief in frantic passion lost,
Blind to himself, and useless to his host,
Unskill'd to judge the suture by the past,
In blood and slaughter shall repent at last.

Patroclus now th' unwilling beauty brought; She, in fost forrows, and in pensive thought, Pass'd silent, as the heralds held her hand, And oft look'd back, slow-moving o'er the strand.

Not so his loss the sterce Achilles bore;
But sad retiring to the sounding shore,
O'er the wild margin of the deep he hung,
That kindred deep, from whence his mother sprung:
There, bath'd in tears of anger and disdain,
Thus loud lamented to the stormy main.

O parent Goddess! since in early bloom
Thy son must fall, by too severe a doom;
Sure, to so short a race of glory born,
Great Jove in justice should this span adorn:
Honour and same at least the Thund'rer ow'd,
And ill he pays the promise of a God;
If yon proud monarch thus thy son defies,
Obscures my glories, and resumes my prize.

Far in the deep recesses of the main,
Where aged Ocean holds his wat'ry reign,
The Goddess-mother heard. The waves divide;
And like a mist she rose above the tide;
Beheld him mourning on the naked shores,
And thus the forrows of his soul explores.

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Why grieves my fon? Thy anguish let me share, Reveal the cause, and trust a parent's care.

He deeply fighing faid: To tell my wo. Is but to mention what too well you know. From Thebe, facred to Apollo's name, (Action's realm), our conqu'ring army came, With treasure loaded and triumphant spoils, Whose just division crown'd the soldier's toils: But bright Chryseis, heav'nly prize! was led, By vote selected, to the gen'ral's bed. The priest of Phoebus fought by gifts to gain His beauteous daughter from the victor's chain ; The fleet he reach'd, and lowly bending down, Held forth the sceptre and the laurel crown, Entreating all; but chief implor'd for grace The brother kings of Atreus' royal race: The gen'rous Greeks their joint confent declare, The priest to rev'rence, and release the fair. Not so Atrides: He, with wonted pride, The fire infulted, and his gifts deny'd: Th' infulted fire (his God's peculiar care) To Phoebus pray'd, and Phoebus heard the pray'r : A dreadful plague enfues ; th' avenging darts Incessant fly, and pierce the Grecian hearts. A prophet then, inspir'd by heav'n, arose, And points the crime, and thence derives the woes: Myfelf the first th' assembled chiefs incline T' avert the vengeance of the pow'r divine ; Then rifing in his wrath, the monarch storm'd; Incens'd he threaten'd, and his threats perform'd: The fair Chryseis to her fire was fent, With offer'd gifts to make the God relent;

But now he feiz'd Brifeis' heav'nly charms, And of my valour's prize defrauds my arms. Defrauds the votes of all the Grecian train : And fervice, faith, and justice plead in vain. But. Goddess! thou thy suppliant son attend. To high Olympus' shining court ascend, Urge all the ties to former fervice ow'd, And fue for vengeance to the thund'ring God. Oft hast thou triumph'd in the glorious boast, That thou flood'st forth, of all th' aetherial host, When bold rebellion shook the realms above, Th' undaunted guard of cloud-compelling Jove. When the bright partner of his awful reign, The warlike maid, and monarch of the main, The traitor-gods, by mad ambition driv'n, Durst threat with chains th' omnipotence of heav'n. Then call'd by thee, the monster Titan came, (Whom Gods Briareus, men Ægeon name), Thro' wond'ring skies enormous stalk'd along ; Not he that shakes the folid earth so strong: With giant-pride at Jove's high throne he stands, And brandish'd round him all his hundred hands; Th' affrighted gods confess'd their awful lord, They dropt the fetters, trembled and ador'd. This, Goddess, this to his remembrance call, Embrace his knees, at his tribunal fall; Conjure him far to drive the Grecian train. To hurl them headlong to their fleet and main. To heap the shores with copious death, and bring The Greeks to know the curse of fuch a king; Let Agamemnon lift his haughty head O'er all his wide dominion of the dead,

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And mourn in blood, that e'er he durst disgrace The boldest warrior of the Grecian race.

Unhappy fon! (fair Thetis thus replies, While tears celestial trickle from her eyes), Why have I born thee with a mother's throes, To fates averse, and nurs'd for future woes? So short a space the light of heav'n to view! So short a space! and fill'd with forrow too! O might a parent's careful with prevail, Far, far from Ilion should thy vessels fail, And thou, from camps remote, the danger shun, Which now, alas! too nearly threats my fon. Yet (what I can) to move thy fuit I'll go To great Olympus crown'd with fleecy fnow. Meantime, fecure within thy fhips, from far Behold the field, nor mingle in the war. The fire of Gods, and all th' aetherial train, On the warm limits of the farthest main, Now mix with mortals, nor difdain to grace The feasts of Æthiopia's blameless race: Twelve days the pow'rs indulge the genial rite, Returning with the twelfth revolving light. Then will I mount the brazen dome, and move The high tribunal of immortal Tove.

The Goddess spoke: The rolling waves unclose; Then down the deep fhe plung'd from whence she rose, And left him forrowing on the lonely coast, In wild refentment for the fair he loft.

In Chryfa's port now fage Ulyffes rode; Beneath the deck the destin'd victims stow'd; The fails they furl'd, they lash'd the mast aside, And dropt their anchors, and the pinnace ty'd,

Next on the shore their hecatomb they land, Chryfeis last descending on the strand. Her, thus returning from the furrow'd main, Ulysses led to Phoebus' facred fane; Where at his folemn altar, as the maid He gave to Chryfes, thus the hero faid.

Hail rev'rend priest! to Phoebus' awful dome A suppliant I from great Atrides come: Unranfom'd here receive the spotless fair; Accept the hecatomb the Greeks prepare; And may the God who fcatters darts around, Aton'd by facrifice, defift to wound.

At this, the fire embrac'd the maid again, So fadly loft, fo lately fought in vain. Then near the altar of the darting king, Dispos'd in rank their hecatomb they bring : With water purify their hands, and take The facred off'ring of the falted cake; While thus with arms devoutly rais'd in air. And solemn voice, the priest directs his pray'r.

God of the filver bow, thy ear incline, Whose pow'r encircles Cilla the divine; Whose facred eye thy Tenedos furveys, And gilds fair Chryfa with diftinguish'd rays; If, fir'd to vengeance at thy prieft's request, Thy direful darts inflict the raging pest; Once more attend! avert the wasteful woe, And smile propitious, and unbend thy bow.

So Chryses pray'd, Apollo heard his pray'r; And now the Greeks their hecatomb prepare; Between their horns the falted barley threw, And with their heads to heav'n the victims flew :

The limbs they fever from th' inclosing hide; The thighs, selected to the Gods, divide : On these, in double cawls involv'd with art. The choicest morfels lay from ev'ry part. The priest himself before his altar stands. And burns the off'ring with his holy hands, Pours the black wine, and fees the flames afpire; The youth with instruments surround the fire : The thighs thus facrific'd, and entrails dreft, Th' affittants part, transfix, and roaft the rest: Then spread the tables, the repast prepare. Each takes his feat, and each receives his share. When now the rage of hunger was repreft, With pure libations they conclude the feast: The youths with wine the copious goblets crown'd, And pleas'd, dispense the flowing bowls around. With hymns divine the joyous bankquet ends, The Paeans lengthen'd till the fun descends : The Greeks, restor'd, the grateful notes prolong; Apollo listens, and approves the fong.

'Twas night; the chiefs beside their vessel lie, Till rofy morn had purpled o'er the fky: Then launch, and hoise the mast; indulgent gales, Supply'd by Phoebus, fill the swelling fails; The milk-white canvas bellying as they blow. The parted ocean foams and roars below: Above the bounding billows swift they flew. Till now the Grecian camp appear'd in view. Far on the beach they haul their bark to land, (The crooked keel divides the yellow fand), Then part, where stretch'd along the winding bay, The ships and tents in mingled prospect lay.

But raging still, amidst his navy fat The stern Achilles, stedfast in his hate; Nor mix'd in combat, nor in council join'd; But wasting cares lay heavy on his mind: In his black thoughts revenge and flaughter roll. And scenes of blood rife dreadful in his foul.

Twelve days were past, and now the dawning light The gods had summon'd to the Olympian height: Jove first alcending from the wat'ry bow'rs, Leads the long order of aetherial pow'rs. When like the morning-mist and early day, Rose from the flood the daughter of the sea; And to the feats divine her flight addrest. There, far apart, and high above the rest, The Thund'rer fat; where old Olympus shrouds His hundred heads in heav'n, and props the clouds. Suppliant the Goddess stood: One hand she plac'd Beneath his beard, and one his knees embrac'd. If e'er, O father of the Gods! she faid, My words could please thee, or my actions aid; Some marks of honour on thy fon bestow, And pay in glory what in life you owe. Fame is at least by heavenly promise due, To life fo short, and now dishonour'd too. Avenge his wrong, oh ever just and wise! Let Greece be humbled and the Trojans rise; Till the proud king, and all th' Achaian race, Shall heap with honours him they now difgrace.

Thus Thetis spoke; but Jove in silence held The facred counfel's of his breaft conceal'd. Not so repuls'd, the Goddess closer prest, Still grasp'd his knees, and urg'd the dear request. O fire of Gods and men! thy suppliant hear; Refuse, or grant; for what has Jove to fear? Or oh! declare, of all the powers above, Is wretched Thetis least the care of Jove! She faid, and fighing thus the God replies, Who rolls the thunder o'er the vaulted skies.

What hast thou ask'd? Ah why should Jove engage In foreign contests, and domestic rage, The Gods complaints, and Juno's fierce alarms, While I, too partial, aid the Trojan arms? Go, left the haughty partner of my fway With jealous eyes thy close access survey; But part in peace, secure thy pray'r is sped : Witness the sacred honours of our head, The nod that ratifies the will divine. The faithful, fix'd, irrevocable fign; This feals thy fuit, and this fulfils thy vows-He spoke, and awful bends his fable brows; Shakes his ambrofial curls, and gives the nod; The stamp of fate, and fanction of the God: High heav'n with trembling the dread fignal took, And all Olympus to the centre shook.

Swift to the feas profound the Goddess flies, Jove to his starry mansion in the skies. The shining fynod of th' immortals wait The coming God, and from their thrones of state Arifing filent, wrapt in holy fear, Before the Majesty of Heav'n appear. Trembling they stand, while Jove assumes the throne, All, but the God's imperious queen alone : Late had she view'd the silver-footed dame, And all her passions kindled into flame.

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Say, artful manager of heaven, (she cries),
Who now partakes the secrets of the skies?
Thy Juno knows not the decrees of fate,
In vain the partner of imperial state.
What fav'rite goddess then those cares divides,
Which Jove in prudence from his confort hides?

To this the Thund'rer: Seek not thou to find
The fecret counsels of almighty mind:
Involv'd in darkness lies the great decree,
Nor can the depths of fate be pierc'd by thee.
What fits thy knowledge, thou the first shalt know;
The first of gods above, and men below;
But thou, nor they, shall search the thoughts that roll
Deep in the close recesses of my soul.

Full on the fire the goddes of the skies
Roll'd the large orbs of her majestic eyes,
And thus return'd. Austere Saturnius, say,
From whence this wrath, or who controuls thy sway?
Thy boundless will, for me, remains in force,
And all thy counsels take the destin'd course.
But 'tis for Greece I fear: For late was seen,
In close consult, the silver-stooted queen.
Jove to his Thetis nothing could deny;
Nor was the signal vain that shook the sky.
What satal savour has the goddess won,
To grace her sierce, inexorable son?
Perhaps in Greeian blood to drench the plain,
And glut his vengeance with my people slain.

Then thus the god: Oh restless fate of pride, That strives to learn what heav'n resolves to hide; Vain is the search, presumptuous and abhorr'd, Anxious to thee, and odious to thy lord.

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Let this suffice; th' immutable decree
No force can shake: What is, that ought to be.
Goddess, submit, nor dare our will withstand,
But dread the pow'r of this avenging hand;
Th' united strength of all the gods above
In vain resist th' omnipotence of Jove.

The Thund'rer spoke, nor durst the queen reply; A rev'rend horror filenc'd all the fky. The feast disturb'd, with forrow Vulcan faw His mother menac'd, and the gods in awe: Peace at his heart, and pleasure his design. Thus interpos'd the architect divine. The wretched quarrels of the mortal state Are far unworthy, Gods! of your debate: Let men their days in senseless strife employ; We in eternal peace and constant joy. Thou, goddess-mother, with our fire comply, Nor break the facred union of the fky: Lest, rous'd to rage, he shake the bless'd abodes, Launch the red lightning, and dethrone the gods. If you submit, the Thund'rer stands appeas'd; The gracious pow'r is willing to be pleas'd.

Thus Vulcan spoke; and rising with a bound,
The double bowl with sparkling nectar crown'd,
Which, held to Juno in a chearful way,
Goddess, (he cry'd), be patient and obey.
Dear as you are, if Jove his arm extend,
I can but grieve, unable to defend.
What god so daring in your aid to move,
Or lift his hand against the force of Jove?
Once in your cause I felt his matchless might,
Hurl'd headlong downward from th' aetherial height:

Tos'd all the day in rapid circles round; Nor till the sun descended, touch'd the ground: Breathless I fell, in giddy motion lost; The Sinthians rais'd me on the Lemnian coast.

He faid; and to her hands the goblet heav'd,
Which, with a smile, the white-arm'd queen receiv'd.
Then to the rest he fill'd; and, in his turn,
Each to his lips apply'd the nectar'd urn.
Vulcan with aukward grace his office plies,
And unextinguish'd laughter shakes the skies.

Thus the bless'd gods the genial day prolong, In feass ambrosial, and celestial song.

Apollo tun'd the lyre; the Muses round,

With voice alternate, aid the filver sound.

Meantime the radiant sun, to mortal sight

Descending swift, roll'd down the rapid light.

Then to their starry domes the gods depart,

The shining monuments of Vulcan's art:

Jove on his couch reclin'd his aweful head,

And Juno sumber'd on the golden bed.

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BOOK II.

THE ARGUMENT.

The trial of the army, and catalogue of the forces.

Jupiter, in pursuance of the request of Thetis, sends a deceitful vision to Agamemnon, persuading him to lead the army to battle; in order to make the Greeks fensible of their want of Achilles. The general, who is deluded with the hopes of taking Troy without his affistance, but fears the army was difcouraged by his absence and the late plague, as well as by the length of time, contrives to make trial of their disposition by a stratagem. He first communicates his design to the princes in council, that he would propose a return to the soldiers, and that they should put a stop to them, if the proposal was embraced. Then he affembles the whole hoft, and, upon moving for a return to Greece, they unanimoully agree to it, and run to prepare the ships. They are detained by the management of Ulysles, who chastises the infolence of Thersites. The af-

Vol. V.

fembly is recalled; feveral speeches made on the occasion; and at length the advice of Nestor followed, which was to make a general muster of the troops, and divide them into their several nations, before they proceeded to battle. This gives occasion to the poet to enumerate all the forces of the Greeks and Trojans, in a large catalogue.

The time employed in this book consists not entirely of one day. The scene lies in the Grecian camp and upon the sea-shore; towards the end it removes

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Now pleasing sleep had seal'd each mortal eye;
Stretch'd in the tents the Grecian leaders lie;
Th' immortals slumber'd on their thrones above,
All but the ever-wakeful eyes of Jove.
To honour Thetis' son he bends his care,
And plunge the Greeks in all the woes of war:
Then bids an empty phantom rise to sight,
And thus commands the vision of the night.

Fly hence, deluding Dream! and, light as air, To Agamemnon's ample tent repair; Bid him in arms draw forth th' embattled train, Lead all his Grecians to the dusty plain. Declare, ev'n now 'tis given him to destroy The losty tow'rs of wide-extended Troy. For now no more the gods with fate contend; At Juno's suit the heav'nly factions end: Destruction hangs o'er you devoted wall, And nodding Ilion waits th' impending fall,

Swift as the word the vain illusion fled,
Descends, and hovers o'er Atrides' head;
Cloth'd in the figure of the Pylian sage,
Renown'd for wisdom, and rever'd for age;
Around his temples spreads his golden wing:
And thus the flatt'ring dream deceives the king.

Canst thou, with all a monarch's cares opprest,
Oh Atreus' son! canst thou indulge thy rest?
Ill sits a chief, who mighty nations guides,
Directs in council, and in war presides,

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To whom its fafety a whole people owes,
'To waste long nights in indolent repose.

Monarch, awake! 'tis Jove's command I bear,
Thou, and thy glory, claim his heav'nly care.

In just array draw forth th' embattled train;
Lead all thy Grecians to the dusty plain:
Ev'n now, O King! 'tis given thee to destroy
The losty tow'rs of wide-extended Troy.
For now no more the gods with fate contend;
At Juno's swit the heav'nly sactions end.
Destruction hangs o'er you devoted wall,
And nodding llion waits th' impending sall.
Awake, but waking this advice approve,
And trust the vision that descends from Jove-

The phantom faid; then vanish'd from his fight, Refolves to air, and mixes with the night. A thousand schemes the monarch's mind employ; Elate in thought, he facks untaken Troy; Vain as he was, and to the future blind; Nor faw what Jove and secret fate design'd, What mighty toils to either host remain, What scenes of grief, and numbers of the slain! Eager he rifes, and in fancy hears The voice celestial murm'ring in his ears. First on his limbs a stender yest he drew, Around him next the regal mantle threw; Th' embroider'd fandals on his feet were ty'd; The starry faulchion glitter'd at his side; And last his arm the massy sceptre loads, Unstain'd, immortal, and the gift of gods.

Now rosy morn ascends the court of Jove, Lists up her light, and opens day above.

The king dispatch'd his heralds with commands To range the camp, and fummon all the bands : The gath'ring hofts the monarch's word obey; While to the fleet Atrides bends his way. In his black ship the Pylian prince he found; There calls a fenate of the peers around: Th' affembly plac'd, the king of men exprest, The counfels lab'ring in his artful breaft,

Friends and confed'rates! with attentive ear Receive my words, and credit what you hear. Late as I flumber'd in the shades of night, A dream divine appear'd before my fight; Whose visionary form like Nestor came, The same in habit, and in mien the same. The heav'nly phantom hover'd o'er my head, And, Dost thou sleep, oh Atreus' fon? (he faid). Ill fits a chief who mighty nations guides, Directs in council, and in war prefides, To whom its fafety a whole people owes, To waste long nights in indolent repose. Monarch, awake! 'tis Jove's command I bear: Thou and thy glory claim his heav'nly care. In just array draw forth th' embattled train, And lead the Grecians to the dufty plain; Ev'n now, O king! 'tis given thee to destroy The lofty tow'rs of wide-extended Troy. For now no more the gods with fate contend; At Juno's fuit the heav nly factions end. Destruction hangs o'er you devoted wall, And nodding llion waits th' impending fall. This hear observant, and the gods obey! The vision spoke, and pass'd in air away.

Now, valiant chiefs! since Heav'n itself alarms, Unite, and rouse the sons of Greece to arms. But first, with caution, try what yet they dare, Worn with nine years of unsuccessful war; To move the troops to measure back the main Be mine; and your's the province to detain.

He spoke, and fat; when Nestor rising faid, (Nestor, whom Pylos' fandy realms obey'd:) Princes of Greece, your faithful ears incline, Nor doubt the vision of the pow'rs divine; Sent by great Jove to him who rules the hoft; Forbid it, Heav'n! this warning should be lost! Then let us haste, obey the god's alarms, And join to rouse the sons of Greece to arms. Thus fpoke the fage: The kings without delay Dissolve the council, and their chief obey : The sceptred rulers lead; the following host, Pour'd forth by thousands, darkens all the coast. As from some rocky cliff the shepherd sees Clust'ring in heaps on heaps the driving bees, Rolling, and black'ning, fwarms fucceeding fwarms, With deeper murmurs, and more hoarse alarms; Dusky they spread, a close embody'd crowd, And o'er the vale descends the living cloud. So, from the tents and ships, a length'ning train Spreads all the beach, and wide o'ershades the plain : Along the region runs a deaf'ning found; Beneath their footsteps groans the trembling ground. Fame flies before, the messenger of Jove, And shining foars, and claps her wings above. Nine facred heralds now, proclaiming loud The monarch's will, suspend the list'ning'crowd.

Soon as the throngs in order rang'd appear, And fainter murmurs dy'd upon the ear, The king of kings his aweful figure rais'd; High in his hand the golden sceptre blaz'd: The golden (ceptre, of celestial frame, By Vulcan form'd, from Jove to Hermes came: To Pelops he th' immortal gift refign'd; Th' immortal gift great Pelops left behind In Atreus' hand, which not with Atreus ends; To rich Thyestes next the prize descends; And now the mark of Agamemnon's reign, Subjects all Argos, and controuls the main.

On this bright sceptre now the king reclin'd, And artful thus pronounc'd the speech design'd: Ye fons of Mars! partake your leaders care, Heroes of Greece, and brothers of the war! Of partial Jove with justice I complain, And heav'nly oracles believ'd in vain. A safe return was promis'd to our toils, Renown'd, triumphant, and enrich'd with spoils. Now shameful flight alone can fave the host; Our blood, our treasure, and our glory lost. So Jove decrees, reliftless lord of all! At whose command whole empires rise or fall: He shakes the feeble props of human trust, And towns and armies humbles to the dust. What shame to Greece a fruitless war to wage, Oh lasting shame in ev'ry future age! Once great in arms, the common fcorn we grow, Repuls'd and baffled by a feeble foe. So small their number, that, if wars were ceas'd, And Greece triumphant held a gen'ral feast,

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All rank'd by tens, whole decads, when they dine, Must want a Trojan slave to pour the wine. But other forces have our hopes o'erthrown. And Troy prevails by armies not her own. Now nine long years of mighty love are run. Since first the labours of this war begun: Our cordage torn, decay'd our vessels lie. And fearce enfure the wretched pow'r to fly. Haste then, for ever leave the Trojan wall! Our weeping wives, our tender children call: Love, duty, fafety, fummon us away: 'Tis Nature's voice, and Nature we obev. Our shatter'd barks may yet transport us o'er, Safe and inglorious, to our native shore. Fly, Grecians, fly, your fails and oars employ, And dream no more of Heav'n-defended Troy,

His deep defign unknown, the hofts approve Atrides' speech. The mighty numbers move. So roll the billows on th' Icarian shore. From east and fouth, when winds begin to roar, Burst their dark mansions in the clouds, and sweep The whit'ning furface of the ruffled deep. And as on corn when western gusts descend, Before the blafts the lofty harvefts bend : Thus o'er the field the moving host appears, With nodding plumes and groves of waving spears. The gath'ring murmur foreads, their trampling feet Beat the loofe fands, and thicken to the fleet. With long resounding cries they urge the train To fit the ships, and launch into the main. They toil, they sweat, thick clouds of dust arise; The doubling clamours echo to the fkies,

Fy'n then the Greeks had left the hostile plain. And Fate decreed the fall of Troy in vain; But Jove's imperial queen their flight furvey'd. And, fighing, thus bespoke the blue-ey'd maid. Shall then the Grecians fly? Oh dire difgrace! And leave unpunish'd this perfidious race?

Shall Troy, shall Priam, and th' adult'rous spouse. In peace enjoy the fruits of broken vows! And bravest chiefs, in Helen's quarrel slain, Lie unreveng'd on von detelled plain? No: Let my Greeks, unmov'd by vain alarms, Once more refulgent thine in brazen arms. Haste, goddess, haste! the flying host detain, Nor let one fail be hoifted on the main.

Pallas obeys, and from Olympus' height Swift to the thips precipitates her flight; Ulvsfes, first in public cares, she found, For prudent counsel like the gods renown'd: Oppress'd with gen'rous grief the hero stood, Nor drew his fable veffels to the flood. And is it thus, divine Lacrtes' fon ! Thus fly the Greeks, (the martial maid begun)? Thus to their country bear their own difgrace. And fame eternal leave to Priam's race? Shall beauteous Helen still remain unfreed; Still unreveng'd a thousand heroes bleed? Haste, gen'rous Ithacus! prevent the shame; Recal your armies, and your chiefs reclaim: Your own refistless eloquence employ; And to th' immortals trust the fall of Troy.

The voice divine confes'd the warlike maid; Ulysses heard, nor uninspir'd obey'd:

Then meeting first Atrides, from his hand Receiv'd th' imperial sceptre of command. Thus grac'd, attention and respect to gain, He runs, he slies thro' all the Grecian train; Each prince of name, or chief in arms approv'd, He sir'd with praise, or with persuasion mov'd.

Warriors like you, with strength and wisdom blest, By brave examples shou'd confirm the rest.

The monarch's will not yet reveal'd appears; He tries our courage, but resents our sears.

Th' unwary Greeks his sury may provoke; Not thus the king in secret council spoke.

Jove loves our chief, from Jove his honour springs, Beware! for dreadful is the wrath of kings.

But if a clam'rous vile plebeian rose,

Him with reproof he check'd, or tam'd with blows.

Be still, thou slave, and to thy betters yield;

Unknown alike in council and in field.

Ye Gods, what dastards would our host command?

Swept to the war, the lumber of a land.

Be silent, wretch, and think not here allow'd

That worst of tyrants, an usurping crowd.

To one sole monarch Jove commits the sway;

His are the laws, and him let all obey.

With words like these the troops Ulysses rul'd,
The loudest silenc'd, and the siercest cool'd.
Back to th' assembly roll the thronging train,
Desert the ships, and pour upon the plain.
Murm'ring they move, as when old Ocean roars,
And heaves huge surges to the trembling shores:
The groaning banks are burst with bellowing sound,
The rocks remurmur, and the deeps rebound.

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At length the tumult finks, the noises cease, And a still silence lulls the camp to peace.

Therfites only clamour'd in the throng, Loquacious, loud, and turbulent of tongue: Aw'd by no shame, by no respect controll'd, In fcandal bufy, in reproaches bold: With witty malice studious to defame : Scorn all his joy, and laughter all his aim. But chief he glory'd with licentious style To lash the great, and monarchs to revile. His figure fuch as might his foul proclaim; One eye was blinking, and one leg was lame: His mountain-shoulders half his breast o'erspread, Thin hairs bestrew'd his long mis-shapen head. Spleen to mankind his envious heart possest, And much he hated all, but most the best. Ulvsfes or Achilles still his theme; But roval fcandal his delight supreme. Long had be liv'd the fcorn of ev'ry Greek. Vex'd when he spoke, yet still they heard him speak. Sharp was his voice; which in the shrillest tone, Thus with injurious taunts attack'd the throne.

Amidst the glories of so bright a reign,
What moves the great Atrides to complain?
'Tis thine whate'er the warrior's breast inflames,
The golden spoil, and thine the lovely dames.
With all the wealth our wars and blood bestow,
Thy tents are crouded, and thy chests o'erstow.
Thus at full ease in heaps of riches roll'd,
What grieves the monarch? is it thirst of gold?
Say, shall we march with our unconquer'd pow'rs,
(The Greeks and 1), to Ilion's hostile tow'rs,

And bring the race of royal bastards here, For Trey to ranfom at a price too dear? But fafer plunder thy own hoft supplies; Say, would'st thou seize some valiant leader's prize? Or, if thy heart to gen'rous love be led. Some captive fair to bless thy kingly bed? Whate'er our master craves, submit we must, Plagu'd with his pride, or punish'd for his luft. Oh women of Achaia! men no more! Hence let us fly, and let him waste his store In loves and pleasures on the Phrygian shore. We may be wanted on some busy day, When Hector comes: fo great Achilles may: From him he forc'd the prize we jointly gave, From him, the fierce, the fearless, and the brave! And durst he, as he ought, refent that wrong, This mighty tyrant were no tyrant long.

Fierce from his feat, at this Ulyffes fprings, In gen'rous vengeance of the king of kings. With indignation sparkling in his eyes, He views the wretch, and sternly thus replies.

Piece, factions monster, born to vex the state, With wrangling talents form'd for foul debate: Curb that impetuous tongue, nor rashly vain, And fingly mad, asperse the sov'reign reign. Have we not known thee, flave! of all our hoft, The man who acts the least, upbraids the most? Think not the Greeks to shameful flight to bring, Nor let those lips profane the name of king, For our return we trust the heav'nly pow'rs; Be that their care; to fight like men be ours.

But grant the host with wealth the gen'ral load,
Except detraction, what hast thou bestow'd?
Suppose some hero should his spoils resign,
Art thou that hero, could those spoils be thine?
Gods! let me perish on this hateful shore,
And let these eyes behold my son no more;
If, on thy next offence, this hand forbear
To strip those arms thou ill-deserv'st to wear,
Expel the council where our princes meet,
And send thee scourg'd, and howling thro' the sleet.

He said, and cow'ring as the dastard bends,
The weighty sceptre on his back descends:
On the round bunch the bloody tumours rise;
The tears spring starting from his haggard eyes:
Trembling he sat, and shrunk in abject sears,
From his vile visinge wip'd the scalding tears.
While to his neighbour each express'd his thought:
Ye Gods! what wonders has Ulysses wrought?
What fruits his conduct and his courage yield?
Great in the council, glorious in the field.
Gen'rous he rises in the crown's defence,
To curb the sactious tongue of insolence.
Such just examples on offenders shown,
Seditions silence, and affert the throne.

'Twas thus the gen'ral voice the hero prais'd, Who, rifing, high th' imperial sceptre rais'd: The blue-ey'd Pallas, his celestial friend, (In form a herald), bade the crouds attend. Th' expecting crouds in still attention hung, To hear the wisdom of his heavenly tongue. Then deeply thoughtful, pausing e'er he spoke, His silence thus the prudent hero broke.

Unhappy monarch ! whom the Grecian race With shame deferting, heap with vile difgrace. Not fuch at Argos was their gen'rous vow. Once all their voice, but ah ! forgotten now : Ne'er to return, was then the common cry, Till Troy's proud structures should in ashes lie. Behold them weeping for their native shore! What could their wives or helpless children more? What heart but melts to leave the tender train. And, one short month, endure the wint'ry main ? Few leagues remov'd, we wish our peaceful seat. When the ship tosses, and the tempests beat: Then well may this long stay provoke their tears. The tedious length of nine revolving years. Not for their grief the Grecian host I blame; But vanquish'd! baffled! Oh eternal shame! Expect the time to Troy's destruction giv'n. And try the faith of Calchas and of heav'n. What pass'd at Aulis, Greece can witness bear, And all who live to breathe this Phrygian air. Beside a fountain's sacred brink we rais'd Our verdant altars, and the victims blaz'd; ('Twas where the plane-tree spread its shades around:) The altars heav'd; and from the crumbling ground A mighty dragon shot, of dire portent; From Jove himself the dreadful sign was sent. Strait to the tree his fanguine spires he roll'd, And curl'd around in many a winding fold. The topmost branch a mother-bird possest; Eight callow infants fill'd the mosfly nest; Herfelf the ninth; the serpent as he hung, Streeh'd his black jaws, and crash'd the crying young;

While hov'ring near, with miserable moan, The drooping mother wail'd her children gone. The mother last, as round the nest she flew. Seiz'd by the beating wing, the monster slew: Nor long furviv'd; to marble turn'd he stands, A lasting prodigy on Aulis' fands. Such was the will of Jove; and hence we dare Trust in his omen, and support the war. For while around we gaze with wond'ring eyes, And trembling fought the pow'rs with facrifice, Full of his God, the rev'rend Calchas cry'd, Ye Grecian warriors! lay your fears aside. This wondrous fignal Jove himself displays, Of long, long labours, but eternal praise. As many birds as by the fnake were flain, So many years the toils of Greece remain; But wait the tenth, for Ilion's fall decreed: Thus spoke the prophet, thus the fates succeed. Obey, ye Grecians! with fubmission wait; Nor let your flight avert the Trojan fate.

He faid: The shores with loud applauses sound,
The hollow ships each deaf'ning shout rebound.
Then Nestor thus—These vain debates forbear,
Ye talk like children, not like heroes dare.
Where now are all your high resolves at last?
Your leagues concluded, your engagements past?
Yow'd with libations and with victims then,
Now vanish'd like their smoke: The faith of men!
While useless words consume th' unactive hours,
No wonder Troy so long resists our pow'rs.
Rise, great Atrides! and with courage sway;
We march to war, if thou direct the way.

But leave the few that dare refift thy laws, The mean deserters of the Grecian cause, To grudge the conquests mighty Jove prepares, And view, with envy, our fuccessful wars. On that great day when first the martial train. Big with the fate of Ilion, plow'd the main, Jove, on the right, a prosp'rous signal fent, And thunder-rolling shook the firmament. Encourag'd hence, maintain the glorious strife, Till ev'ry foldier grasp a Phrygian wife, Till Helen's woes at full reveng'd appear, And Troy's proud matrons render tear for tear. Before that day, if any Greek invite His country's troops to base, inglorious slight; Stand forth that Greek ! and hoist his fail to fly, And die the dastard first, who dreads to die. But now, O monarch! all thy chiefs advise: Nor what they offer, thou thyfelf despife. Amongst those counsels, let not mine be vain; In tribes and nations to divide thy train: His fep'rate troops let ev'ry leader call, Each strengthen each, and all encourage all. What chief, or foldier, of the num'rous band, Or bravely fights, or ill obeys command, When thus distinct they war, shall soon be known, And what the cause of Ilion not o'erthrown; If fate relists, or if our arms are flow, If gods above prevent, or men below.

To him the king: How much thy years excel In arts of counfel, and in speaking well: O would the gods, in love to Greece, decree But ten such sages as they grant in thee; Such wifdom foon should Priam's force destroy, And foon should fall the haughty tow'rs of Troy! But Jove forbids, who plunges those he hates In fierce contention, and in vain debates. Now great Achilles from our aid withdraws. By me provok'd; a captive maid the cause: If e'er as friends we join, the Trojan wall Must shake, and heavy will the vengeance fall! But now, ye warriors, take a short repast; And, well refresh'd, to bloody conflict haste. His tharpen'd spear let ev'ry Grecian wield, And ev'ry Grecian fix his brazen shield. Let all excite the fiery steeds of war, And all for combat fit the rattling car. This day, this dreadful day, let each contend; No rest, no respite, till the shades descend; Till darkness, or till death shall cover all: Let the war bleed, and let the mighty fall: Till bath'd in fweat be ev'ry manly breaft, With the huge shield each brawny arm deprest, Each aching nerve refuse the lance to throw, And each spent courser at the chariot blow. Who dares, inglorious, in his thips to stay, Who dares to tremble on this fignal day, That wretch, too mean to fall by martial pow'r, The birds shall mangle, and the dogs devour.

The monarch spoke; and strait a murmur rose,
Loud as the surges when the tempest blows,
That dash'd on broken rocks tumultuous roar,
And soam and thunder on the stony shore.
Strait to the tents the troops dispersing bend,
The fires are kindled, and the smokes ascend;

WOL. V.

With hasty feasts they facrifice, and pray T' avert the dangers of the doubtful day. A steer of five years age, large limb'd, and fed, To Jove's high altars Agamemnon led: There bade the noblest of the Grecian peers; And Nestor first, as most advanc'd in years. Next came Idomeneus, and Tydeus' fon, Ajax the less, and Ajax Telamon; Then wife Ulysses in his rank was plac'd; And Menelaus, came unbid, the last. The chiefs furround the destin'd beast, and take The facred off'ring of the falted cake : When thus the king prefers his folemn pray'r; Oh thou! whose thunder rends the clouded air. Who in the heav'n of heav'ns hast fix'd thy throne, Supreme of Gods! unbounded, and alone! Hear! and before the burning fun descends, Before the night her gloomy veil extends, Low in the dust be laid you hostile spires, Be Priam's palace funk in Grecian fires. In Hector's breaft be plung'd this shining sword, And flaughter'd heroes groan around their lord ! Thus pray'd the chief : His unavailing pray'r Great Jove refus'd, and toss'd in empty air: The god averse, while yet the fumes arose, Prepar'd new toils, and doubled woes on woes. Their pray'rs perform'd, the chiefs the rite pursue, The barley sprinkled, and the victim slew. The limbs they fever from th' inclosing hide, The thighs, selected to the gods, divide. On these, in double cauls involv'd with art, The choicest morfels lie from ev'ry part.

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From the cleft wood the crackling flames aspire,
While the fat victims feed the facred fire.
The thighs thus facrific'd, and entrails drest,
Th' affistants part, transfix, and roast the rest;
Then spread the tables, the repast prepare;
Each takes his feat, and each receives his share.
Soon as the rage of hunger was supprest,
The gen'rous Nestor thus the prince address'd:

Now bid thy heralds found the loud alarms,
And call the fquadrons fheath'd in brazen arms:
Now feize th' occasion, now the troops furvey,
And lead to war when heav'n directs the way.

He faid: The monarch issu'd his commands:
Strait the loud heralds call the gath'ring bands.
The chiefs inclose their king; the hosts divide
In tribes and nations rank'd on either side.
High in the midst the blue-ey'd virgin slies;
From rank to rank she darts her ardent eyes:
The dreadful aegis, Jove's immortal shield,
Blaz'd on her arm, and lighten'd all the field:
Round the vast orb an hundred serpents roll'd,
Form'd the bright fringe, and seem'd to burn in gold.
With this each Grecian's manly heart she warms,
Swells their bold hearts, and strings their nervous arms;
No more they sigh, inglorious to return,
But breathe revenge, and for the combat burn.

As on some mountain, through the losty grove, The crackling slames ascend, and blaze above; The fires expanding as the winds arise, Shoot their long beams, and kindle half the skies; So from the polish'd arms, and brazen shields, A gleamy splendour slash'd along the fields.

Not less their number than th' embody'd cranes, Or milk-white fwans in Asius' wat'ry plains, That o'er the windings of Cayster's springs, Stretch their long necks, and clap their ruftling wings, Now tow'r aloft, and course in airy rounds; Now light with noise; with noise the field resounds. Thus num'rous and confus'd, extending wide, The legions croud Scamander's flow'ry fide; With rushing troops the plains are cover'd o'er, And thund'ring footsteps shake the founding shore. Along the river's level meads they stand, Thick as in fpring the flow'rs adorn the land. Or leaves the trees; or thick as infects play, The wand'ring nation of a fummer's day, That drawn by milky streams, at ev'ning-hours, In gather'd fwarms furround the rural bow'rs; From pail to pail with bufy murmur run The gilded legions, glitt'ring in the fun. So throng'd, fo close, the Grecian squadron stood In radiant arms, and thirst for Trojan blood. Each leader now his fcatter'd force conjoins, In close array, and forms the deep'ning lines. Not with more ease, the skilful shepherd swain Collects his flocks from thousands on the plain. The king of kings, majestically tall, Tow'rs o'er his armies, and outshines them all: Like some proud bull that round the pastures leads His subject-herds, the monarch of the meads. Great as the gods, th' exalted chief was feen, His strength like Neptune, and like Mars his mien, Jove o'er his eyes celeftial glories spread, And dawning conquest play'd around his head.

Say, virgins, seated round the throne divine,
All-knowing Goddess! immortal Nine!
Since earth's wide regions, heav'n's unmeasur'd height,
And hell's abyss, hide nothing from your sight,
(We, wretched mortals! lost in doubts below,
But guess by rumour, and but boast we know);
Oh say what heroes, fir'd by thirst of same,
Or urg'd by wrongs, to Troy's destruction came?
To count them all demands a thousand tongues,
A throat of brass, and adamantine lungs.
Daughters of Jove, assist! inspir'd by you.
The mighty labour dauntless I pursue:
What crouded armies, from what climes they bring,
Their names, their numbers, and their chiefs I sing.

The CATALOGUE of the SHIPS.

The hardy warriors whom Bocotia bred,
Penelius, Leitus, Prothoenor led:
With these Arcesilaus and Clonius stand,
Equal in arms, and equal in command.
These head the troops that rocky Aulis yields,
And Eteon's hills, and Hyrie's wat'ry fields,
And Schoenos, Scholos, Graea near the main,
And Mycalessia's ample piny plain.
Those who in Peteon or Ilesion dwell,
Or Harma where Apollo's prophet fell;
Heleon and Hyle, which the springs o'erstow;
And Medeon losty, and Ocalea low;
Or in the meads of Haliartus stray,
Or Thespia facred to the God of day.

Onchestus, Neptune's celebrated groves;
Copae, and Thisbe, fam'd for silver doves;
For stocks Erythrae, Glissa for the vine;
Platea green, and Nisa the divine.
And they whom Thebe's well-built walls inclose,
Where Myde, Eutresis, Corone rose;
And Arne rich, with purple harvests crown'd;
And Anthedon, Boeotia's utmost bound.
Full fifty ships they send, and each conveys
'Twice sixty warriors through the soaming seas.

To these succeed Aspledon's martial train,
Who plough the spacious Orchomenian plain.
Two valiant brothers rule th' undaunted throng,
Ialmen and Ascalaphus the strong:
Sons of Astyoche, the heav'nly fair,
Whose virgin charms subdu'd the god of war:
(In Astor's court as she retir'd to rest,
The strength of Mars the blushing maid compress):
Their troops in thirty sable vessels sweep,
With equal oars, the hoarse-resounding deep.

The Phocians next in forty barks repair,
Epistrophus and Schedius head the war.
From those rich regions where Cephissus leads
His silver current thro' the flow'ry meads;
From Panopea, Chrysa the divine,
Where Anemoria's stately turrets shine,
Where Pytho, Daulis, Cyparissus stood,
And sair Lilaea views the rising stood.
These rang'd in order on the floating tide,
Close, on the lest, the bold Bocotians side.

Fierce Ajax led the Locrian squadrons on, Ajax the less, Oileus' valiant son;

Skill'd to direct the flying dart aright; Swift in pursuit, and active in the fight. Him, as their chief, the chosen troops attend, Which Bessa, Thronus, and rich Cynos fend: Opus, Calliarus, and Scarphe's bands; And those who dwell where pleasing Augia stands And where Boagrius floats the lowly lands, Or in fair Tarphe's sylvan feats reside; In forty veffels cut the yielding tide. Euboea next ber martial fons prepares, And fends the brave Abantes to the wars : Breathing revenge, in arms they take their way From Chalcis' walls, and strong Eretria: Th' Isteian fields for gen'rous vines renown'd, The fair Carystos, and the Styrian ground; Where Dios from her tow'rs o'erlooks the plain, And high Cyrinthus views the neighb'ring main. Down their broad shoulders fall a length of hair: Their hands dismiss not the long lance in air; But with portended spears in fighting fields. Pierce the tough cors'lets and the brazen shields. Twice twenty ships transport the warlike bands, Which bold Elphenor, fierce in arms, commands.

Full fifty more from Athens stem the main, Led by Menestheus thro' the liquid plain, (Athens the fair, where great Erectheus sway'd, That ow'd his nurture to the blue-ey'd maid; But from the teeming furrow took his birth, The mighty offspring of the foodful earth. Him Pallas plac'd amidst her wealthy fane, Ador'd with facrifice and oxen slain; Where, as the years revolve, her altars blaze,
And all the tribes refound the goddess' praise).
No chief like thee, Menessheus! Greece could yield,
To martial armies in the dusty field,
Th' extended wings of battle to display,
Or close th' embody'd host in firm array.
Nestor alone, improv'd by length of days,
For martial conduct bore an equal praise.
With these appear the Salaminian bands,
Whom the gigantic Telamon commands;
In twelve black ships to Troy they steer their course,
And with the great Athenians join their force.

Next move to war the gen'rous Argive train, From high Troezene and Mazeta's plain, And fair Ægina circled by the main: Whom strong Tyrinthe's lofty walls surround, And Epidaur with viny harvests crown'd: And where fair Asinen and Hermion show Their cliss above, and ample bay below. These by the brave Euryalus were led, Great Sthenelus, and greater Diomed, But chief Tydides bore the sov'reign sway; In sourscore barks they plow the wat'ry way.

The proud Mycene arms her martial pow'rs, Cleone, Corinth, with imperial tow'rs, Fair Araethyrea, Ornia's fruitful plain, And Ægion, and Adrastus' ancient reign; And those who dwell along the sandy shore, And where Pellene yields her sleecy store, Where Helice and Hyperesia lie, And Gonoessa's spires salute the sky.

Great Agamemnon rules the num'rous band;
A hundred vessels in long order stand,
And crouded nations wait his dread command.
High on the deck the king of men appears,
And his refulgent arms in triumph wears;
Proud of his host, unrival'd in his reign,
In silent pomp he moves along the main.

His brother follows, and to vengeance warms
The hardy Spartans, exercis'd in arms:
Phares and Brysia's valiant troops, and those
Whom Lacedaemon's lofty hills inclose:
Or Messe's tow'rs for silver doves renown'd,
Amyclae, Laas, Augia's happy ground,
And those whom Oetylo's low walls contain,
And Helos, on the margin of the main:
These, o'er the bending ocean, Helen's cause
In sixty ships with Menelaus draws:
Eager and loud from man to man he slies,
Revenge and sury slaming in his eyes;
While vainly fond, in fancy oft he hears
The fair one's grief, and sees her falling tears.

In ninety fail, from Pylos' fandy coast,
Nestor the sage conducts his chosen host:
From Amphigenia's ever-fruitful land;
Where Æpy high, and little Pteleon stand;
Where beauteous Arene her structures shows,
And Thyron's walls Alpheus' streams inclose:
And Dorion, sam'd for Thamyris' disgrace,
Superior once of all the tuneful race,
Till, vain of mortals empty praise, he strove
To match the seed of cloud-compelling Jove!

Too-daring bard! whose unsuccessful pride
Th' immortal Muses in their art defy'd.
Th' avenging Muses, of the light of day
Depriv'd his eyes, and snatch'd his voice away;
No more his heav'nly voice was heard to sing;
His hand no more awak'd the silver string.

Where under high Cyllene, crown'd with wood, The fladed tomb of old Apytus flood; From Ripe, Stratie, Tegea's bord'ring towns, The Phenean fields, and Orchomenian downs. Where the fat herds in plenteous pasture rove; And Stymphelus with her furrounding grove; Pharrhafia, on her faowy cliffs reclin'd, And high Enispe shook by wint'ry wind. And fair Mantinea's ever-pleafing fite; In fixty fail th' Arcadian bands unite. Bold Agapenor, glorious at their head, (Ancaeus' fon), the mighty fquadron led. Their ships, supply'd by Agamemnon's care, Through roaring feas the wond'ring warriors bear; The first to battle on th' appointed plain; But new to all the dangers of the main.

Those, where fair Elis and Buprasium join; Whom Hyrmin, here, and Myrsinus confine, And bounded there, where o'er the valleys rose 'Th' Olenian rock; and where Alisium flows; Beneath sour chiefs (a num'rous army) came; The strength and glory of the Epean name. In sep'rate squadrons these their train divide; Each leads ten vessels through the yielding tide. One was Amphimachus, and Thalpius one; (Eurytus' this, and that Teatus' son);

Diores, sprung from Amaryneeus' line; And great Polyxenus, of force divine.

But those who view fair Elis o'er the seas From the bles'd islands of the Echinades, In forty vessels under Meges move, Begot by Phyleus the belov'd of Jove. To strong Dulichium from his sire he sted, And thence to Troy his hardy warriors led.

Ulysses follow'd through the wat'ry road,
A chief in wisdom equal to a god.
With those whom Cephalenia's isle inclos'd,
Or till their fields along the coast oppos'd;
Or where fair Ithaca o'erlooks the floods,
Where high Neritos shakes his waving woods,
Where Ægilipa's rugged sides are seen,
Crocylia rocky, and Zacynthus green.
These in twelve galleys with vermilion prores,
Beneath his conduct sought the Phrygian shores.

Thoas came next, Andraemon's valiant fon,
From Pleuron's walts, and chalky Calydon,
And rough Pylene, and th' Olenian steep,
And Chalcis beaten by the rolling deep.
He led the warriers from th' Ætolian shore,
For now the sons of Oeneus were no more!
The glories of the mighty race were sled!
Oeneus himself, and Melcager dead!
To Thoas' care now trust the martial train;
His forty vessels follow through the main.

Next eighty barks the Cretan king commands, Of Gnossus, Lycus, and Gortyna's bands, And those who dwell where Rhytion's domes arise, Or white Lycastus glitters to the skies, Or where by Phaestus silver Jardan runs; Crete's hundred cities pour forth all her sons. These march'd, Idomeneus, beneath thy care, And Merion, dreadful as the god of war.

Tlepolemus, the fon of Hercules, Led nine swift vessels through the foamy seas; From Rhodes, with everlasting funshine bright, Jalysius, Lindus, and Camirus white. His captive mother fierce Alcides bore From Ephyr's walls, and Selle's winding shore. Where mighty towns in ruins spread the plain, And faw their blooming warriors early flain. The hero, when to manly years he grew, Alcides' uncle, old Licymnius, flew ; For this, constrain'd to quit his native place, And shun the vengeance of th' Herculean race. A fleet he built, and with a num'rous train, Of willing exiles, wander'd o'er the main; Where, many feas and many fuff'rings past, On happy Rhodes the chief arriv'd at last : There, in three tribes divides his native band, And rules them peaceful in a foreign land; Increas'd and prosper'd in their new abodes, By mighty Jove, the fire of men and gods; With joy they faw the growing empire rife, And show'rs of wealth descending from the skies.

Three ships with Nireus sought the Trojan shore, Nireus, whom Aglac to Charopus bore;
Nireus, in faultless shape and blooming grace,
The loveliest youth of all the Grecian race;
Pelides only match'd his early charms;
But few his troops, and small his strength in arms.

Next thirty galleys cleave the liquid plain,
Of those Calydnae's sea-girt isles contain;
With them the youth of Nisyrus repair,
Casus the strong, and Crapathus the fair;
Cos, where Euripylus posses'd the sway,
Till great Alcides made the realms obey;
These Antiphus and bold Phidippus bring,
Sprung from the god by Thessalus the king.

Now, Muse, recount Pelasgic Argos' pow'rs, From Alos, Alope, and Trechin's tow'rs; From Phthia's spacious vales; and Hella, blest With female beauty far beyond the rest. Full fifty ships beneath Achilles' care, Th' Achaians, Myrmidons, Hellenians bear; Thessalians all, though various in their name; The same their nation, and their chief the same. But now inglorious, stretch'd along the shore, They hear the brazen voice of war no more; No more the foe they face in dire array: Close in his fleet the angry leader lay; Since fair Briseis from his arms was torn. The noblest spoil from fack'd Lyrnessus born. Then, when the chief the Theban walls o'erthrew, And the bold fons of great Evenus flew. There mourn'd Achilles, plung'd in depth of care, But foon to tife in flaughter, blood, and war.

To these the youth of Phylace succeed, Itena, famous for her sleecy breed, And grassy Pteleon, deck'd with chearful greens, The bow'rs of Ceres, and the sylvan scenes: Sweet Pyrrhasus, with blooming slow'rets crown'd, And Antron's wat'ry dens, and cavern'd ground. These own'd as chief Protesilas the brave,
Who now lay silent in the gloomy grave:
The first who boldly touch'd the Trojan shore,
And dy'd a l'hrygian lance with Grecian gore;
There lies, far distant from his native plain;
Unfinish'd his proud palaces remain,
And his sad confort beats her breast in vain.
His troops in forty ships Podarces led,
sphiclus' son, and brother to the dead;
Nor he unworthy to command the host;
Yet still they mourn'd their antient leader lost.

The men who Glaphyra's fair foil partake,
Where hills encircle Boebe's lowly lake.
Where Pherae hears the neighb'ring waters fall,
Or proud Ioleus lifts her airy wall,
In ten black ships embark'd for Ilion's shore,
With bold Eumelus, whom Alceste bore:
All Pelius' race Alceste far outshin'd,
The grace and glory of the beauteous kind.

The troops Methone, or Thaumacia yields,
Olizon's rocks, or Meliboea's fields,
With Philocetes fail'd, whose matchless art,
From the tough bow directs the feather'd dart.
Sev'n were his ships; each vessel fisty row,
Skill'd in his science of the dart and bow:
But he lay raging on the Lemnian ground;
A pois'nous hydra gave the burning wound;
There groan'd the chief in agonizing pain,
Whom Greece at length shall wish, nor wish in vain.
His forces Medon led from Lemnos' shore,
Oileus' son, whom beauteous Rhena bore.

Th' Occalian race, in those high tow'rs contain'd, Where once Eurytus in proud triumph reign'd; Or where her humbler turrets Tricca rears, Or where Ithome, rough with rocks, appears; In thirty fail the sparkling waves divide, Which Podalirius and Machaon guide. To these his skill their parent god imparts, Divine professors of the healing arts.

The bold Ormenian and Afterian bands In forty barks Eurypylus commands, Where Titan hides his hoary head in fnow, And where Hyperia's filver fountains flow.

Thy troops, Argissa, Polypoetes leads
And Eleon, shelter'd by Olympus' shades,
Gyrtone's warriors, and where Orthe lies,
And Oloosson's chalky cliffs arise.
Sprung from Pirithous of immortal race,
The fruit of fair Hippodame's embrace.
(That day, when hurl'd from Pelion's cloudy head,
To distant dens the shaggy centaurs sled)
With Polypoetes join'd in equal sway
Leonteus leads, and forty ships obey.

In twenty sail the bold Perrhaebians came.

From Cyphus, Guneus was their leader's name.

With these the Enians join'd, and those who freeze,
Where cold Dodona lists her holy trees;
Or where the pleasing Titaressus glides,
And into Peneus rolls his easy tides,
Yet o'er the silver surface pure they slow,
The sacred stream unmix'd with streams below,
Sacred and awful! from the dark abodes
Styx pours them forth, the dreadful oath of gods!

Last under Prothous the Magnesians stood,
Prothous the swift, of old Tenthredon's blood;
Who dwell where Pelion, crown'd with piny boughs,
Obscures the glade, and nods his shaggy brows;
Or where thro' slow'ry Tempe Peneus stray'd,
(The region stretch'd beneath his mighty shade;)
In forty sable barks they stemm'd the main:
Such were the chiefs, and such the Grecian train.

Say next, O Muse! of all Achaia breeds, Who bravest fought, or rein'd the noblest steeds? Eumelus' mares were foremost in the chace. As eagles fleet, and of Pheretian race; Bred where Pieria's fruitful fountains flow, And train'd by him who bears the filver bow. Fierce in the fight, their nostrils breath'd a flame. Their height, their colour, and their age the fame; O'er fields of death they whirl the rapid car, And break the ranks, and thunder o'er the war. Ajax in arms the first renown acquir'd, While stern Achilles in his wrath retir'd: (His was the strength that mortal night exceeds, And his, th' unrival'd race of heav'nly steeds): But Thetis' fon now shines in arms no more; His troops, neglected on the fandy shore, In empty air their sportive jav'lins throw, Or whirl the disk, or bend an idle bow : Unstain'd with blood his cover'd chariots stand : Th' immortal courfers graze along the strand; But the brave chiefs th' inglorious life deplor'd. And wand'ring o'er the camp, requir'd their lord.

Now, like a deluge, cov'ring all around, The thining armies tweep along the ground; Swift as a flood of fire, when storms arise,
Floats the wide field, and blazes to the skies.
Earth groan'd beneath them; as when angry Jove
Hurls down the forky lightning from above,
On Arime when he the thunder throws,
And fires Typhoeus with redoubled blows,
Where Typhon, press'd beneath the burning load,
Still feels the fury of th' avenging God.

But various Iris, Jove's commands to bear,
Speeds on the wings of winds through liquid air;
In Priam's porch the Trojan chiefs the found,
The old confulting, and the youths around.
Polites' shape, the monarch's fon, she chose,
Who from Afetes' tomb observ'd the foes,
High on the mound; from whence in prospect lay
The fields, the tents, the navy, and the bay.
In this dissembled form, she hastes to bring
Th' unwelcome message to the Phrygian king.

Cease to consult, the time for action calls,
War, horrid war, approaches to your walls!
Assembled armies oft have I beheld;
But n'er till now such numbers charg'd a field.
Thick as autumnal leaves, or driving sand,
The moving squadrons blacken all the strand.
Thou, godlike Hestor! all thy force employ,
Assemble all th' united bands of Troy;
In just array let ev'ry leader call
The foreign troops: This day demands them all.

The voice divine the mighty chief alarms;
The council breaks, the warriors rush to arms:
The gates unfolding pour forth all their train,
Nations on nations fill the dusky plain,

Vol V.

Men, steeds, and chariots shake the trembling ground;
The tumult thickens, and the skies resound.
Amidst the plain, in sight of slion, stands
A rising mount, the work of human hands;
(This for Myrinne's tomb th' immortals know,
Tho' call'd Bateia in the world below);
Beneath their chiess in martial order here,
Th' auxiliar troops and Trojan hosts appear.

The godlike Hector, high above the rest, Shakes his huge spear, and nods his plumy crest: In throngs around his native bands repair, And groves of lances glitter in the air.

Divine Æneas brings the Dardau race,
Anchifes' fon, by Venus stol'n embrace,
Born in the shades of Ida's secret grove,
(A mortal mixing with the queen of love;)
Archilochus and Acamas divide
The warrior's toils, and combat by his side.

Who fair Zeleia's wealthy valleys till,

Fast by the foot of Ida's facred hill;

Or drink, Æsepus, of thy sable flood;

Were led by Pandarus, of royal blood:

To whom his art Apollo deign'd to show,

Grac'd with the presents of his shafts and bow.

From rich Apacius and Adrestia's tow'rs,
High Teree's fummits, and Pityea's bow'rs:
From these the congregated troops obey
Young Amphius and Adrastus' equal sway;
Old Merops' sons; whom, skill'd in fates to come,
The sire forewarn'd, and prophesy'd their doom:
Fate urg'd them on! the sire forewarn'd in vain;
They rush'd to war, and perish'd on the plain.

From Practius' stream, Percotes' passure lands, And Sestos and Abydo's neighb'ring strands, From great Arisba's walls and Selle's coast, Asias Hyrtacides conducts his host:

High on his car he shakes the slowing reins, Andrew His stery coursers thunder o'er the plains.

The fierce Pelafgi next, in war renown'd, good?

March from Larissa's ever fertile ground:

In equal arms their brother leaders shine,

Hippothous bold, and Pyleus the divine.

Next Acamus and Pyrous lead their hosts, and In dread array, from Thracia's wintry coasts; Round the bleak realms where Hellespontus roars, And Boreas beats the hoarse-resounding shores.

With great Euphemus the Ciconians move,
Sprung from Troezenian Ccus, lov'd by Jove.

Pyraechmes the Paconian troops attend,
Skill'd in the fight their crooked bows to bend;
From Axius' ample bed he leads them on,
Axius, that leaves the distant Amydon;
Axius, that swells with all his neighb'ring rills,
And wide around the floating region fills.

The Paphlagonians Pylaemenes rules,
Where rich Hynetia breeds her favage mules,
Where Erythinus' rifing clifts are feen,
Thy groves of box, Cytorus! ever green;
And where Ægialus and Cromna lie,
And lofty Sefamus invades the fky;
And where Parthenius, roll'd thro' banks of flow'rs,
Reflects her bord'ring palaces and bow'rs.

Here march'd in arms the Halizonian band, Whom Odius and Epistrophus command; From those far regions where the fun refines

The ripening filter in Alybean mines.

There, mighty Chromis led the Mysian train,
And augur Ennomus, inspired in vain;
For stern Achilles lope his facred head,
Roll'd down Scamander with the vulgar dead.

Phorcys and brave Ascanins here unite

Th' Ascanian Phrygians, eager for the fight.

Of those who round Maconia's realms reside, Or whom the vales in shade of Tmolus hide. Melthles and Antiphus the charge partake; Born on the banks of Gyges' filent lake. There, from the fields where wild Macander flows, High Mycale, and Latmos' shady brows, And proud Miletus, came the Carian throngs, With mingled clamours, and with barb'rous tongues. Amphimachus and Naustes guide the train, Naustes the bold, Amphimachus the vain, Who trick'd with gold, and glittering on his car, Rode like a woman to the field of war: Fool that he was! by flerce Achilles flain. The river swept him to the briny main: There whelm'd with waves the gaudy warrior lies; The valiant victor feiz'd the golden prize.

The forces last in fair array succeed,
Which blameless Glaucus and Sarpedon lead;
The warlike bands that distant Lycia yields,
Where gulphy Xanthus foams along the fields.

Reflects ber Lord vine galands and chelled

whom Oday and Limitrophic compands

Here march in dept the trace, and band,

I L I A D. BOOK III.

THE ARGUMENT.

The Duel of Menelaus and Paris.

THE armies being ready to engage, a fingle combat is agreed upon between Menelaus and Paris, (by the intervention of Hector,) for the determination of the war. Iris is fent to call Helena to behold the the fight. She leads her to the walls of Troy, where Priam fat with his counsellors observing the Grecian leaders on the plain below; to whom Helen gives an account of the chief of them. The kings on either part take the folemn oath for the conditions of the combat. The duel enfues, wherein Paris being overcome, is fnatched away in a cloud by Venus, and transported to his apartment. She then calls Helen from the walls, and brings the lovers together. Agamemnon, on the part of the Grecians, demands the restoration of Helen, and the performance of the articles,

The three and twentieth day still continues throughout this book. The scene is sometimes in the fields before Troy, and sometimes in Troy itself.

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THE ARGUMENT TOWN

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Profession and March Street the party with the same at a 2 12 1 ply strate bug enclosed to another upon their within the house of the Median, the art determination of the mar. What he have no call blake a to belight the the half. The leads by to the walls of Troy, oft galleral do and Sturmer with abited his many Lander election in the pint many in a selection the len glere an excensi of the sense of them. of the the rolling to all a set where rung so its on excelcondition, or the commato the heal enfact; where e of year be brail of preserved paint a . The memorage aid of becomparts banderical or in the believed the college was an another than a drawn byers to the processors as an area of the Sea redulf by commotive advahuments and Lore the party and carbette salates and all as a series of The three and property have the consequent has south of " out this brick, Thather it functions in the fields Albert of the and the estages in These tables

BOOK III.

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HUS by their leaders' care each martial band Moves into ranks, and stretches o'er the land. With shouts the Trojans rushing from afar, Proclaim their motions, and provoke the war: So when inclement winters vex the plain With piercing frosts, or thick descending rain, To warmer feas the cranes embody'd fly, With noise, and order, thro' the mid-way sky; To pigmy nations wounds and death they bring, And all the war descends upon the wing. I make to But filent, breathing rage, refolv'd and skill'd By mutual aid to fix a doubtful field, Swift march the Greeks; the rapid dust around Dark'ning arises from the labour'd ground. Thus from his flaggy wings when Notus fleds week A night of vapours round the mountain-heads, Swift-gliding mists the dusky fields invade, and and I To thieves more grateful than the mid-night shade: While fcarce the fwains their feeding flocks furvey, Lost and confus'd amidst the thicken'd day : So wrapt in gathering dust, the Grecian train A moving cloud, fwept on, and hid the plain.

Now front to front the hostile armies standard and Eager of fight, and only wait command;
When, to the van, before the sons of same
Whom Troy sent forth, the beauteous Paris came:
On form a God! the panther's speckled hyde
Flow'd o'er his armour with an easy pride.

His bended bow across his shoulders slung, His sword beside him negligently hung, Two pointed spears he shook with gallant grace, And dar'd the bravest of the Grecian race.

As thus with glorious air and proud disdain. He boldly stalk'd the foremost on the plain, Him Menelaus, lov'd of Mars, espies, With heart elated, and with joyful eyes: So joys a lion, if the branching deer, Or mountain goat, his bulky prize, appear; Eager he feizes and devours the flain, Prest by bold youths, and baying dogs in vain. Thus fond of vengeance, with a furious bound, In clanging arms he leaps upon the ground From his high chariot : Him, approaching near, The beauteous champion views with marks of fear. Smit with a confcious fense, retires behind, And shuns the fate he well deferv'd to find. As when some shepherd from the rustling trees Shot forth to view, a scaly serpent sees; Trembling and pale, he starts with wild affright, And all confus'd precipitates his flight. So from the king the shining warrior flies, And plung'd amid the thickest Trojans lies, As godlike Hector fees the prince retreat, He thus upbraids him with a gen'rous heat. Unhappy Paris! but to women brave! So fairly form'd, and only to deceive! Oh hadft thou dy'd, when first thou faw'ft the light! Or dy'd at leaft before this naptial rite! you and the A better fate than vainly thus to boaft, took a lovel at And fly, the scandal of thy Trojan host.

Gods! how the formful Greeks exult to fee Their fears of danger undeceiv'd in thee! Thy figure promis'd with a martial air, But ill thy foul supplies a form fo fair. In former days, in all thy gallant pride, When thy tall thips triumphant stem'd the tide, When Greece beheld thy painted canvas flow, And crouds flood wond'ring at the passing show; Say, was it thus, with fuch a baffled mien, You met th' approaches of the Spartan queen, Thus from her realm convey'd the beauteous prize, And both her warlike lords outshin'd in Helen's eyes ? This deed thy foes delight, thy own diffrace. Thy father's grief, and ruin of thy race : This deed recalls thee to the proffer'd fight; Or haft thou injur'd whom thou dar'ft not right? Soon to thy cost the field would make thee know, Thou keep'st the consort of a braver foe. Thy graceful form instilleth fost defire, Thy curling treffes, and thy filver lyre : Beauty and youth, in vain to these you trust, When youth and beauty shall be laid in dust: Troy yet may wake, and one avenging blow Crush the dire author of his country's woe.

His silence here, with blushes, Paris breaks:
"Tis just, my brother, what your anger speaks:
But who like thee can boast a soul sedate,
So sirmly proof to all the shocks of fate!
Thy force, like steel, a temper'd hardness shows,
Still edg'd to wound, and still untir'd with blows;
Like steel, uplisted by some strenuous swain,
With falling woods to strow the wasted plain.

Thy gifts I praise; nor thou despise the charms With which a lover golden Venus arms : Soft moving speech, and pleasing outward show: No wish can gain 'em, but the gods bestow. Yet, wouldst thou have the proffer'd combat stand, The Greeks and Trojans seat on either hand: Then let a mid-way space our hosts divide, And on that stage of war the cause be try'd: By Paris there the Spartan king be fought, For beauteous Helen and the wealth ste brought; And who his rival can in arms fubdue. His be the fair, and his the treasure too. Thus with a lasting league your toils may cease, And Troy possess her fertile fields in peace; Thus may the Greeks review their native shore. Much fam'd for gen'rous steeds, for beauty more.

He faid. The challenge Hector heard with joy, Then with his spear restrain'd the youth of Troy, Held by the midst, athwart; and near the soe Advanc'd with steps majestically slow.

While round his dauntless head the Grecians pour, Their stones and arrows in a mingled show'r.

Then thus the monarch great Atrides cry'd; Forbear, ye warriors, lay the darts aside: A parley Hector asks, a message bears; We know him by the various plume he wears. Aw'd by his high command the Greeks attend, The tumult silence, and the sight suspend.

While from the centre Hecffor rolls his eyes On either hoft, and thus to both applies. Hear, all ye Trojans, all ye Grecian bands! What Paris, author of the war, demands. Your shining swords within the sheath restrain, And pitch your lances in the yielding plain. Here, in the midst, in either army's sight, He dares the Spartan king to single sight; And wills, that Helen and the ravish'd spoil That caus'd the contest, shall reward the toil. Let these the brave triumphant victor grace, And differing nations part in leagues of peace.

He spoke: In still suspense on either side Each army stood: The Spartan chief reply'd.

Me too, ye warriors hear, whose fatal right A world engages in the toils of fight. To me the labour of the field refign; Me Paris injur'd; all the war be mine. Fall he that must, beneath his rival's arms, And live the rest secure of future harms. Two lambs, devoted by your country's rite, To earth a fable, to the fun a white, Prepare, ye Trojans! while a third we bring Select to Jove, th' inviolable king. Let rev'rend Priam in the truce engage, And add the fanction of confiderate age; His fons are faithless, headlong in debate, And youth itself an empty wav'ring state: Cool age advances venerably wife, Turns on all hands its deep discerning eyes; Sees what befel, and what may yet befal, Concludes from both, and best provides for all.

The nations hear, with rifing hopes possess, And peaceful prospects dawn in ev'ry breast. Within the lines they drew their steeds around, And from their chariots issu'd on the ground; Next all unbuckling the rich mail they wore; Lay'd their bright arms along the fable shore. On either side the meeting hosts are seen, With lances six'd, and close the space between. Two heralds now dispatch'd to Troy, invite The Phrygian monarch to the peaceful rite; Talthybius hastens to the fleet to bring The lamb for Jove, th' inviolable king.

Mean time, to beauteous Helen, from the skies The various goddess of the rainbow flies; (Like fair Laodice in form and face, The loveliest nymph of Priam's royal race) Her in the palace, at her loom the found; The golden web her own fad flory crown'd. The Trojan wars she weav'd (herself the prize) And the dire triumphs of her fatal eyes. To whom the goddess of the painted bow; Approach and view the wond rous frene below! Each hardy Greek, and valiant Trojan knight, So dreadful late, and furious for the fight, Now rest their spears, or lean upon their shields; Ceas'd is the war, and filent all the fields. Paris alone and Sparta's king advance, In fingle fight to tofs the beamy lance; Each met in arms the fate of combat tries, Thy love the motive, and thy charms the prize. This faid, the many-colour'd maid inspires Her husband's love, and wakes her former fires; Her country, parents, all that once were dear, Rush to her thought, and force a tender tear. O'er her fair face a fnowy veil fhe threw, And, foftly fighing, from the loom withdrew.

Her handmaids Clymene and Athra wait
Her filent footsteps to the Scaean gate.

There fat the feniors of the Trojan race, (Old Priam's chiefs, and most in Priam's grace,) The king the first : Thymoetes at his side; Lampus and Clytius, long in council try'd; Panthus, and Hicetaon, once the strong; And next the wifest of the rev'rend throng, Antenor grave, and fage Ucalegon, Lean'd on the walls, and balk'd before the fun. Chiefs, who no more in bloody fights engage, But wife thro' time, and narrative with age; In fummer-days, like grashoppers rejoice, A bloodless race, that fends a feeble voice. Thefe, when the Spartan queen approach'd the tow'r In fecret own'd refiftlefs beauty's pow'r : They cry'd, no wonder, fuch celestial charms For nine long years have fet the world in arms; What winning graces! what majestic mien! She moves a goddess, and she looks a queen! Yet hence, oh heav'n! convey that fatal face, And from destruction fave the Trojan race.

The good old Priam welcom'd her, and cry'd,
Approach, my child, and grace thy father's fide.
See on the plain thy Grecian spouse appears,
The friends and kindred of thy former years.
No crime of thine our present suff'rings draws,
Not thou, but heav'n's disposing will, the cause;
The gods these armies and this force employ,
The hostile gods conspire the fate of Troy.
But lift thy eyes and say, what Greek is he,
(Far as from hence these aged orbs can see,)

Around whose brow such martial graces shine,
So tall, so awful, and almost divine?
Tho' some of larger stature tread the green,
None match his grandeur and exalted mien:
He seems a monarch, and his country's pride.
Thus ceas'd the king, and thus the fair reply'd,

Before thy presence, father, I appear
With conscious shame and reverential fear.
Ah, had I dy'd, ere to these walls I sted,
False to my country, and my nuptial bed,
My brothers, friends, and daughter lest behind,
False to them all, to Paris only kind!
For this I mourn, till grief or dire disease
Shall waste the form whose crime it was to please!
The king of kings, Atrides, you survey,
Great in the war, and great in arts of sway:
My brother once, before my days of shame,
And oh! that still he bore a brother's name!

With wonder Priam view'd the godlike man,
Extoll'd the happy prince, and thus began:
O blest Atrides! born to prosp'rous sate,
Successful monarch of a mighty state!
How vast thy empire! of you matchless train
What numbers lost, what numbers yet remain!
In I'hrygia once were gallant armies known,
In ancient time, when Otreus sill'd the throne,
When god-like Mygdon led their troops of horse,
And I, to join them, rais'd the Trojan force:
Against the manlike Amazons we stood,
And Sangar's stream ran purple with their blood.
But far inserior those, in martial grace,
And strength of numbers, to this Grecian race.

This faid, once more he view'd the warrior-train: What's he, whose arms lie scatter'd on the plain? Broad is his breast, his shoulders larger spread, Tho' great Atrides overtops his head. Nor yet appear his care and conduct small; From rank to rank he moves, and orders all. The stately ram thus measures o'er the ground, And, master of the slock, surveys them round.

Then Helen thus. Whom your discerning eyes Have singled out is Ithacus the wise:
A barren island boasts his glorious birth;
His fame for wisdom fills the spacious earth.

Antenor took the word, and thus began: Myfelf, O king! have feen that wond'rous man : When trusting Tove and hospitable laws, To Troy he came, to plead the Grecian cause; (Great Menelaus urg'd the fame request) My house was honour'd with each royal guest : I knew their persons, and admir'd their parts, Both brave in arms, and both approv'd in arts. Erect, the Spartan most engag'd our view, Ulysses seated, greater rev'rence drew, When Atreus' fon harangu'd the lift'ning train, Just was his sense, and his expression plain, His words fuccinet, yet full, without a fault; He spoke no more than just the thing he ought. But when Ulysses rose, in thought profound, His modest eyes he fix'd upon the ground; As one unskill'd or dumb, he feem'd to stand, Nor rais'd his head, nor ftretch'd his fceptred hand : But, when he speaks, what elocution flows? Soft as the fleeces of descending snows

The copious accents fall; with easy art
Melting they fall; and fink into the heart!
Wond'ring we hear; and, fix'd in deep surprize,
Our ears resute the censure of our eyes.

The king then ask'd, (as yet the camp he view'd.) What chief is that, with giant strength endu'd, Whose brawny shoulders, and whose swelling chest, And lofty stature far exceed the rest? Ajax the great, (the beauteous queen reply'd;) Himself a host: The Grecians strength and pride. See! bold Idomeneus superior tow'rs Amidst you circle of his Cretan pow'rs, Great as a god! I faw him once before. With Menelaus, on the Spartan shore. The rest I know, and could in order name: All valiant chiefs, and men of mighty fame. Yet two are wanting of th' num'rous train, Whom long my eyes have fought, but fought in vain; Castor and Pollux, first in martial force, One bold on foot, and one renown'd for horse; My brothers these; the same our native shore, One house contain'd us, as one mother bore. Perhaps the chiefs, from warlike toils at eafe. For distant Troy refus'd to fail the seas: Perhaps their fwords fome nobler quarrel draws, Asham'd to combat in their sister's cause.

So spoke the fair, nor knew her brothers doom, Wrapt in the cold embraces of the tomb; Adorn'd with honours in their native shore, Silent they slept, and heard of wars no more.

Mean time the heralds, thro' the crouded town, Bring the rich wine and destin'd victims down.

Idaeus' arms the golden goblets press'd, Who thus the venerable king address'd. Arife, O father of the Trojan state! The nations call, thy joyful people wait, To feal the truce, and end the dire debate. Paris thy fon, and Sparta's king advance, In measur'd lists to tofs the weighty lance; And who his rival shall in arms subdue, His be the dame, and his the treasure too. Thus with a lasting league our toils may ccase, And Troy possess her fertile fields in peace; So shall the Greeks review their native shore, Much fam'd for gen'rous fleeds, for beauty more.

With grief he heard, and bade the chiefs prepare To join his milk-white coursers to the car : He mounts the feat. Antenor at his fide: The gentle steeds through Scaea's gates they guide; Next from the car, descending on the plain, Amid the Grecian hoft and Trojan train Slow they proceed : The fage Ulystes then Arose, and with him rose the king of men-On either fide a facred herald stands : The wine they mix, and on each monarch's hands-Pour the full um : then draws the Grecian lord His cutlass, sheath'd beside his pond'rous sword; From the fign'd victims crops the carling hair; The heralds part it, and the princes share: Then loudly thus, before th' attentive bands, He calls the gods, and spreads his lifted hands.

O first and greatest pow'r! whom all obey. Who high on Ida's holy mountain fway,

Vos. V.

Eternal Jove! and you bright orb that roll From east to west, and view from pole to pole! Thou mother Earth, and all ye living floods! Infernal furies, and Tartarian gods, Who rule the dead, and horrid woes prepare For perjur'd kings, and all who falfely fwear! Hear, and be witness. If, by Paris slain, Great Menelaus press the fatal plain, The dame and treasures let the Trojan keep. And Greece returning plow the wat'ry deep. If by my brother's lance the Trojan bleed, Be his the wealth and beauteous dame decreed: Th' appointed fine let Ilion justly pay, And ev'ry age record the fignal day. This if the Phrygians shall refuse to yield, Arms must revenge, and Mars decide the field.

With that the chief the tender victims flew,
And in the dust their bleeding bodies threw:
The vital spirit issu'd at the wound,
And lest the members quiv'ring on the ground.
From the same urn they drink the mingled wine,
And add libations to the pow'rs divine.
While thus their pray'rs united mount the sky;
Hear, mighty Jove! and hear, ye gods on high!
And may their blood, who first the league confound,
Shed like this wine, distain the thirsty ground;
May all their consorts serve promiscuous lust,
And all their race be scatter'd as the dust!
Thus either host their imprecations join'd,
Which Jove resus'd, and mingled with the wind.

The rites now finish'd, rev'rend Prism rose, And thus express'd a heart o'ercharg'd with wees. Ye Greeks and Trojans, let the chiefs engage,
But spare the weakness of my seeble age:
In yonder walls that object let me shun,
Nor view the danger of so dear a son.
Whose arms shall conquer, and what prince shall fall,
Heav'n only knows, for heav'n disposes all.

This faid, the hoary king no longer staid, discount of the But on his car the slaughter'd victims laid;
Then seiz'd the reins his gentle steeds to guide,
And drove to Troy, Antenor at his side.

Bold Hector and Ulysses now dispose
The lists of combat, and the ground inclose:
Next to decide by facred lots prepare,
Who first shall launch his pointed spear in air.
The people pray with elevated hands,
And words like these are heard through all the bands.
Immortal Jove, high heav'n's superior lord,
On losty Ida's holy mount ador'd!
Whoe'er involv'd us in this dire debate,
Oh give that author of the war to fate
And shades eternal! let division cease,
And joyful nations join in leagues of peace.

With eyes averted, Hector hastes to turn
The lots of fight, and shakes the brazen urn.
Then, Paris, thine leap'd forth, by fatal chance
Ordain'd the first to whirl the weighty lance.
Both armies fat, the combat to survey;
Beside each chief his azure armour lay,
And round the lists the gen'rous coursers neigh.
The beauteous warrior now arrays for fight,
In gilded arms magnificently bright;

The purple cuishes class his thighs around,
With flow'rs adorn'd, with silver buckles bound:
Lycaon's corslet his fair body drest,
Brac'd in, and sitted to his softer breast;
A radiant baldric, o'er his shoulder ty'd,
Sustain'd the sword that glitter'd at his side:
His youthful sace a polish'd helm o'erspread;
The waving horse-hair nodded on his head:
His figur'd shield, a shining orb, he takes,
And in his hand a pointed jav'lin shakes.
With equal speed, and fir'd by equal charms,
The Spartan hero sheathes his limbs in arms.

Now round the lists th' admiring armies stand, With jav'lins fix'd, the Greek and Trojan band. Amidst the dreadful vale, the chiefs advance, All pale with rage, and shake the threat'ning lance. The Trojan sirst his shining jav'lin threw; Full on Atrides' ringing shield it slew, Anor pierc'd the brazen orb, but with a bound Leap'd from the buckler, blunted, on the ground. Atrides then his massy lance prepares, In act to throw, but first prefers his pray'rs.

Give me, great Jove! to punish lawless lust,
And lay the Trojan gasping in the dust:
Destroy th' aggressor, aid my righteous cause,
Avenge the breach of hospitable laws!
Let this example future times reclaim,
And guard from wrong fair friendship's holy name.
He said, and pois'd in air the jav'lin sent,
Through Paris' shield the forceful weapon went,
His corslet pierces, and his garment rends,
And glancing downward, near his stank descends.

The wary Trojan, bending from the blow, Eludes the death, and disappoints his foe : " " But fierce Atrides wav'd his fword, and ftrook Full on his casque; the crefted helmet shook; The brittle steel, unfaithful to his hand. Broke fhort, the fragments glitter'd on the fand. The raging warrior to the spacious skies Rais'd his upbraiding voice, and angry eyes: Then is it vain in Jove himself to trust ? And is it thus the gods affift the just ? When crimes provoke us, heav'n fuccess denies; The dart falls harmless, and the faulchion flies. Furious he faid, and tow'rd the Grecian crew (Seiz'd by the creft) th' unhappy warrior drew: Struggling he follow'd, while th' embroider'd thong, That ty'd his helmet, dragg'd the chief along. Then had his ruin crown'd Atrides' joy, But Venus trembled for the prince of Troy : Unfeen she came, and burst the golden band : And left an empty helmet in his hand. The casque, enrag'd, amidft the Greeks he threw: The Greeks with smiles the polish'd trophy view. Then, as once more he lifts the deadly dart. In thirst of vengeance, at his rival's heart, The queen of love her favour'd champion shrouds (For gods can all things) in a veil of clouds. Rais'd from the field the panting youth she led. And gently laid him on the bridal bed; With pleasing sweets his fainting sense renews, And all the dome perfumes with heav'nly dews. Meantime the brightest of the female kind. The matchless Helen, o'er the walls reclin'd:

To her, beset with Trojan beauties, came In borrow'd form the laughter-loving dame. (She seem'd an ancient maid, well skill'd to cull The snowy seece, and wind the twisted wool). The goddess softly shook her silken vest, I hat shed perfumes, and whispering thus address.

Haste, happy nymph! for thee thy Paris calls,
Safe from the fight, in yonder lofty walls,
Fair as a god! with odours round him spread
He lies, and waits thee on the well-known bed:
Not like a warrior parted from the foe,
But some gay dancer in the public show.

She spoke, and Helen's secret soul was mov'd; She fcorn'd the champion, but the man she lov'd. Fair Venus' neck, her eyes that sparkled fire, And breaft, reveal'd the queen of foft desire. Struck with her presence, strait the lively red Forfook her cheek; and trembling, thus she faid, Then is it still thy pleasure to deceive? And woman's frailty always to believe? Say, to new nations must I cross the main, Or carry wars to some foft Asian plain? For whom must Helen break her second vow? What other Paris is thy darling now? Left to Atrides, (victor in the strife), An odious conquest and a captive wife, Hence let me fail: And if thy Paris bear My absence ill, let Venus ease his care. A handmaid goddess at his side to wait, Renounce the glories of thy heavenly state, Be fix'd for ever to the Trojan shore, His spouse, or slave; and mount the skies no more.

For me, to lawless love no longer led,

1 scorn the coward, and detest his bed;

Else should I merit everlasting shame,

And keen reproach, from ev'ry Phrygian dame:

Ill suits it now the joys of love to know,

Too deep my anguish, and too wild my woe.

Then thus incens'd, the Paphian queen replies;
Obey the pow'r from whom thy glories rife:
Should Venus leave thee, ev'ry charm must fly,
Fade from thy cheek, and languish in thy eye.
Cease to provoke me, lest I make thee more
The world's aversion, than their love before:
Now the bright prize for which mankind engage,
Then, the sad victim of the public rage.

At this, the fairest of her sex obey'd, And veil'd her blushes in a silken shade; Unseen, and silent, from the train she moves, Led by the goddess of the smiles and loves.

Arriv'd, and enter'd at the palace-gate,
The maids officious round their mistress wait;
Then all dispersing, various tasks attend;
The queen and goddess to the prince ascend.
Full in her Paris' sight, the queen of love
Had plac'd the beauteous progeny of Jove;
Where, as he view'd her charms, she turn'd away
Her glowing eyes, and thus began to say.

Is this the chief, who, lost to fense of shame, Late fled the field, and yet survives his same? Oh hadst thou dy'd beneath the righteous sword Of that brave man, whom once I call'd my lord? The boaster Paris oft desir'd the day With Sparta's king to meet in single fray: Go now, once more thy rival's rage excite,

Provoke Atrides, and renew the fight:

Yet Helen bids thee flay, lest thou unskill'd

Shouldst fail an easy conquest on the field.

The prince replies : Ah ceafe, divinely fair, Nor add reproaches to the wounds I bear; This day the foe prevail'd by Pallas' pow'r : We yet may vanquish in a happier hour: There want not gods to favour us above : But let the business of our life be love: These softer moments let delights employ, And kind embraces fnatch the hafty joy. Not thus I lov'd thee, when from Sparta's shore My forc'd, my willing heav'nly prize I bore, When first entranc'd in Cranae's isle I lay, Mix'd with thy foul, and all diffoly'd away! Thus having spoke, th' enamour'd Phrygian boy Rush'd to the bed, impatient for the joy. Him Helen follow'd flow with bashful charms, And clasp'd the blooming hero in her arms.

While these to love's delicious rapture yield,
'The stern Atrides rages round the field:
So some sell lion whom the woods obey,
Roars through the desert, and demands his prey.
Paris he seeks, impatient to destroy,
But seeks in vain along the troops of Troy;
Ev'n those had yielded to a soe so brave
The recreant warrior, hateful as the grave.
Then speaking thus, the king of kings arose;
Ye Trojans, Dardans, all our gen'rous soes!
Hear and attest! from heav'n with conquest crown'd.
Our brother's arms the just success have sound:

THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PE

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Be therefore now the Spartan wealth restor'd, Let Argive Helen own her lawful lord; Th' appointed fine let Ilion justly pay, And age to age record this signal day. He ceas'd; his army's loud applauses rise, And the long shout runs echoing thro' the skies.

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I L I A D.

B O Q K IV.

THE ARGUMENT.

The Breach of the Truce, and the first Battle.

THE Gods deliberate in council concerning the Trojan war: They agree upon the continuation of it; and Jupiter fends down Minerva to break the truce. She perfuades Pandarus to aim an arrow at Menelaus, who is wounded, but cured by Machaon. In the mean time, some of the Trojan troops attack the Greeks. Agamemnon is distinguished in all the parts of a good general; he reviews the troops, and exhorts the leaders, some by praises, and others by reproofs. Nestor is particularly celebrated for his military discipline. The battle joins, and great numbers are slain on both sides.

The same day continues through this, as through the last book, (as it does also through the two following, and almost to the end of the seventh book.)

The scene is wholly in the field before Troy.

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BOOK IV.

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BOOK IV.

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A ND now Olympus' shining gates unfold:
The Gods, with Jove, assume their thrones of gold:

Immortal Hebe, fresh with bloom divine,
The golden goblet crowns with purple wine.
While the full bowls flow round, the pow'rs employ
Their careful eyes on long-contended Troy.

When Jove, dispos'd to tempt Saturnia's spleen, Thus wak'd the fury of his partial queen. Two pow'rs divine the fon of Atreus aid, Imperial Juno, and the martial maid; But high in heav'n they fit, and gaze from far, The tame spectators of his deeds of war. Not thus fair Venus helps her fayour'd knight, The queen of pleasures shares the toils of fight, Each danger wards, and constant in her care Saves in the moment of the last despair. Her act has rescu'd Paris' forfeit life, Tho' great Atrides gain'd the glorious strife. Then fay, ye pow'rs! what fignal iffue waits To crown this deed, and finish all the fates? Shall heav'n by peace the bleeding kingdom spare, Or rouse the furies, and awake the war? Yet, would the gods for human good provide, Atrides foon might gain his beauteous bride, Still Priam's walls in peaceful honours grow, And thro' his gates the crouding nations flow.

Thus while he spoke, the queen of heav'n, enrag'd, And queen of war, in close consult engag'd:

Apart they sit, their deep designs employ,
And meditate the sature woes of Troy.
Tho' secret anger swell'd Minerva's breast,
The prudent goddess yet her wrath suppress;
But Juno, impotent of passion, broke
Her sullen silence, and with sury spoke.

Shall then, O tyrant of th' aetherial reign!

My schemes, my labours, and my hopes be vain?

Have I, for this, shook Ilion with alarms,

Allembled nations, set two worlds in arms?

To spread the war, I flew from shore to shore;

Th' immortal coursers scarce the labour bore.

At length ripe vengeance o'er their heads impends,

But Jove himself the faithless race defends:

Loth as thou art to punish lawless lust,

Not all the gods are partial and unjust.

The fire whose thunder shakes the cloudy skies,
Sighs from his inmost soul, and thus replies:
Oh lasting rancour! oh insatiate hate
To Phrygia's monarch and the Phrygian state!
What high offence has fir'd the wife of Jove,
Can wretched mortals harm the pow'rs above?
That Troy and Troy's whole race thou wouldst confound,

And you fair structures level with the ground?

Haste, leave the skies, fulfil thy stern desire,

Burst all her gates, and wrap her walls in fire!

Let Priam bleed! if yet thou thirst for more;

Bleed all his sons, and Ilion float with gore;

To boundless vengeance the wide realm be giv'n,

Till yast destruction glut the Queen of Heav'n!

So let it be, and Jove his peace enjoy,
When heav'n no longer hears the name of Troy.
But should this arm prepare to wreck our hate
On thy lov'd realms, whose guilt demand their fate,
Presume not thou the listed bolt to stay;
Remember Troy, and give the vengeance way.
For know, of all the num'rous towns that rise
Beneath the rolling sun, and starry skies,
Which gods have rais'd, or earth-born men enjoy,
None stands so dear to Jove as sacred Troy.
No mortals merit more distinguish'd grace
Than godlike Priam, or than Priam's race.
Still to our name their hecatombs expire,
And altars blaze with unextinguish'd fire.

At this the goddess roll'd her radiant eyes, Then on the Thund'rer fix'd them, and replies : Three towns are Juno's on the Grecian plains, More dear than all th' extended earth contains. Mycenae, Argos, and the Spartan wall; These thou may'st raze, nor I forbid their fall : 'Tis not in me the vengeance to remove; The crime's fufficient that they share my love. Of pow'r fuperior why should I complain? Resent I may, but must resent in vain. Yet some distinction Juno might require, Sprung with thyfelf from one celestial fire; A goddess born to share the realms above, And stil'd the confort of the thund'ring Jove : Nor thou a wife and fifter's right deny; Let both confent, and both by turns comply; So shall the gods our joint decrees obey, And heav'n shall act as we direct the way.

See ready Pallas waits thy high commands, To raife in arms the Greek and Phrygian bands; Their sudden friendship by her arts may cease, And the proud Trojans first infringe the peace.

The fire of men, and monarch of the fky. Th' advice approv'd, and bad Minerva fly, Disfolve the league, and all her arts employ To make the breach the faithless act of Troy. Fir'd with the charge, she headlong urg'd her flight, And shot like lightning from Olympus' height. As the red comet, from Saturnius fent To fright the nations with a dire portent, (A fatal fign to armies on the plain, Or trembling failors on the wint'ry main), With fweeping glories glides along in air. And shakes the sparkles from its blazing hair : Between both armies thus, in open fight, Shot the bright goddess in a trail of light. With eyes erect the gazing hofts admire The pow'r descending, and the heav'ns on fire! The gods, (they cry'd), the gods this fignal fent, And fate now labours with fome wast event : Jove feals the league, or bloodier frenes prepares: Tove, the great arbiter of peace and wars!

They said, while Pallas thro' the Trojan throng (In shape a mortal) pass'd disguis'd along.
Like bold Laodocus, her course she bent,
Who from Antenor trac'd his high descent.
Amidst the ranks Lycaon's son she found,
The warlike Pandarus, for strength renown'd;
Whose squadrons, led from black Æsepus' stood,
With staming shields, in martial circle stood.

To him the goddes: Phrygian! canst thou hear A well-tim'd counsel with a willing ear? What praise were thine, couldst thou direct thy dart, Amidst his triumph, to the Spartan's heart? What gifts from Troy, from Paris wouldst thou gain, Thy country's foe, the Grecian glory, sain? Then-seize th' occasion; dare the mighty deed; Aim at his breast, and may that aim succeed! But first, to speed the shaft, address thy vow To Lycian Phoebus with the silver bow; And swear the firstlings of thy slock to pay, On Zelia's altars, to the God of Day.

He heard; and, madly at the motion pleas'd, His polish'd bow with hasty rashness seiz'd. 'Twas form'd of horn, and smooth'd with artful toil; A mountain-goat relign'd the thining spoil, Who pierc'd long fince beneath his arrows bled; The stately quarry on the cliffs lay dead, And fixteen palms his brows large honours spread: The workman join'd, and thap'd the bended horns; And beaten gold each taper point adorns. This, by the Greeks unfeen, the warrior bends, Screen'd by the shields of his farrounding friends. There meditates the mark, and, couching low, Fits the fharp arrow to the well-ftrung bow. One, from a hundred feather'd deaths he chose, Fated to wound, and cause of suture woes: Then offers vows with hecatombs, to crown Apollo's altars in his native town.

Now with full force the yielding horn he bends, Drawn to an arch, and joins the doubling ends;

VOL. V.

98 HOMER'S ILIAD. IV. 154.

Close to his breast he strains the nerve below,
Till the barb'd point approach the circling bow;
Th' impatient weapon whizzes on the wing;
Sounds the tough horn, and twangs the quiv'ring
string.

But thee, Atrides! in that dangerous hour. The gods forget not, nor thy guardian pow'r. Pallas affifts; and, (weaken'd in its force), Diverts the weapon from its destin'd course : So from her babe, when slumber feals his eye, The watchful mother wafts th' envenom'd fly. Just where his belt, with golden buckles join'd, Where linen folds the double corflet lin'd, She turn'd the shaft, which, hissing from above, Pass'd the broad belt, and through the corflet drove; The folds it pierc'd, the plaited linen tore, And raz'd the skin, and drew the purple gore. As when some stately trappings are decreed To grace a monarch on his bounding steed, A nymph in Caria or Maeonia bred, Stains the pure iv'ry with a lively red; With equal lustre various colours vie, The shining whiteness, and the Tyrian dye: So, great Atrides! show'd thy facred blood, As down the fnowy thigh distill'd the streaming flood. With horror feiz'd, the king of men descry'd The shaft infix'd, and faw the gushing tide: Nor less the Spartan fear'd, before he found The shining barb appear above the wound. Then, with a figh, that heav'd his manly breaft, The royal brother thus his grief exprest,

And grasp'd his hand; while all the Greeks around With answering sighs return'd the plaintive sound.

Oh dear as life! did I for this agree The folemn truce, a fatal truce to thee! Wert thou expos'd to all the hostile train, To fight for Greece, and conquer, to be flain? The race of Trojans in thy ruin join, And faith is fcorn'd by all the perjur'd line. Not thus our vows, confirm'd with wine and gore, Those hands we plighted, and those oaths we swore, Shall all be vain: When heav'n's revenge is flow, Tove but prepares to firike the fiercer blow. The day shall come, that great avenging day, Which Troy's proud glories in the dust shall lay; When Priam's pow'rs, and Priam's felf shall fall, And one prodigious ruin swallow all. I fee the god, already, from the pole, Bare his red arm, and bid the thunder roll; I fee th' Eternal all his fury shed, And shake his aegis o'er their guilty head. Such mighty woes on perjur'd princes wait; But thou, alas! deserv'st a happier fate. Still must I mourn the period of thy days, And only mourn, without my share of praise! Depriv'd of thee, the heartless Greeks no more Shall dream of conquests on the hostile shore; Troy feiz'd of Helen, and our glory loft, Thy bones shall moulder on a foreign coast: While fome proud Trojan thus infulting cries, (And spurns the dust where Menelaus lies), "Such are the trophies Greece from Ilion brings, " And fuch the conquest of her king of kings!

"Lo, his proud vessels scatter'd o'er the main,
"And, unreveng'd, his mighty brother sain!"
Oh! ere that dire disgrace shall blast my same,

O'erwhelm me, earth! and hide a monarch's shame.

He said: A leader's and a brother's sears

Possess his soul, which thus the Spartan cheers:

Let not thy words the warmth of Greece abate;

The seable dart is multiples of my sate:

The feeble dart is guiltless of my fate:
Stiff with the rich embroider'd work around,
My vary'd belt repell'd the flying wound.

To whom the king. My brother and my friend, Thus, always thus, may heav'n thy life defend! Now feek fome skilful hand, whose pow'rful art May staunch th' essuion, and extract the dart: Herald, be swift, and bid Machaon bring His speedy succour to the Spartan king; Pierc'd with a winged shaft, (the deed of Troy), The Grecian's forrow, and the Dardan's joy.

With hasty zeal the swift Talthybius slies;
Through the thick files he darts his searching eyes,
And finds Machaon, where sublime he stands,
In arms incircled, with his native bands.
Then thus: Machaon, to the king repair;
His wounded brother claims thy timely care:
Pierc'd by some Lycian or Dardanian bow;
A grief to us, a triumph to the foe.

The heavy tidings griev'd the godlike man; Swift to his fuccour through the ranks he ran: The dauntless king yet standing firm he found, And all the chiefs in deep concern around. Where to the steely point the reed was join'd The shaft he drew, but lest the head behind. Straight the broad belt, with gay embroid'ry grac'd, He loos'd; the corflet from his breast unbrac'd; Then suck'd the blood, and sov'reign balm infus'd, Which Chiron gave, and Æsculapius us'd.

While round the prince the Greeks employ their care.

The Trojans rush tumpltuous to the war: Once more they glitter in refulgent arms; Once more the fields are fill'd with dire alarms. Nor had you feen the king of men appear Confus'd, unactive, or furpris'd with fear; But fond of glory, with severe delight, His beating bosom claim'd the rising fight. No longer with his warlike steeds he staid. Or pres'd the car with polith'd brafs inlay'd : But left Eurymedon the rains to guide; The fiery courfers fnorted at his fide. On foot thro' all the martial ranks he moves, And these encourages, and those reproves. Brave men! he cries to fuch who boldly dare Urge their swift steeds to face the coming war, Your ancient valour on the foes approve; Jove is with Greece, and let us truft in Jove. 'Tis not for us, but guilty Troy, to dread, Whose crimes sit heavy on her perjur'd head; Her fons and matrons Oreece shall lead in chains. And her dead warriors ftrow the mournful plains.

Thus with new ardour he the brave infpires; Or thus the fearful with reproaches fires. Shame to your country, scandal of your kind! Born to the fate ye well deferved to find! Why stand ye gazing round the dreadful plain, Prepar'd for slight, but doom'd to sly in vain? Confus'd and panting thus, the hunted deer Falls as he slies, a victim to his fear. Still must ye wait the foes, and still retire, Till you tall vessels blaze with Trojan sire? Or trust ye, Jove a valiant foe shall chace, To save a trembling, heartless, dastard race?

This faid, he stalk'd with ample strides along To Crete's brave monarch and his martial throng; High at their head he faw their chief appear, And bold Meriones excite the rear. At this the king his gen'rous joy exprest, And clasp'd the warrior to his armed breast : Divine Idomeneus! what thanks we owe To worth like thine? what praise shall we bestow? To thee the foremost honours are decreed, First in the fight, and ev'ry graceful deed. For this, in banquets, when the gen'rous bowls Restore our blood, and raise the warriors souls, Though all the rest with stated rules we bound, Unmix'd, unmeasur'd are thy goblets crown'd. Be still thyself; in arms a mighty name; Maintain thy honours, and enlarge thy fame.

To whom the Cretan thus his speech address:
Secure of me, O king, exhort the rest:
Fix'd to thy side, in ev'ry toil I share,
Thy firm associate in the day of war.
But let the signal be this moment giv'n;
To mix in sight is all I ask of heav'n.
The sield shall prove how perjuries succeed,
And chains, or death, avenge their impious deed.

Charm'd with his heat, the king his course pursues, And next the troops of either Ajax views: In one firm orb the bands were rang'd around, A cloud of heroes blacken'd all the ground. Thus from the lofty promontory's brow, A fwain furveys the gath'ring ftorm below : Slow from the main the heavy vapours rife, Spread in dim streams, and fail along the skies, Till black at night the swelling tempest shows, The cloud condensing as the west-wind blows: He dreads th' impending form, and drives his flock To the close cover of an arching rock. Such, and fo thick, th' embattled fquadrons stood, With spears erect, a moving iron wood; A shady light was shot from glimm'ring shields, And their brown arms obscur'd the dusky fields.

O heroes! worthy such a dauntless train,
Whose godlike virtue we but urge in vain,
(Exclaim'd the king), who raise your eager bands
With great examples, more than loud commands.
Ah would the gods but breathe in all the rest
Such souls as burn in your exalted breast!
Soon should our arms with just success be crown'd,
And Troy's proud walls lie smoking on the ground.

Then to the next the gen'ral bends his course; (His heart exults, and glories in his force). There rev'rend Nestor ranks his Pylian bands, And with inspiring eloquence commands; With strictest order sets his train in arms, The chiefs advises, and the soldiers warms. Alastor, Chromius, Haemon round him wait, Bias the good, and Pelagon the great.

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The horse and chariots to the front affign'd, The foot (the strength of war) he rang'd behind; The middle space suspected troops supply, Inclos'd by both, nor left the power to fly: He gives command to curb the fiery fleed. Nor cause confusion, nor the ranks exceed; Before the rest let none too rashly ride; No strength nor fkill, but just in time, be try'd : The charge once made, no warrior turn the rein, But fight, or fall: a firm, embody'd train. He whom the fortune of the field frail caft From forth his charlot, mount the next in hafte; Nor feek unpractis'd to direct the car. Content with rav'lins to provoke the war. Our great forefathers held this prudent courfe, Thus rul'd their ardour, thus prefery'd their force: By laws like these immortal conquests made, And earth's proud tyrants low in ashes laid.

So spoke the master of the martial art,
And touch'd with transport great Atrides' heart.
Oh! hadst thou strength to match thy brave desires,
And nerves to second what thy soul inspires!
But wasting years that wither human race,
Exhaust thy spirits, and thy arms unbrace.
What once thou wert, Oh ever might the thou be!
And age the lot of any chief but thee.

Thus to th' experienc'd prince Atrides cry'd;
He shook his hoary locks, and thus reply'd:
Well might I wish, could mortal wish renew
That strength which once in boiling youth I knew;
Such as I was, when Ereuthalion sain
Beneath this arm fell prostrate on the plain.

But heav'n its gifts not all at once bestows,
These years with wisdom crowns, with action those:
The field of combat fits the young and bold,
The solemn council best becomes the old:
To you the glorious consist I resign,
Let sage advice, the palm of age, be mine.

He taid: With joy the monarch march'd before, And found Menettheus on the dusty shore, With whom the firm Athenian phalanx stands; And next Ulysses, with his subject bands. Remote their forces lay, nor knew, so far, The peace infring'd, nor heard the sounds of war; The tumult late begun, they stood intent To watch the motion, dubious of th' event. The king, who saw their squadrons yet unmov'd, With hasty ardour thus the chiefs reprov'd.

Can Peteus' fon forget a warrior's part,
And fears Ulysses, skill'd in ev'ry art?
Why stand you distant, and the rest expect
To mix in combat which yourselves neglect:
From you 'twas hop'd among the first to dare
The shock of armies, and commence the war.
For this your names are call'd, before the rest,
To share the pleasures of the genial feast:
And can you, chiefs! without a blush survey
Whole troops before you lab'ring in the fray?
Say, is it thus those honours you requite?
The first in banquets, but the last in fight.

Ulysses heard: The hero's warmth o'erspread His cheek with blusses: And severe, he said: Take back th' unjust reproach! Behold we stand, Sheath'd in bright arms, and but expest command.

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If glorious deeds afford thy foul delight, Behold me plunging in the thickest fight. Then give thy warrior-chief a warrior's due, Who dares to act whate'er thou dat'st to view.

Struck with his gen'rous wrath, the king replies:
Oh great in action, and in council wife!
With ours, thy care and ardour are the fame,
Nor need I to command, nor ought to blame;
Sage as thou art, and learn'd in human kind,
Forgive the transport of a martial mind.
Haste to the fight, secure of just amends;
The gods that make, shall keep the worthy, friends.

He faid; and pass'd where great Tydides lay, His steeds and chariots wedg'd in firm array: (The warlike Sthenelus attends his fide); To whom with stern reproach the monarch cry'd; Oh fon of Tydeus! (he whose strength could tame The bounding steed, in arms a mighty name), Canst thou, remote, the mingling hosts descry, With hands unactive, and a careless eye! Not thus thy fire the fierce encounter fear'd; Still first in front the matchless prince appear'd: What glorious toils, what wonders they recite, Who view'd him lab'ring thro' the ranks of fight! I faw him once, when gath'ring martial pow'rs A peaceful guest, he fought Mycenae's tow'rs. Armies he ask'd, and armies had been giv'n, Not we deny'd, but Jove forbad from heav'n; While dreadful comets glaring from afar, Forewarn'd the horrors of the Theban war. Next, fent by Greece from where Afopus flows, A fearless envoy, he approach'd the foes;

Thebe's hostile walls, unguarded and alone,
Dauntless he enters, and demands the throne.
The tyrant feasting with his chiefs he found,
And dar'd to combat all those chiefs around;
Dar'd and subdu'd, before their haughty lord;
For Pallas strung his arm, and edg'd his sword.
Stung with the shame, within the winding way,
To bar his passage sifty warriors lay;
Two heroes led the secret squadron on,
Maeon the sierce, and hardy Lycophon;
Those sifty slaughter'd in the gloomy vale,
He spar'd but one to bear the dreadful tale.
Such Tydeus was, and such his martial sire:
Gods! how the son degen'rates from the sire?

No words the godlike Diomed return'd,
But heard respectful, and in secret burn'd.
Not so sierce Capaneus' undaunted son,
Stern as his sire, the boaster thus begun.

What needs, O monarch! this invidious praise,
Ourselves to letten, while our fires you raise?
Dare to be just, Atrides! and confess
Our valour equal, tho' our fury less;
With sewer troops we storm'd the Theban wall,
And happier saw the sev'nfold city fall.
In impious acts the guilty fathers dy'd;
The sons subdu'd, for heav'n was on their side.
Far more than heirs of all our parents same,
Our glories darken their diminish'd name.

To him Tydides thus. My friend, forbear, Suppress thy passion, and the king revere: His high concern may well excuse this rage, Whose cause we follow, and whose war we wage;

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His the first praise, were Ilion's tow'rs o'erthrown, And, if we fail, the chief disgrace his own. Let him the Greeks to hardy toils excite, 'Tis ours to labour in the glorious fight.

He spoke; and ardent on the trembling ground Sprung from his car; his ringing arms refound. Dire was the clang, and dreadful from afar, Of arm'd Tydides rushing to the war. As when the winds, ascending by degrees, First move the whit'ning surface of the seas, The billows float in order to the more, The wave behind rolls on the wave before ; Till, with the growing florm the deeps arise, Foam o'er the rocks, and thunder to the fkies. So to the fight the thick battalions throng. Shields urg'd on thields, and men drove men along. Sedate and filent move the num'rous bands: No found, no whifper, but the chief's commands, Those only heard; with awe the rest obey, As if some god had fnatch'd their voice away. Not so the Trojans; from their host ascends A gen'ral shout, that all the region rends. As when the fleecy flocks unnumber'd fland. In wealthy folds, and wait the milker's hand, The hollow vales incessant bleating fills; The lambs reply from all the neighb'ring bills : Such clamours role from various nations round: Mix'd was the murmur, and confus'd the found. Each hoft now joins, and each a god inspires; These Mars incites, and those Minerva fires. Pale Flight around, and dreadful Terror reign; And Discord, raging, bathes the purple plain;

Discord! dire sister of the slaught'ring pow'r, Small at her birth, but rising ev'ry hour; While scarce the skies her horrid head can bound, She stalks on earth, and shakes the world around; The nations bleed; where'er her steps she turns, The groan still deepens, and the combat burns.

Now shield with shield, with helmet helmet clos'd, To armour armour, lance to lance oppos'd:
Host against host with shadowy squadrons drew;
The sounding darts in iron tempests slew;
Victors and vanquish'd join promiscuous cries,
And shrilling shouts and dying groans arise:
With streaming blood the slipp'ry fields are dy'd,
And slaughter'd heroes swell the dreadful tide.

As torrents roll, increas'd by num'rous rills, With rage impetuous down their echoing hills; Rush to the vales, and, pour'd along the plain, Roar through a thousand channels to the main; The distant shepherd trembling hears the found: So mix both hosts, and so their cries rebound,

The bold Antilochus the flaughter led,
The first who struck a valiant Trojan dead:
At great Echepolus the lance arrives,
Raz'd his high crest, and through his helmet drives:
Warm'd in the brain the brazen weapon lies,
And shades eternal settle o'er his eyes.
So sinks a tow'r, that long assaults had stood
Of force and sire; its walls besmear'd with blood.
Him, the bold leader of the Abantian throng
Seiz'd to despoil, and dragg'd the corpse along:
But, while he strove to tug th' inserted dart,
Agenor's jay'lin reach'd the hero's heart.

His flank unguarded by his ample shield,
Admits the lance: He falls, and spurns the field;
The nerves, unbrac'd, support his limbs no more;
The foul comes floating in a tide of gore.
Trojans and Greeks now gather round the slain;
The war renews, the warriors bleed again;
As o'er their prey rapacious wolves engage,
Man dies on man, and all is blood and rage.

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In blooming youth fair Simoifius fell, Sent by great Ajax to the shades of hell: Fair Simoifius, whom his mother bore. Amidst the flocks on silver Simois' shore: The nymph descending from the hills of Ide, To feek her parents on his flow'ry fide, Brought forth the babe, their common care and joy; And thence from Simois nam'd the lovely boy. Short was his date! by dreadful Ajax flain, He falls, and renders all their cares in vain! So falls a poplar, that in wat'ry ground Rais'd high the head, with stately branches crown'd, (Fell'd by some artist with his shining steel, To shape the circle of the bending wheel); Cut down it lies, tall, fmooth, and largely spread, With all its beauteous honours on its head; There, left a subject to the wind and rain, And fcorch'd by funs, it withers on the plain. Thus pierc'd by Ajax, Simoisius lies Stretch'd on the shore, and thus neglected dies.

At Ajax Antiphus his jav'lin threw; The pointed lance with erring fury flew, And Leucas, lov'd by wife Ulysses, slew.

He drops the corpse of Simoisius slain, And finks a breathless carcase on the plain. This faw Ulysses, and, with grief enrag'd, Strode where the foremost of the foes engag'd: Arm'd with his spear, he meditates the wound, In act to throw; but, cautious, look'd around. Struck at his fight, the Trojans backward drew, And, trembling, heard the jav'lin as it flew. A chief stood nigh, who from Abydos came, Old Priam's fon, Democoon was his name; The weapon enter'd close above his ear; Cold through his temples glides the whizzing spear: With piercing shrieks the youth refigns his breath; His eye-balls darken with the shades of death; Pond'rous he falls; his clanging arms refound; And his broad buckler rings against the ground.

Seiz'd with affright the boldest foes appear;
Ev'n godlike Hector feems himself to fear:
Slow he gave way, the rest tumultuous sted;
The Greeks with shouts press on, and spoil the dead.
But Phoebus now, from Ilion's tow'ring height,
Shines forth reveal'd, and animates the fight.
Trojans, be bold, and force with force oppose;
Your foaming steeds urge headlong on the foes!
Nor are their bodies rocks, nor ribb'd with steel;
Your weapons enter, and your strokes they feel.
Have you forgot what seem'd your dread before?
The great, the sierce Achilles sights no more.

Apollo thus, from Ilion's lofty tow'rs, Array'd in terrors, rous'd the Trojan pow'rs: While war's fierce goddess fires the Grecian foe, And shouts and thunders in the fields below, Then great Diores fell, by doom divine,
In vain his valour, and illustrious line.
A broken rock the force of Pirus threw,
(Who from cold Ænus led the Thracian crew);
Full on his ancle dropt the pond'rous stone,
Burst the strong nerves, and crash'd the solid bone:
Supine he tumbles on the crimson sands;
Before his helpless friends, and native bands,
And spreads for aid his unavailing hands.
The foe rush'd surious as he pants for breath,
And through his navel drove the pointed death:
His gushing entrails smok'd upon the ground,
And the warm life came issuing from the wound.

His lance bold Thoas at the conqueror sent;
Deep in his breast above the pap it went;
Amid the lungs was fix'd the winged wood,
And quiv'ring in his heaving bosom stood:
Till from the dying chief, approaching near,
Th' Ætolian warrior tugg'd his weighty spear:
Then sudden wav'd his slaming saulchion round,
And gash'd his belly with a ghastly wound.
The corpse now breathless on the bloody plain,
To spoil his arms the victor strove in vain;
The Thracian bands against the victor press;
A grove of lances glitter'd at his breast.
Stern Thoas, glaring with revengeful eyes,
In sullen sury slowly quits the prize.

Thus fell two heroes; one the pride of Thrace, And one the leader of th' Epeian race; Death's fable shade at once o'ercast their eyes; In dust the vanquish'd and the victor lies. With copious slaughter all the fields are red, And heap'd with growing mountains of the dead.

Had some brave chief this martial scene beheld, By Pallas guarded through this dreadful field: Might darts be bid to turn their points away, And swords around him innocently play; The war's whole art with wonder had he seen, And counted heroes where he counted men.

So fought each host, with thirst of glory fir'd, And crouds on crouds triumphantly expir'd.

VOL. V.

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I L I A D. BOOK V.

THE ARGUMENT.

The Acts of Diomed.

DIOMED, affisted by Pallas, performs wonders in this day's battle. Pandarus wounds him with an arrow, but the goddess cures him, enables him to difcern gods from mortals, and prohibits him from contending with any of the former, excepting Venus. Æneas joins Pandarus to oppose him; Pandarus is killed, and Æneas in great danger, but for the affistance of Venus; who, as she is removing her fon from the fight, is wounded on the hand by Diomed. Apollo feconds her in his refcue, and at length carries off Aneas to Troy, where he is healed in the temple of Pergamus. Mars rallies the Trojans, and assists Hector to make a stand. In the mean time Æneas is restored to the field, and they overthrow feveral of the Greeks; among the rest, Tlepolemus is flain by Sarpedon. Juno and Minerva descend to relist Mars; the latter incites Diomed to go against that god; he wounds him, and fends him groaning to heaven.

The first battle continues through this book. The scene is the same as in the former.

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BOOK V.

B UT Pallas now Tydides' foul inspires,
Fills with her force, and warms with all her fires,
Above the Greeks his deathless same to raise,
And crown her hero with distinguish'd praise.
High on his helm celestial lightnings play,
His beamy shield emits a living ray;
Th' unweary'd blaze incessant streams supplies,
Like the red star that fires th' autumnat skies,
When fresh he rears his radiant orb to sight,
And, bath'd in ocean, shoots a keener light.
Such glories Pallas on the chief bestow'd;
Such, from his arms, the sierce essulgence slow'd:
Onward she drives him, furious to engage,
Where the sight burns, and where the thickest rage.

The fons of Dares first the combat sought,

A wealthy priest, but rich without a sault;
In Vulcan's fane the father's days were led:
The sons to toils of glorious battle bred:
These singled from their troops the fight maintain,
These singled from their troops the fight maintain,
These from their steeds Tydides, on the plain.
Fierce for renown the brother-chiefs draw near;
And first bold Phegeus cast his sounding spear,
Which o'er the warrior's shoulder took its course,
And spent in empty air its erring force.
Not so, Tydides, shew thy lance in vain,
But pierc'd his breast, and stretch'd him on the plain.
Seiz'd with unusual fear, Idaeus sted,
Lest the rich chariot, and his brother dead.

And had not Vulcan lent celestial aid,
He too hand sunk to death's eternal shade:
But in a smoky cloud the god of fire
Preserv'd the son, in pity to the sire.
The steeds and chariot, to the navy led,
Increas'd the spoils of gallant Diomed.

Struck with amaze and shame, the Trojan crew Or slain, or fled, the sons of Dares view; When by the blood-stain'd hand Minerva press'd The god of battles, and this speech address'd. Stern pow'r of war! by whom the mighty fall, Who bathe in blood, and shake the losty wall! Let the brave chiefs their glorious toils divide, And whose the conquest, mighty Jove decide: While we from interdicted fields retire, Nor tempt the wrath of heav'n's avenging sire.

Her words allay th' impetuous warrior's heat; The god of arms and martial maid retreat; Remov'd from fight, on Xanthus' flow'ry bounds They fat, and listen'd to the dying founds.

Meantime, the Greeks the Trojan race pursue,
And some bold chieftain ev'ry leader slew;
First Odius falls, and bites the bloody sand;
His death ennobled by Atrides' hand:
As he to slight his wheeling car addrest,
The speedy jav'lin drove from back to breast.
In dust the mighty Halizonian lay;
His arms resound, the spirit wings its way.

Thy fate was next, O Phaestus! doom'd to feel The great Idomeneus' portended steel; Whom Borus sent, (his son and only joy), From fruitful Tarne to the fields of Troy. The Cretan jav'lin reach'd him from afar, And pierc'd his shoulder as he mounts his car; Back from the car he tumbles to the ground, And everlasting shades his eyes surround.

Then dy'd Scamandrius, expert in the chace, In woods and wilds to wound the favage race; Diana taught him all her fylvan arts, To bend the bow, and aim unerring darts. But vainly here Diana's arts he tries; The fatal lance arrests him as he slies: From Menelaus' arm the weapon sent, Through his broad back and heaving bosom went: Down sinks the warrior with a thund'ring sound, His brazen armour rings against the ground.

Next artful Phereclus untimely fell: Bold Merion fent him to the realms of hell. Thy father's skill, O Phereclus! was thine, The graceful fabric, and the fair defign ; For, lov'd by Pallas, Pallas did impart To him the shipwright's and the builder's art. Beneath his hand the fleet of Paris rose, The fatal cause of all his country's woes; But he, the mystic will of heav'n unknown, Nor faw his country's peril, nor his own. The hapless artist, while confus'd he fled, The spear of Merion mingled with the dead. Through his right hip, with forceful fury cast, Between the bladder and the bone it past: Prone on his knees he falls with fruitless cries. And death in lasting slumber seals his eyes.

From Meges' force the swift Pedaeus fled, Antenor's offspring from a foreign bed, Whose gen'rous spouse, Theano, heav'nly fair,
Nurs'd the young stranger with a mother's care.
How vain those cares! when Meges in the rear
Full in his nape infix'd the fatal spear;
Swift through his crackling jaws the weapon glides,
And the cold tongue and grinning teeth divides.

Then dy'd Hypfenor, gen'rous and divine,
Sprung from the brave Dolopion's mighty line,
Who near ador'd Scamander made abode,
Priest of the stream, and honour'd as a god.
On him, amidst the flying numbers found,
Eurypylus inflicts a deadly wound;
On his broad shoulders fell the forceful brand,
Thence glancing downward lopp'd his holy hand,
Which stain'd with facred blood the blushing fand.
Down sunk the priest: The purple hand of death
Clos'd his dim eyes, and fate suppress'd his breath.

Thus toil'd the chiefs, in diff'rent parts engag'd, In ev'ry quarter fierce Tydides rag'd. Amid the Greek, amid the Trojan train, Rapt through the ranks he thunders o'er the plain; Now here, now there, he darts from place to place, Pours on the rear, or lightens in their face. Thus from high hills the torrents swift and strong, Deluge whole fields, and sweep the trees along, Through rain'd moles the ruihing wave resounds, O'erwhelms the bridge, and bursts the losty bounds; The yellow-harvests of the ripen'd year, And slatted vineyards, one sad waste appear! While Jove descends in suicy sheets of rain, And all the labours of mankind are vain,

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So rag'd Fydides, boundless in his ire,
Drove armies back, and made all Troy retire.
With grief the leader of the Lycian band
Saw the wide waste of his destructive hand:
His bended how against the chief he drew;
Swift to the mark the thirsty arrow flew,
Whose forky point the hollow breast-plate tore,
Deep in his shoulder pierc'd, and drank the gore:
The rushing stream his brazen armour dy'd,
While the proud archer thus exulting cry'd.

Hither ye Trojans, hither drive your steeds! Lo! by our hand the bravest Grecian bleeds, Not long the deathful dart he can sustain; Or Phoebus urg'd me to these fields in vain.

So spoke he, boastful; but the winged dart
Stopt short of life, and mock'd the shooter's art.
The wounded chief, behind his car retir'd,
The helping hand of Sthenelus requir'd;
Swist from his feat he leap'd upon the ground,
And tugg'd the weapon from the gushing wound;
When thus the king his guardian pow'r addrest,
The purple current wand'ring o'er his vest.

O progeny of Jove! unconquer'd maid!

If e'er my godlike fire deferv'd thy aid,

If e'er I felt thee in the fighting field;

Now, Goddefs, now, thy facred fuccour yield.

Oh give my lance to reach the Trojan knight,

Whose arrow wounds the chief thou guards in fight:

And lay the boaster grov'ling on the shore,

That vaunts these eyes shall view the light no more.

Thus pray'd Tydides, and Minerva heard; His nerves confirm'd, his languid spirit cheer'd; He feels each limb with wonted vigour light;
His beating bosom claims the promis'd fight.
Be bold, (she cry'd), in every combat shine,
War be thy province, thy protection mine;
Rush to the fight, and ev'ry foe controul;
Wake each paternal virtue in thy soul:
Strength swells thy boiling breast, infus'd by me,
And all thy godlike father breathes in thee!
Yet more; from mortal mists I purge thy eyes,
And set to view the warring deities.
These see thou shun, through all th' embattled plain,
Nor rashly strive where human force is vain.
If Venus mingle in the martial band,
Her shalt thou wound: So Pallas gives command.

With that, the blue-ey'd virgin wing'd her flight; The hero rush'd impetuous to the fight; With tenfold ardour now invades the plain. Wild with delay, and more enrag'd by pain. As on the fleecy flocks, when hunger calls, Amidst the field a brindled lion falls : If chance some shepherd with a distant dart The favage wound, he rouses at the smart, He feams, he roars; the shepherd dares not stay, But trembling leaves the featt'ring flocks a prey; Heaps fall on heaps: Hebathes with blood the ground, Then leaps victorious o'er the lofty mound. Not with less fury stern Tydides flew; And two brave leaders at an instant slews Astynous breathless fell, and by his side His people's pastor, good Hypenor, dy'd; Astynous' breast the deadly lance receives, Hypenor's shoulder his broad faulchion cleaves.

Those slain he left; and sprung with noble rage, Abas and Polyidus to engage; Sons of Eurydamas; who wise and old, Could fates foresee, and mystic dreams unfold; The youths return'd not from the doubtful plain, And the sad father try'd his arts in vain; No mystic dream could make their fates appear, Though now determin'd by Tydides' spear.

Young Xanthus next, and Thoon felt his rage, The joy and hope of Phaenops' feeble age. Vast was his wealth, and these the only heirs Of all his labours, and a life of cares. Cold death o'ertakes them in their blooming years, And leaves the father unavailing tears:

To strangers now descends his heavy store, The race forgotten, and the name no more.

Two fons of Priam in one chariot ride,
Glitt'ring in arms, and combat fide by fide.
As when the lordly lion feeks his food
Where grazing heifers range the lonely wood,
He leaps amidst them with a furious bound,
Bends their strong necks, and tears them to the
ground:

So from their feats the brother-chiefs are torn; Their steeds and chariot to the navy born.

With deep concern divine Æneas view'd
The foe prevailing, and his friends pursu'd,
Through the thick storm of singing spears he slies,
Exploring Pandarus with careful eyes.
At Length he found Lycaon's mighty son;
To whom the chief of Venus' race begun.

To him the Lycian. Whom your eyes behold, If right I judge, is Diomed the bold: Such courfers whirl him o'er the dufty field, So tow'rs his helmet, and fo flames his shield. If 'tis a god, he wears that chief's difguise; Or if that chief, some guardian of the skies Involv'd in clouds, protects him in the fray, And turns unseen the frustrate dart away. I wing'd an arrow, which not idly fell, The stroke had fix'd him to the gates of hell; And, but some god, some angry god withstands, His fate was due to these unerring hands. Skill'd in the bow, on foot I fought the war, Nor join'd swift horses to the rapid car. Ten polish'd chariots I posses'd at home, And still they grace Lycaon's princely dome: There vail'd in spacious coverlets they stand; And twice ten courfers wait their lord's command. The good old warrior bade me trust to these, When first for Troy I fail'd the facred seas;

In fields, aloft, the whirling car to guide,
And through the ranks of death triumphant ride.
But vain with youth, and yet to thrift inclin'd,
I heard his counsels with unheedful mind,
And thought the steeds (your large supplies unknown)
Might fail of forage in the straiten'd town:
So took my bow and pointed darts in hand,
And left the chariots in my native land.

Too late, O friend! my rashness I deplore;
These shafts, once fatal, carry death no more.
Tydeus' and Atreus' sons their points have found,
And undissembled gore pursu'd the wound.
In vain they bled: This unavailing bow
Serves, not to slaughter, but provoke the foe.
In evil hour these bended horns I strung,
And seiz'd the quiver where it idly hung.
Curs'd be the fate that sent me to the field,
Without a warrior's arms, the spear and shield!
If e'er with life I quit the Trojan plain,
If e'er I see my spouse and sire again,
This bow, unfaithful to my glorious aims,
Broke by my hand, shall feed the blazing stames.

To whom the leader of the Dardan race:
Be calm, nor Phoebus' honour'd gift difgrace.
The diftant dart be prais'd, though here we need
The rushing chariot, and the bounding steed.
Against yon hero let us bend our course,
And, hand to hand, encounter force with force.
Now mount my seat, and from the chariot's height
Observe my father's steeds, renown'd in sight;
Practis'd alike to turn, to stop, to chace,
To dare the shock, or urge the rapid race:

Secure with these, through fighting fields we go,
Or safe to Troy, if Jove affist the soe.
Haste, seize the whip, and snatch the guiding rein:
The warrior's fury let this arm sustain;
Or, if to combat thy bold heart incline,
Take thou the spear, the chariot's care be mine.

O prince! (Lycaon's valiant fon reply'd),
As thine the steeds, be thine the task to guide.
The horses practis'd to their lord's command,
Shall bear the rein, and answer to thy hand;
But if unhappy, we desert the fight,
Thy voice alone can animate their flight;
Else shall our fates be number'd with the dead,
And these, the victor's prize, in triumph led.
Thine be the guidance then: With spear and shield
Myself will charge this terror of the field.

And now both heroes mount the glitt'ring car; The bounding coursers rush amidst the war. Their sierce approach bold Sthenelus espy'd, Who thus, alarm'd, to great Tydides cry'd.

O friend! two chiefs of force immense I see,
Dreadful they come, and bend their rage on thee:
Lo the brave heir of old Lycaon's line,
And great Æneas, sprung from race divine!
Enough is giv'n to same. Ascend thy car;
And save a life, the bulwark of our war,

At this the hero cast a gloomy look,

Fix'd on the chief with scorn: and thus he spoke.

Me dost they hid to shup the coming fight?

Me dost thou bid to shun the coming fight?

Me wouldst thou move to base, inglorious slight?

Know, 'tis not honest in my soul to fear,

Nor was Tydides born to tremble here.

I hate the cumbrous chariot's flow advance, And the long distance of the flying lance ; But while my nerves are strong, my force entire, Thus front the foe, and emulate my fire. Nor shall you steeds that fierce to fight convey Those threat'ning heroes, bear them both away : One chief at least beneath this arm shall die: So Pallas tells me, and forbids to fly. But if the dooms, and if no god withstand. That both shall fall by one victorious hand; Then heed my words: My horses here detain, Fix'd to the chariot by the straiten'd rein ; Swift to Eneas' empty feat proceed. And feize the courfers of aethereal breed : The race of those, which once the thund'ring god For ravish'd Ganymede on Tros bestow'd: The best that e'er on earth's broad furface run. Beneath the rifing or the fetting fun. Hence great Anchises stole a breed, unknown By mortal mares, from fierce Laomedon: Four of this race his ample stalls contain. And two transport Æneas o'er the plain. These, were the rich immortal prize our own, Through the wide world should make our glory known.

Thus while they spoke, the foe came furious on, And stern Lycaon's warlike race begun.

Prince, thou art met. Though late in vain affail'd, The spear may enter where the arrow sail'd. He said, then shook the pond'rous lance, and slung; On his broad shield the sounding weapon rung, Pierc'd the tough orb, and in his cuirass hung.

He bleeds! the pride of Greece! (the boafter cries); Our triumph now, the mighty warrior lies! Mistaken vaunter! Diomed reply'd : Thy dart has err'd; and now my spear be try'd: Ye 'scape not both ; one, headlong from his car, With hostile blood shall glet the god of war.

He spoke, and rising hurl'd his forceful dart, Which driv'n by Pallas, pierc'd a vital part; Full in his face it enter'd, and betwixt The nofe and eye-ball the proud Lycian fix'd; Crash'd all his jaws, and cleft the tongue within, Till the bright point look'd out beneath the chin. Headlong he falls, his helmet knocks the ground; Earth groans beneath him, and his arms refound: The starting couriers tremble with affright; The foul indignant feeks the realms of night.

To guard his flaughter'd friend, Æneas flies, His fpear extending where the carcafe lies; Watchful he wheels, protects it ev'ry way, As the grim lion stalks around his prev. O'er the fall'n trunk his ample shield display'd, He hides the hero with his mighty shade, And threats aloud: The Greeks with longing eyes Behold at distance, but forbear the prize. Then fierce Tydides stoops; and from the fields Heav'd with vast force, a rocky fragment wields. Not two strong men th' enormous weight could raise, Such men as live in these degen'rate days. He fwung it round; and gath'ring ftrength to throw, Discharg'd the pond'rous ruin at the foe. Where to the hip th' inferted thigh unites, Full on the bone the pointed marble lights;

Through both the tendons broke the rugged stone, And stripp'd the skin, and crack'd the folid bone. Sunk on his knees, and flagg'ring with his pains, His falling bulk his bended arm fultains; Loft in a dizzy mist the warrior lies; A fudden cloud comes fwimming o'er his eyes. There the brave chief who mighty numbers fway'd. Oppress'd had funk to death's eternal shade: But heav aly Venus, mindful of the love She bore Anchifes in th' Idaean grove. His danger views with anguilh and despair, And guards her offspring with a mother's care. About her much lov'd fon her arms the throws. Her arms whose whiteness match the falling fnows. Screen'd from the foe behind her shining veil. The fwords wave harmless, and the jav'lins fail: Safe through the rushing horse, and feather'd flight Of founding shafts the bears him from the fight.

Nor Sthenelus, with unaffilting hands,
Remain'd unheedful of his lord's commands:
His panting steeds, remov'd from out the war,
He fix'd with straiten'd traces to the car.
Next rushing to the Dardan spoil, detains
The heav'nly coursers with the flowing manes:
These, in proud triumph to the fleet convey'd,
No longer now a Trojan lord obey'd.
That charge to bold Deipylus he gave,
(Whom most he lov'd, as brave men love the brave);:
Then mounting on his car, resum'd the rein,
And follow'd where Tydides swept the plain.

Meanwhile (his conquest ravish'd from his eyes))
The raging chief in chace of Venus flies:

Vol. V.

the tendons broke th No goddess she commission'd to the field, Like Pallas dreadful with her fable shield, Or fierce Bellona thund'ring at the wall. While flames afcend, and mighty ruins fall; He knew fost combats suit the tender dame, New to the field, and fill a foe to fame. Thro' breaking ranks his furious course he bends, And at the goddess his broad lance extends; Thro' her bright veil the daring weapon drove, Th' ambrofial vale, which all the graces wove; Her fnowy hand the razing steel profan'd, And the transparent skin with crimson stain'd. From the clear vein a stream immortal flow'd, Such stream as issues from a wounded God: Pure emanation! uncorrupted flood; Unlike our grofs, difeas'd, terrestrial blood : (For not the bread of man their life fustains, Nor wine's inflaming juice supplies their veins.) With tender shrieks the goddess fill'd the place, And dropt her offspring from her weak embrace, Him Phoebus took : He casts a cloud around The fainting chief, and wards the mortal wound.

Then with a voice that shook the vaulted skies. The king infults the goddess as she flies. Ill with Jove's daughter bloody fights agree. The field of combat is no scene for thee: Go, let thy own foft fex employ thy care, Go lull the coward, or delude the fair. Taught by this stroke, renounce the war's alarms, And learn to tremble at the name of arms. Tydides thus, The goddess seiz'd with dread, Confus'd, distracted, from the conflict fled.

To aid her, fwift the winged Iris flew, Wrapt in a mist above the warring crew. The queen of love with faded charms the found, Pale was her cheek, and livid look'd the wound, To Mars, who fat remote, they bent their way; Far on the left, with clouds involv'd he lay; Beside him stood his lance, distain'd with gore, And, rein'd with gold, his foaming steeds before. Low at his knee, she begg'd, with streaming eyes, Her brother's car, to mount the distant skies. And thew'd the wound by fierce Tydides giv'n, A mortal man, who dares encounter heav'n. Stern Mars attentive hears the queen complain, And to her hand commits the golden rein; She mounts the feat, oppress'd with silent woe, Driv'n by the goddess of the painted bow. The lash resounds, the rapid chariot flies, And in a moment scales the lofty skies. There stopp'd the car, and there the coursers stood, Fed by fair Iris with ambrofial food. Before her mother, Love's bright queen appears, O'erwhelm'd with anguish, and dissolv'd in tears; She rais'd her in her arms, beheld her bleed, And afk'd what god had wrought this guilty deed?

Then she: This insult from no god I found,
An impious mortal gave the daring wound!
Behold the deed of haughty Diomed!
'Twas in the son's defence the mother bled.
The war with Troy no more the Grecians wage;
But with the Gods (th' immortal gods) engage.

Dione then. Thy wrongs with patience bear, And share those griefs inferior pow'rs must share:

Unnumber'd woes mankind from us fuftain, And men with woes afflict the gods again. The mighty Mars in mortal fetters bound, And lodg'd in brazen dungeons under ground, Full thirteen moons imprison'd roar'd in vain ; Otus and Ephialtes held the chain : Perhaps had perith'd ; had not Hermes' care Restor'd the groaning god to upper air. Great Juno's felf has borne her weight of pain, Th' imperial partner of the heav'nly reign; Amphitryon's fon infix'd the deadly dart, And fill'd with anguish her immortal heart. Ev'n hell's grim king Aleides' power confest, The shaft found entrance in his iron breast : To Jove's high palace for a cure he fled; Pierc'd in his own dominions of the dead : Where Pacon, sprinkling heavenly balm around, Affuag'd the glowing pangs, and clos'd the wound. Rafh, impious man! to frain the bleft abodes. And drench his arrows in the blood of gods!

But thou (tho' Pallas urg'd thy frantic deed)
Whose spear ill-sated makes a goddess bleed,
Know thou, whoe'er with heav'nly power contends,
Short is his date, and soon his glory ends;
From fields of death when late he shall retire,
No infant on his knees shall call him sire.
Strong as thou art, some god may yet be found,
To stretch thee pale and grasping on the ground;
Thy distant wife, Agiale the fair,
Starting from sleep with a distracted air,
Shall rouse thy slaves, and her lost lord deplore,
The brave, the great, the glorious now no more!

This faid, she wip'd from Venus' wounded palm. The facred ichor, and infus'd the balm. Juno and Pallas with a smile survey'd, And thus to Jove began the blue-ey'd maid.

Permit thy daughter, gracious Jove, to tell How this mischance the Cyptian queen besel. As late she try'd with passion to inslame. The tender bosom of a Grecian dame, Allur'd the sair, with moving thoughts of joy, To quit her country for some youth of Troy; The classing zone, with golden buckles bound, Raz'd her soft hand with this lamented wound.

The fire of gods and men superior smil'd,
And, calling Venus, thus address'd his child.
Not these, O daughter, are thy proper cares;
Thee milder arts besit and softer wars;
Sweet smiles are thine, and kind endearing charms;
To Mars and Pallas leave the deeds of arms.

Thus they in heav'n: While on the plain below,
The fierce Tydides charg'd the Dardan foe;
Flush'd with celestial blood pursu'd his way,
And, fearless, dar'd the threat'ning god of day;
Already in his hopes he saw him kill'd,
Though screen'd behind Apollo's mighty shield.
Thrice rushing surious, at the chief he strook;
His blazing buckler thrice Apollo shook:
He try'd the fourth: When, breaking from the cloud,
A more than mortal voice was heard aloud.

O fon of Tydeus, cease! be wise, and see How vast the diff'rence of the gods and thee; Distance immense! between the pow'rs that shine Above, eternal, deathless, and divine, And mortal man! A wretch of humble birth, A short-liv'd reptile in the dust of earth.

So spoke the god who darts celestial fires;
He dreads his sury, and some steps retires.
Then Phoebus bore the chief of Venus' race
To Troy's high sane, and to his holy place;
Latona there and Phoebe heal'd the wound,
With vigour arm'd him, and with glory crown'd.
This done, the patron of the silver bow
A phantom rais'd, the same in shape and show
With great Æneas; such the form he bore,
And such in sight the radiant arms he wore.
Around the spectre bloody wars are wag'd,
And Greece and Troy with clashing shields engag'd.
Meantime on Ilion's tow'r Apollo stood,
And, calling Mars, thus urg'd the raging god.

Stern pow'r of arms, by whom the mighty fall,
Who bath'st in blood, and shak'st th' embattled wall,
Rife in thy wrath! to hell's abhorr'd abodes
Dispatch you Greek, and vindicate the gods.
First rosy Venus selt his brutal rage;
Me next he charg'd, and dares all heav'n engage:
The wretch would brave high heav'n's immortal sire,
His triple thunder, and his bolts of fire.

The god of battles issues on the plain,
Stirs all the ranks, and fires the Trojan train;
In form like Acamas, the Thracian guide,
In rage to Troy's retiring chiefs he cry'd:
How long, ye fons of Priam! will ye fly,
And, unreveng'd, see Priam's people die?
Still unresisted shall the foe destroy,
And stretch the slaughter to the gates of Troy?

Lo brave Æneas finks beneath his wound,
Not godlike Hector more in arms renown'd:
Haste all, and take the gen'rous warrior's part.
He said; new courage swell'd each hero's heart.
Sarpedon first his ardent soul express'd,
And, turn'd to Hector, these bold words address'd.

Say, chief, is all thy antient valour loft; Where are thy threats, and where thy glorious boaft, That, propt alone by Priam's race, should stand Troy's facred walls, nor need a foreign hand ? Now, now thy country calls her wanted friends, And the proud vaunt in just derision ends. Remote they stand, while alien troops engage, Like trembling hounds before the lion's rage. Far distant hence I held my wide command, Where foaming Xanthus waves the Lycian land; With ample wealth, (the wish of mortals), bleft, A beauteous wife, and infant at her breaft; With those I left whatever dear could be: Greece, if the conquers, nothing wins from me. Yet first in fight my Lycian bands I cheer, And long to meet this mighty man ye fear; While Hector idle stands, nor bids the brave Their wives, their infants, and their altars fave. Hafte, warrior, hafte! preserve thy threaten'd state; Or one vast burst of all-involving fate Full o'er your tow'rs shall fall, and sweep away Sons, fires, and wives, an undiffinguish'd prey. Rouse all thy Trojans, urge thy aids to fight; These claim thy thoughts by day, thy watch by night: With force incessant the brave Grecks oppose; Such cares thy friends deferve, and fuch thy foes ...

136 HOMER'S ILIAD. V. 661.

Stung to the heart, the gen rous Hector hears,
But just reproof with decent silence bears.
From his proud car the prince impetuous springs,
On earth he leaps; his brazen armour rings.
Two shining spears are brandish'd in his hands;
Thus arm'd, he animates his drooping bands,
Revives their ardour, turns their steps from flight,
And wakes anew the dying stames of fight.
They turn, they stand: The Greeks their fury dare,
Condense their pow'rs, and wait the growing war.

As when, on Ceres' facred floor, the fwain Spreads the wide fan, to clear the golden grain, And the light chaff, before the breezes born, Ascends in clouds from off the heapy corn ; The grey dust, rising with collected winds, Drives o'er the barn, and whitens all the hinds: So, white with dust the Grecian host appears, From trampling steeds and thund'ring charioteers; The dufky clouds from labour'd earth arife, And roll in smoking volumes to the skies. Mars hovers o'er them with his fable fhield. And adds new horrors to the darken'd field: Pleas'd with his charge, and ardent to fulfil, In Troy's defence, Apollo's heav'nly will. Soon as from fight the blue-ey'd maid retires, Each Trojan bosom with new warmth he fires. And now the god, from forth his facred fane, Produc'd Aneas to the mouting train; Alive, unharm'd, with all his peers around, Erect he stood, and vig'rous from his wound: Inquiries none they made; the dreadful day No paule of words admits, no dull delay;

Fierce Difcord florms, Apollo loud exclaims,
Fame calls, Mars thunders, and the field's in flames.
Stern Diomed with either Ajax stood,
And great Ulysses, bath'd in hostile blood.
Embodied close, the lab'ring Grecian train
The fiercest shock of charging arms sustain.
Unmov'd and filent, the whole war they wait,
Screnely dreadful, and as fix'd as fate.
So when th' embattled clouds, in dark array,
Along the skies their gloomy lines display;
When now the north his boist'rous rage has spent,
And peaceful sleeps the liquid element;
The low-hung vapours, motionless and still,

Dispers'd and broken through the ruffled skies.

Nor was the gen'ral wanting to his train,

From troop to troop he toils through all the plain.

Ye Greeks, he men! the charge of battle bear;

Your brave associates, and yourselves revere!

Let glorious acts more glorious acts inspire,

And catch from breast to breast the noble fire!

On valour's fide the odds of combat lie;

The brave live glorious, or lamented die:

The wretch who trembles in the field of same,

Meets death, and worse than death, eternal shame,

Rest on the summits of the shaded hill; Till the mass scatters as the winds arise,

These words he seconds with his slying lance,
To meet whose point was strong Deicoon's chance;
Eneas' friend, and, in his native place,
Honour'd and lov'd like Priam's royal race:
Long had he sought the foremost in the field,
But now the monarch's lance transpiere'd his shield:

His shield too weak the furious dart to stay,
Through his broad belt the weapon fore'd its way:
The grisly wound dismiss'd his soul to held;
His arms around him rattl'd as he fell.

Then fierce Æneas, brandishing his blade, In dust Orsilochus and Crethon laid, Whose fire Diocleus, wealthy, brave, and great, In well-built Pherae held his lofty feat : Sprung from Alpheus' plenteous stream! that yields Increase of harvests to the Pylian fields. He got Orfilochus, Diocleus he, And these descended in the third degree: Too early expert in the martial toil, In fable ships they left their native foil, T' avenge Atrides : Now untimely flain, They fell with glory on the Phrygian plain. So two young mountain-lions, nurs'd with blood, In deep recesses of the gloomy wood, Rush fearless to the plains, and, uncontroll'd, Depopulate the stalls, and waste the fold; Till, pierc'd at distance from their native den, O'erpowr'd, they fall beneath the force of men. Prostrate on earth their beauteous bodies lay, Like mountain-firs, as tall and straight as they. Great Menelaus views with pitying eyes, Lifts his bright lance, and at the victor flies : Mars urg'd him on, yet, ruthlefs in his hate; The god but urg'd him to provoke his fate. He thus advancing, Nestor's valiant fon Shakes for his danger, and neglects his own; Struck with the thought, should Helen's lord be flain, And all his country's glorious labours vain.

Already met, the threat'ning heroes stand;
The spears already tremble in their hand:
In rush'd Antilochus, his aid to bring,
And fall or conquer by the Spartan king.
These seen, the Dardan backward turn'd his course,
Brave as he was, and shunn'd unequal force.
The breathless bodies to the Greeks they drew,
Then mix in combat, and their toils renew.

First Pylaemenes, great in battle, bled, Who sheath'd in brass the Paphlagonians led. Atrides mark'd him where fublime he flood; Fix'd in his throat, the jav'lin drank his blood. The faithful Mydon, as he turn'd from fight His flying courfers, funk to endless night: A broken rock by Nestor's fon was thrown; His bended arm receiv'd the falling stone; From his numb'd hand the iv'ry studded reins, Dropt in the dust, are trail'd along the plains : Meanwhile his temples feel a deadly wound; He groans in death, and, pond'rous, finks to ground: Deep drove his helmet in the fands, and there The head stood fix'd, the quiv'ring legs in air, Till, trampled flat beneath the coursers feet, The youthful victor mounts his empty feat, And bears the prize in triumph to the fleet.

Great Hector saw, and, raging at the view, Pours on the Greeks; the Trojan troops pursue: He fires his host with animating cries, And brings along the suries of the skies. Mars, stern destroyer! and Bellona dread, Flame in the front, and thunder at their head: This swells the tumnlt and the rage of fight;
That shakes a spear that easts a dreadful light.
Where Hector march'd, the god of battles shin'd,
Now storm'd before him, and now rag'd behind.

Tydides pans'd amidst his full career;
Then first the hero's manly breast knew sear.
As when some simple swain his cot forsakes.
And wide through sens an unknown journey takes;
If chance a swelling brook his passage stay,
And soam impervious cross the wand'rer's way,
Confus'd he stops, a length of country past,
Eyes the rough waves, and, tir'd, returns at last.
Amaz'd no less the great Tydides stands;
He stay'd, and, turning, thus address'd his bands.

No wonder, Greeks! that all to Hector yield,
Secure of fav'ring gods, he takes the field;
His strokes they second, and avert our spears!
Behold where Mars in mortal arms appears!
Retire then, warriors; but sedate and slow:
Retire, but with your faces to the foe.
Trust not too much your unavailing might;
'Tis not with Troy, but with the gods ye fight.

Now near the Greeks the black battalions drew; And first two leaders valiant Hestor slew. His force Anchialus and Mnesshes found, In ev'ry art of glorious war renown'd. In the same car the chiefs to combat ride, And sought united, and united dy'd. Struck at the sight, the mighty Ajax glows With thirst of vengeance, and assaults the foes. His massy spear, with matchless sury sent, Through Amphius' belt and heaving belly went?

Amphius Apaefus' happy foil poffes'd, With herds abounding, and with treasure bless'd; But fate reliftless from his country led The chief, to perish at his people's head. Shook with his fall, his brazen armour rung, And fierce, to feize it, conqu'ring Ajax fprung ; Around his head an iron tempest rain'd; A wood of spears his ample shield sustain'd; Beneath one foot the yet-warm corpse he prest, And drew his jay'lin from the bleeding breaft : He could no more, the show'ring darts deny'd To fpoil his glitt'ring arms and plumy pride. Now foes on foes came pouring on the fields, With briftling lances, and compacted shields; Till, in the steelly circle straiten'd round, Forc'd he gives way, and sternly quits the ground.

While thus they strive, Tlepolemus the great, Urg'd by the force of unresisted fate, Burns with desire Sarpedon's strength to prove; Alcides' offspring meets the son of Jove, Sheath'd in bright arms each adverse chief came on, Jove's great descendent, and his greater son. Prepar'd for combat, ere the lance he tost, The daring Rhodian vents his haughty boast.

What brings this Lycian counsellor so far,
To tremble at our arms, not mix in war?
Know thy vain self, nor let their flatt'ry move,
Who style thee son of cloud-compelling Jove.
How far unlike those chiefs of race divine,
How vast the diff'rence of their deeds and thine?
Jove got such heroes as my sire, whose soul
No sear could daunt, nor earth nor hell controul.

Troy felt his arm, and yon proud ramparts stand Rais'd on the ruins of his vengeful hand; With six small ships, and but a stender train, He left the town a wide deserted plain. But what art thon! who deedless look'st around, While unreveng'd thy Lycians bite the ground; Small aid to Troy thy seeble force can be; But wert thou greater, thou must yield to me. Pierc'd by my spear to endless darkness go! I make this present to the shades below.

The fon of Hercules, the Rhodian guide, Thus haughty spoke. The Lycian king reply'd.

Thy sire, O prince! o'erturn'd the Trojan state, Whose perjur'd monarch well deserv'd his sate; Those heav'nly steeds the hero sought so far, False he detain'd the just reward of war: Nor so content, the gen'rous chief desy'd, With base reproaches and unmanly pride. But you, unworthy the high race you boast, Shall raise my glory when thy own is lost: Now meet thy sate, and by Sarpedon slain, Add one more ghost to Pluto's gloomy reign.

He said: Both jav'lins at an instant slew;
Both struck, both wounded, but Sarpedon's slew:
Full in the boaster's neck the weapon stood,
Transfix'd his throat, and drank the vital blood;
The soul distainful seeks the caves of night,
And his seal'd eyes for ever lose the light.

Yet not in vain, Tlepolemus, was thrown Thy angry lance; which piercing to the bone Sarpedon's thigh, had robb'd the chief of breath; But Jove was prefent, and forbade the death.

Borne from the conflict by his Lycian throng, The wounded hero dragg'd the lance along. (His friends, each bufy'd in his fev'ral part, Through hafte, or danger, had not drawn the dart.) The Greeks with flain Tlepolemus retir'd; Whose fall Ulysses view'd with fury fir'd : Doubtful if Jove's great fon he should purfue, Or pour his vengeance on the Lycian crew. But heav'n and fate the first delign with stand, Nor this great death must grace Ulvsses' hand. Minerva drives him on the Lycian train; Alastor, Cromius, Halius, strow'd the plain, Alcander, Prytanis, Noemon fell; And numbers more his fword had fent to hell, But Hector faw; and, furious at the fight, Rush'd terrible amidst the ranks of fight. With joy Sarpedon view'd the wish'd relief, And, faint, lamenting, thus implor'd the chief. Oh fuffer not the foe to bear away My helpless corpse, an unaffisted prey;

My helpless corpse, an unaffisted prey;
If I, unbless'd, must see my son no more,
My much-lov'd confort, and my native shore,
Yet let me die in Ilion's facred wall;
Troy, in whose cause I fell, shall mourn my fall.

He faid; nor Hector to the chief replies, But shakes his plume, and fierce to combat flies; Swift as a whirlwind drives the scatt'ring foes, And dyes the ground with purple as he goes.

Beneath a beech, Jove's consecrated shade, His mournful friends divine Sarpedon laid: Brave Pelagon, his fav'rite chief, was nigh, Who wrench'd the jav'lin from his sinewy thigh.

The fainting foul flood ready wing'd for flight, And o'er his eye-balls fwum the shades of night: But Boreas rifing fresh, with gentle breath, Recall'd his spirit from the gates of death.

The gen'rous Greeks recede with tardy pace, Tho' Mars and Hector thunder in their face; None turn their backs to mean ignoble flight, Slow they retreat, and ev'n retreating fight. Who first, who last, by Mars and Hector's hand Stretch'd in their blood, lay gasping on the fand? Teuthras the great, Orestes the renown'd For manag'd fleeds, and Trechus press'd the ground: Next Oenomaus, and Oenops' offspring dy'd; Oresbius last fell groaning at their side; Oresbius, in his painted mitre gay, In fat Bocotia held his wealthy fway, Where lakes furround low rlyle's wat'ry plain; A prince and people studious of their gain. The carnage Juno from the fkies furvey'd, And touch'd with grief bespoke the blue-ey'd maid. Oh fight accurs'd, shall faithless Troy prevail, And shall our promise to our people fail ! How vain the word to Menelaus giv'a By Jove's great daughter, and the queen of heav'n, Beneath his arms that Priam's tow'rs should fall; If warring gods for ever guard the wall? Mars, red with flaughter, aids our hated foes: Haste, let us arm, and force with force oppose!

She spoke; Minerva burns to meet the war: And now heav'ns empress calls her blazing car. At her command rush forth the steeds divine; Rich with immortal gold the trappings fhine.

Bright Hebe waits; by Hebe, ever young, The whirling wheels are to the chariot hung. On the bright axle turns the bidden wheel Of founding brafs; the polith'd axle fleek. Eight brazen spokes in radiant order flame; The circles gold, of uncorrupted frame. Such as the heav'ns produce : And round the gold. Two brazen rings of work divine were roll'd. The boffy naves of folid filver shone: Traces of gold fuspend the moving throne: The car, behind, an arching figure bore: The bending concave form'd an arch before. Silver the beam, th' extended yoke was gold. And golden reins th' immortal courfers hold. Herself, impatient, to the ready car The courfers joins, and breathes revenge and war.

Pallas difrobes; her radiant veil unty'd, With flow'rs adorn'd, with art diverlify'd, (The labor'd veil her heav'nly fingers wove). Flows on the pavement of the court of Jove. Now heav'n's dread arms her mighty limbs inveft, love's cuirals blazes on her ample breaft; Deck'd in fad triumph for the mournful field, O'er her broad shoulders hangs his horrid shield, Dire, black, tremendous ! round the margin roll'd, A fringe of ferpents hiffing guards the gold : Here all the terrors of grim war appear, Here rages Force, here tremble Flight and Fear, Here storm'd Contention, and here Fury frown'd, And the dire orb portentous Gorgon crown'd. The maffy golden helm the next affumes, That dreadful nodes with four o'er flading plumes; VOL. V.

So vast, the broad circumference contains A hundred armies on a hundred plains. The goddess thus th' imperial car ascends; Shook by her arm the mighty jav'lin bends, Pond'rous and huge; that when her fury burns, Proud tyrants humbles, and whole hofts o'erturns.

Swift at the scourge th' etherial coursers fly, While the smooth chariot cuts the liquid sky. Heav'n's gates spontaneous open to the pow'rs, Heav'n's golden gates, kept by the winged Hours; Commission'd in alternate watch they stand, The fun's bright portals and the skies command. Involve in clouds th' eternal gates of day, Or the dark barrier roll with ease away. The founding hinges ring: On either fide The gloomy volumes, pierc'd with light, divide. The chariot mounts, where deep in ambient ikies Confus'd Olympus' hundred heads arife; Where far apart the thund'rer fills his throne, O'er all the gods superior and alone. There with her fnowy hand the queen restrains The fiery steeds, and thus to Jove complains. O fire! can no refentment touch thy foul? Can Mars rebel, and does no thunder roll? What lawless rage on you forbidden plain, What rash destruction! and what heroes slain! Venus, and Phoebus with the dreadful bow, Smile on the flaughter, and enjoy my woe. Mad, furious pow'r, whose unrelenting mind No god can govern, and no justice bind. Say, mighty father! shall we scourge his pride, And drive from fight th' impetuous homicide?

To whom affenting, thus the Thund'rer faid: Go! and the great Minerva be thy aid.

To tame the monster god Minerva knows,

And oft afflicts his brutal breast with woes.

He said: Saturnia, ardent to obey,

Lash'd her white steeds along th' aerial way.

Swift down the steep of heav'n the chariot rolls,

Between th' expanded earth and starry poles.

Far as a shepherd, from some point on high,

O'er the wide main extends his boundless eye;

Thro' such a space of air, with thund'ring sound,

At ev'ry leap th' immortal coursers bound:

Troy now they reach'd, and touch'd those banks divine

Where silver Simois and Scamander join.
There Juno stopp'd, and (her fair steeds unloos'd)
Of air condens'd a vapour circumfus'd:
For these, impregnate with celestial dew
On Simois brink ambrosial herbage grew.
Thence to relieve the fainting Argive throng,
Smooth as the failing doves, they glide along.

The best and bravest of the Grecian band
(A warlike circle) round Tydides stand:
Such was their look as stons bath'd in blood,
Or soaming boars, the terror of the wood.
Heaven's empress mingles with the mortal croud,
And shouts, in Stentor's sounding voice, aloud:
Stentor the strong, endu'd with brazen lungs,
Whose throat surpass'd the force of fifty tongues.
Inglorious Argives! to your race a shame,

And only men in figure and in name!

Once from the walls your tim'rous foes engag'd,.
While fierce in war divine Achilles rag'd;
Now issuing fearless they possess the plain,
Now win the shores, and searce the seas remain.

Her speech new sury to their hearts convey'd;
While near Tydides stood th' Athenian maid;
The king beside his panting steeds she found,
O'erspent with toil, reposing on the ground:
To cool his glowing wound he sat apart,
(The wound inflicted by the Lycian dart);
Large drops of sweat from all his simbs descend,
Beneath his pond'rous shield his sinews bend,
Whose ample best thet o'er his shoulder lay,
He eas'd; and wash'd the clotted gore away.
The goddess leaning o'er the bending yoke,
Beside his coursers, thus her silence broke.

Degen'rate prince! and not of Tydeus' kind,
Whose little body lodg'd a mighty mind;
Foremost he press'd in glorious toils to share,
And scarce refrain'd when I forbade the war.
Alone, unguarded, once he dar'd to go
And feast, incircled by the Theban soe;
There brav'd, and vanquish'd, many a hardy knight;
Such nerves I gave him, and such soree in sight.
Thou too no less hast been my constant care;
Thy hands I arm'd, and sent thee forth to war:
But thee or fear deters or sloth detains;
No drop of all thy father warms thy veins.

The chief thus answer'd mild: Immortal maid!

I own thy presence, and confess thy aid.

Not fear, thou know'st, with-holds me from the plains.

Nor sloth hath seiz'd me, but thy word restrains:

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From warring gods thou had'st me turn my spear,
And Venus only found resistence here.
Hence, goddess! heedful of thy high commands,
Loth I gave way, and warn'd our Argive bands;
For Mars, the homicide, these eyes beheld,
With slaughter red, and raging round the field.

Then thus Minerya. Brave Tydides, hear!

Not Mars himfelf, nor ought immortal fear:
Full on the god impel thy foaming horse:
Pallas commands, and Pallas lends thee force.
Rash, sprious, blind, from these to those he slies,
And ev'ry side of wav'ring combat tries;
Large promise makes, and breaks the promise made;
Now gives the Grecians, now the Trojans aid.

She faid; and to the fleeds approaching near,
Drew from his feat the martial charioteer.
The vig'rous pow'r the trembling car afcends,
Fierce for revenge; and Diomed attends.
The groaning axle bent beneath the load;
So great a hero, and so great a god.
She fnatch'd the reins, she lash'd with all her force,
And full on Mass impeli'd the foaming horse:
But first, to hide her heavinly visage, spread
Black Orcus' belmet o'er her radiant head.

Just then gigantic Reriphas lay slain,
The strongest warrior of th' Ætolian train;
The god who slew him, leaves his prostrate prize Stretch'd where he fell, and at Tydides slies.
Now rushing sierce, in equal arms appear,
The daring Greek, the dreadful god of war!
Full at the chief, above his courser's head,
From Mars's arms th' enormous weapon sled:

Pallas oppos'd her hand, and caus'd to glance Far from the car, the strong immortal lance. Then threw the force of Tydeus' warlike fon; The jav'lin his'd; the goddess urg'd it on: Where the broad cincture girt his armour round, It pierc'd the god: His groin receiv'd the wound, From the rent skin the warrior tugs again The smoaking steel. Mars bellows with the pain; Loud, as the roar encount'ring armies yield. When shouting millions shake the thund'ring field. Both armies start, and trembling gaze around: And earth and heav'n rebellow to the found. As vapours blown by Auster's fultry breath. Pregnant with plagues, and shedding sceds of death, Beneath the rage of burning Sirius rife, Choke the parch'd earth, and blacken all the skies: In fuch a cloud the god from combat driv'n. High o'er the dusty whirlwind scales the heav'n. Wild with his pain, he fought the bright abodes, There fullen fat beneath the fire of gods, Show'd the celestial blood, and with a groan-Thus pour'd his plaints before th' immortal throne.

Can Jove, supine, stagitious acts survey,
And brook the suries of this daring day?
For mortal men celestial pow'rs engage,
And gods on gods exert eternal rage.
From thee, O Father! all these ills we bear,
And thy sell daughter with the shield and spear:
Thou gav'st that sury to the realms of light,
Pernicious, wild, regardless of the right.
All heav'n beside reveres thy sov'reign sway,
Thy voice we hear, and thy behests obey:

'Tis her's t' offend, and ev'n offending share
Thy breast, thy counsels, thy distinguish'd care:
So boundless she, and thou so partial grown,
Well may we deem the wond'rous birth thy own.
Now frantic Diomed, at her command,
Against th' immortals lists his raging hand:
The heav'nly Venus first his fury found,
Me next encount'ring, me he dar'd to wound;
Vanquish'd I sled: E'en I the god of fight,
From mortal madness scarce was sav'd by slight.
Else hadst thou seen me sunk on yonder plain,
Heap'd round, and heaving under loads of slain!
Or pierc'd with Grecian darts, for ages lie,
Condemn'd to pain, though fated not to die.

Him thus upbraiding, with a wrathful look The lord of thunders view'd, and stern bespoke. To me, perfidious! this lamenting strain? Of lawless force shall lawless Mars complain? Of all the gods who tread the spangled skies, Thou most unjust, most odious in our eyes! Inhuman discord is thy dire delight, The waste of slaughter, and the rage of fight. No bound, no law, thy fiery temper quells, And all thy mother in thy foul rebels. In vain our threats, in vain our pow'r we use; She gives th' example, and her fon pursues. Yet long th' inflicted pangs thou shalt not mourn, Sprung fince thou art from Jove, and heav'nly born. Elfe, fing'd with light'ning, hadst thou hence been thrown,

Where chain'd on burning rocks the Titans groan-

HOMER'S LIAD. V. 1108.

Thus he who shakes Olympus with his nod;
Then gave to Paeon's care the bleeding God.
With gentle hand the balm he pour'd around,
And heal'd th' immortal siesh, and clos'd the wound.
As when the sig's press'd juice, insus'd in cream,
To curds coagulates the liquid stream,
Sudden the sluids six, the parts combin'd;
Such, and so soon, th' aetherial texture join'd.
Cleans'd from the dust and gore, fair Habe drest
His mighty limbs in an immortal vest.
Glorious he sat, in majesty restor'd,
Fast by the throne of heav'n's superior lord.
Juno and Pallas mount the bless'd abodes,
Their task perform'd, and mix among the gods.

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BOOK VI.

THE ARGUMENT.

The Episodes of Glaucus and Diomed, and of Hector and Andromache.

THE gods having left the field, the Grecians prevail. Helenus, the chief augur of Troy, commands Hector to return to the city, in order to appoint a folemn procession of the queen and the Trojan matrons to the temple of Minerva, to entreat her to remove Diomed from the fight. The battle relaxing during the absence of Hector, Glaucus and Diomed have an interview between the two armies; where, coming to the knowledge of the friendship and hospitality passed between their ancestors, they make exchange of their arms. Hector having performed the order of Helenus, prevailed upon Paris to return to the battle; and, having taken a tender leave of his wise Andromache, hastens again to the field.

The scene is first in the field of battle, between the rivers Simois and Scamander, and then changes to Troy.

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TRANSPORACIONS

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BOOK VI.

N O W heav'n forfakes the fight: Th' immortals yield

To human force and human skill the field:
Dark show'rs of jav'lins sly from foes to foes;
Now here, now there, the tide of combat slows;
While Troy's fam'd streams, that bound the deathful plain,

On either side run purple to the plain.

Great Ajax first to conquest led the way, Broke the thick ranks, and turn'd the doubtful day. The Thracian Acamas his faulchion found, And hew'd th' enormous giant to the ground; His thund'ring arm a deadly stroke imprest, Where the black horse-hair nodded o'er his crest : Fix'd in his front the brazen weapon lies. And feals in endless shades his swimming eyes. Next Teuthra's fon distain'd the fands with blood, Axylus, hospitable, rich, and good: In fair Arisbe's walls, (his native place), He held his feat; a friend to human race. Fast by the road, his ever-open door Oblig'd the wealthy, and reliev'd the poor. To stern Tydides now he falls a prey, No friend to guard him in the dreadful day! Breathless the good man fell, and by his side His faithful servant, old Calesius, dy'd.

By great Euryalus was Dresus slain, And next he laid Opheltius on the plain. Two twins were near, bold, beautiful, and young, From a fair Naiad and Bucolion sprung: (Laomedon's white flocks Bucolion fed, That monarch's first-born by a foreign bed; In secret woods he won the Naiad's grace, And two fair infants crown'd his strong embrace.) Here dead they lay in all their shining charms; The ruthless victor stripp'd their shining arms.

A

Aftyalus by Polypoetes sell;
Ulysses' spear Pidytes sent to hell:
By Teneer's shaft brave Aretaon bled,
And Nestor's son laid stern Ablerus dead.
Great Agamemnon, leader of the brave,
The mortal wound of rich Elatus gave,
Who held in Pedasus his proud abode,
And till'd the banks where silver Satnio slow'd.
Melanthius by Eurypylus was stain;
And Phylacus from Leitus slies in vain.

Unbles'd Adrastus next at mercy lies
Beneath the Spartan spear, a living prize.
Scar'd with the din and tumuk of the fight,
His headlong steeds, precipitate in flight,
Rush'd on a tamarisk's strong trunk, and broke
The shatter'd chariot from the crooked yoke;
Wide o'er the field, resistless as the wind,
For Troy they fly, and leave their lord behind.
Prone on his face he links beside the wheel:
Atrides o'er him shakes the vengeful steel;
The fallen chief in suppliant posture pres'd
The victor's knees, and thus his pray'r addres'd:

Oh spare my youth, and for the life I owe, Large gifts of price my father shall bestow. When fame shall tell, that, not in battle flain, Thy hollow ships his captive son detain, Rich heaps of brass shall in thy tent be told, And steel well-temper'd, and persuasive gold.

He faid : Compassion touch'd the hero's heart : He stood, suspended, with the lifted dart : As pity pleaded for his vanquish'd prize, Stern Agamemnon swift to vengeance flies. And furious thus: Oh impotent of mind! Shall thefe, shall thefe, Atrides' mercy find ? Well haft thou known proud Troy's perfidious land, And well her natives merit at thy hand! Not one of all the race, nor fex, nor age, Shall fave a Trojan from our boundless rage: Ilion Thall perish whole, and bury all; Her babes, her infants at the breast, shall fall, A dreadful lesson of exampled fate. To warn the nations, and to curb the great! The monarch spoke; the words with warmth addrest, To rigid justice steel'd his brother's breast. Fierce from his knees the hapless chief he thrust; The monarch's jav'lin stretch'd him in the dust. Then preffing with his foot his panting heart, Forth from the flain he tugg'd the reeking dart. Old Nestor saw, and rous'd the warrior's rage; Thus, heroes! thus the vig'rous combat wage! No fon of Mars descend, for servile gains, To touch the booty, while a foe remains. Behold you glitt'ring hoft, your future spoil! First gain the conquest, then reward the toil.

And now had Greece eternal fame acquir'd, And frighted Troy within her walls retir'd; Had not sage Helenus her state redrest,
Taught by the gods that mov'd his sacred breast.
Where Hector stood, with great Æneas join'd,
The seer reveal'd the counsels of his mind.

1

Ye gen'rous chiefs! on whom th' immortals lay The cares and glories of this doubtful day, On whom your aids, your country's hopes depend; Wife to confult, and active to defend! Here, at our gates, your brave efforts unite, Turn back the routed, and forbid the flight; Ere vet their wives fost arms the cowards gain, The sport and insult of the hostile train. When your commands have hearten'd ev'ry band, Ourselves, here fix'd, will make the dang'rous stand; Press'd as we are, and fore of former fight, These straits demand our last remains of might. Meanwhile, thou Hector to the town retire, And teach our mother what the gods require : Direct the queen to lead th' assembled train Of Troy's chief matrons to Minerva's fane; Unbar the facred gates, and feek the pow'r, With offer'd vows, in Ilion's topmost tow'r. The largest mantle her rich wardrobes hold, Most priz'd for art, and labour'd o'er with gold, Before the goddess' honour'd knees be spread, And twelve young heifers to her altars led; If so the pow'r, aton'd by fervent pray'r, Our wives, our infants, and our city spare, And far avert Tydides' wasteful ire, That mows whole troops, and makes all Troy retire. Not thus Achilles taught our hofts to dread, Sprung though he was from more than mortal bed; Not thus relistless rul'd the stream of fight, In rage unbounded, and unmatch'd in might:

Hector obedient heard; and, with a bound,
Leap'd from his trembling chariot to the ground;
Through all his hoft, inspiring force, he slies,
And bids the thunder of the battle rise.
With rage recruited the bold Trojans glow,
And turn the tide of conssict on the soe:
Fierce in the front he shakes two dazzling spears:
All Greece recedes, and, midst her triumphs, sears.
Some god, they thought, who rul'd the sate of wars,
Shot down, avenging, from the vault of stars.

Then thus aloud. Ye dauntless Dardans hear!
And you whom distant nations send to war!
Be mindful of the strength your fathers bore;
Be still yourselves, and Hector asks no more.
One hour demands me in the Trojan wall,
To bid our altars slame, and victims fall:
Nor shall, I trust, the matrons holy train,
And rev'rend elders, seek the gods in vaio.

This faid; with ample strides the hero past, The shield's large orb, behind his shoulder cast, His neck o'ershading, to his ancle hung; And as he march'd, the brazen buckler rung.

Now paus'd the battle, (godlike Hector gone), When daring Glaucus and great Tydeus' fon Between both armies met: The chiefs from far Observ'd each other, and had mark'd for war. Near as they drew, Tydides thus began:

What art thou, boldest of the race of man? Our eyes, till now, that aspect ne'er beheld, Where same is reap'd amid th' embattled field:

Yet far before the troops thou dar'ft appear, And meet a lance the fiercest heroes fear. Unhappy they, and born of luckless fires. Who tempt our fury when Minerva fires! But if from heav'n, celestial, thou descend, Know, with immortals, we no more contend. Not long Lycurgus view'd the golden light, That daring man, who mix'd with gods in fight. Bacchus, and Bacchus' votaries, he drove With brandish'd steel from Nyssa's sacred grove : Their confecrated fpears lay scatter'd round, With curling vines and twifted ivy bound; While Baechus headlong fought the briny flood, And Thetis' arms receiv'd the trembling god. Nor fail'd the crime th' immortals wrath to move. (Th' immortals, blefs'd with endlefs eafe above); Depriv'd of fight, by their avenging doom, Chearless he breath'd, and wander'd in the gloom : Then funk unpity'd to the dire abodes, A wretch accurs'd, and hated by the gods! I brave not heav'n; but if the fruits of earth Sustain thy life, and human be thy birth; Bold as thou art, too prodigal of breath, Approach, and enter the dark gates of death.

What, or from whence I am, or who my fire, (Reply'd the chief), can Tydens' fon inquire? Like leaves on trees the race of man is found, Now green in youth, now with'ring on the ground; Another race the following spring supplies; They fall successive, and successive rise: (So generations in their course decay); So sourish these, when those are past away.

But if thou still perfist to search my birth, Then hear a tale that fills the spacious earth.

A city stands on Argos' utmost bound, (Argos the fair, for warlike fleeds renown'd). Æolian Sifyphus, with wisdom bles'd, In antient time the happy walls posses'd, Then call'd Ephyre: Glaucus was fon; Great Glaucus father of Bellerophon, Who o'er the fons of men in beauty shin'd, Lov'd for that valour which preferves mankind; Then mighty Proctus Argos' fceptre fway'd, Whose hard commands Bellerophon obey'd. With direful jealoufy the monarch rag'd, And the brave prince in num'rous toils engag'd, For him Antea burn'd with lawless flame. And strove to tempt him from the paths of fame. In vain the tempted the relentless youth, Endow'd with wifdom, facred fear, and truth. Fir'd at his fcorn, the queen to Proetus fled, And begg'd revenge for her insulted bed : Incens'd he heard, refolving on his fate; But hospitable laws restrain'd his hate: To Lycia the devoted youth he fent, With tablets feal'd, that told his dire intent. Now blefs'd by ev'ry pow'r who guards the good,.. The chief arriv'd at Xanthus' filver flood : There Lyeia's monarch paid him honours due; Nine days he feasted, and nine bulls he sew. But when the tenth bright morning orient glow'd, The faithful youth his monarch's mandate show'd :: The fatal tablets, till that instant feal'd, The deathful secret to the king reveal'd. VOL. V.

This pest he slaughter'd, (for he read the skies, And trusted heav'n's informing prodigies);
Then met in arms the Solymaean crew,
(Fiercest of men), and those the warrior slew;
Next the bold Amazons' whole force defy'd,
And conquer'd still, for heav'n was on his side.

Nor ended here his toils: His Lycian foes, At his return a treach'rous ambush rose, With levell'd spears along the winding shore; There fell they breathless, and return'd no more.

At length the monarch, with repentant grief,
Confess'd the gods, and god-descended chief;
His daughter gave, the stranger to detain,
With half the honours of his ample reign:
The Lycians grant a chosen space of ground,
With woods, with vineyards, and with harvests
crown'd.

There long the chief his happy lot posses'd,
With two brave sons and one fair daughter bless'd;
(Fair ev'n in heav'nly eyes; her fruitful love
Crown'd with Sarpedon's birth th' embrace of Jove).
But when at last, distracted in his mind,
Forsook by heav'n, forsaking human kind,
Wide o'er th' Alean field he chose to stray,
A long, forsorn, uncomfortable way!

Woes heap'd on woes consum'd his wasted heart;
His beauteous daughter sell by Phoebe's dart;
His eldest born by raging Mars was slain,
In combat on the Solymacan plain.
Hippolochus surviv'd; from him I came;
The honour'd author of my birth and name;
By his decree I sought the Trojan town;
By his instructions learn to win renown;
To stand the first in worth as in command;
To add new honours to my native land;
Before my eyes my mighty fires to place,
And emulate the glories of our race.

He spoke; and transport fill'd Tydides' heart; In earth the gen'rous warrior fix'd his dart; Then friendly, thus, the Lycian prince addrest: Welcome, my brave, hereditary guest! Thus ever let us meet with kind embrace, Nor stain the facred friendship of our race. Know, chief, our grandfires have been guests of old; Oeneus the strong, Bellerophon the bold : Our antient feat his honour'd presence grac'd, Where twenty days in genial rites he pass'd: The parting heroes mutual presents left; A golden goblet was thy grandlire's gift; Oeneus a belt of matchless work bestow'd, That, rich with Tyrian dye, refulgent glow'd. (This from his pledge I learn'd, which, fafely flor'd Among my treasures, still adorns my board: For Tydeus left me young, when Thebe's wall Beheld the fons of Greece untimely fall).

Mindful of this, in friendship let us join; If heav'n our steps to foreign lands incline, My guest in Argos thou, and I in Lycia thine. Enough of Trojans to this lance shall yield, In the full harvest of you ample field; Enough of Greeks shall dye thy spear with gore; But thou and Diomed be foes no more. Now change we arms, and prove to either host We guard the friendship of the line we boast.

Thus having said, the gallant chiefs alight,
Their hands they join, their mutual saith they plight;
Brave Glaucus then each narrow thought resign'd,
(Jove warm'd his bosom, and enlarg'd his mind:)
For Diomed's brass arms, of mean device,
For which nine oxen paid, (a vulgar price),
He gave his own, of gold divinely wrought,
A hundred beeves the shining purchase bought.

Meantime, the guardian of the Trojan state, Great Hector, enter'd at the Scaean gate. Beneath the beech-tree's confecrated shades, The Trojan matrons and the Trojan maids Around him slock'd, all press'd with pious care For husbands, brothers, sons, engag'd in war. He bids the train in long procession go, And seek the gods, t'avert th' impending woe. And now to Priam's stately courts he came, Rais'd on arch'd columns of stupendous frame; O'er these a range of marble structure runs, The rich pavilions of his sifty sons, In sifty chambers lodg'd: And rooms of state Oppos'd to those where Priam's daughters sat:

Twelve domes for them and their lov'd spouses shone, Of equal beauty, and of polish'd stone.

Hither great Hector pass'd, nor pas'd unseen Of royal Hecuba, his mother-queen, (With her Laodice, whose beauteous face Surpass'd the nymphs of Troy's illustrious race).

Long in a strict embrace she held her son, And press'd his hand, and tender thus begun.

O Hector! fay, what great occasion calls
My son from fight, when Greece surrounds our walls?
Com'st thou to supplicate th' almighty pow'r,
With listed hands, from Ilion's losty tow'r?
Stay, till I bring the cup with Bacchus crown'd,
In Jove's high name, to sprinkle on the ground,
And pay due vows to all the gods around.
Then with a plenteous draught resresh thy soul,
And draw new spirits from the gen'rous bowl;
Spent as thou art with long laborious fight,
The brave desender of thy country's right.

Far hence be Bacchus' gifts, (the chief rejoin'd): Inflaming wine, pernicious to mankind,
Unnerves the limbs, and dulls the noble mind:
Let chiefs abstain, and spare the facred juice
To sprinkle to the gods, its better use.
By me that holy office were profan'd;
Ill sits it me, with human gore distain'd,
To the pure skies these horrid hands to raise,
Or offer heav'n's great sire polluted praise.
You, with your matrons, go! a spotless train,
And burn rich odours in Minerva's fane.
The largest mantle your full wardrobes hold,
Most priz'd for art, and labour'd o'er with gold,

Before the goddess' honour'd knees be spread,
And twelve young heisers to her altar led.
So may the pow'r, aton'd by servent pray'r,
Our wives, our infants, and our city spare,
And far avert Tydides' wasteful ire,
Who mows whole troops, and makes all Troy retire.
Be this, O mother! your religious care;
I go to rouse soft Paris to the war;
If yet, not lost to all the sense of shame,
The recreant warrior hears the voice of same.
O would kind earth the hateful wretch embrace,
That pest of Troy, that ruin of our race!
Deep to the dark abys might he descend,
Troy yet should flourish, and my forrows end.
This heard, she gave command; and, summon'd,

Each noble matron, and illustrious dame.

The Phrygian queen to her rich wardrobe went,
Where treasur'd odours breath'd a costly scent.

There lay the vestures of no vulgar art,
Sidonian maids embroider'd ev'ry part,
Whom from soft Sidon youthful Paris bore
With Helen, touching on the Tyrian shore.
Here, as the queen revolv'd with careful eyes.
The various textures, and the various dyes,
She chose a veil that shone superior far,
And glow'd resulgent as the morning-star.
Herself with this the long procession leads;
The train majestically slow proceeds.
Soon as to Ilion's topmost tow'r they come,
And awful reach the high Palladian don'e,

Antenor's confort, fair Theano, waits As Pallas' priestess, and unbars the gates. With hands uplifted, and imploring eyes, They fill the dome with fapplicating cries. The priestess then the shining veil displays, Plac'd on Minerva's knees, and thus she prays.

Oh awful goddess! ever-dreadful maid, Troy's strong defence, unconquer'd Pallas, aid! Break thou Tydides' fpear, and let him fall Prone on the dust, before the Trojan wall. So twelve young heifers, guiltless of the yoke. Shall fill thy temple with a grateful fmoke. But thou, aton'd by penitence and pray'r, Ourselves, our infants, and our city spare! So pray'd the priestess in her holy fane; So vow'd the matrons, but they vow'd in vain.

While these appear before the pow'r with pray'rs, Heftor to Paris' lofty dome repairs. Himself the mansion rais'd, from ev'ry part Affembling architects of matchless art. Near Priam's court and Hector's palace stands The pompous structure, and the town commands. A spear the hero bore of wond'rous strength, Of full ten cubits was the lance's length, The steely point with golden ringlets join'd, Before him brandish'd, at each motion shin'd. Thus ent'ring, in the glitt'ring rooms he found His brother-chief, whose useless arms lay round, His eyes delighting with their fplendid show, Bright'ning the shield, and polithing the bow. Beside him Helen with her virgins stands, Guides their rich labours, and instructs their hands.

Him thus unactive, with an ardent look
The prince beheld, and high-refenting spoke.
Thy hate to Troy, is this the time to show?
(Oh wretch ill-sated, and thy country's soe!)
Paris and Greece against us both conspire;
Thy close resentment, and their vengesul ire.
For thee great High's guardian heroes sall,
Till heaps of dead alone desend her wall;
For thee the soldier bleeds, the matron mourns,
And wasteful war in all its sury hurns.
Ungrateful man! deserves not this thy care,
Our troops to hearten, and our toils to share!
Rise, or behold the conquiring slames ascend,
And all the Phrygian glories at an end.

Brother, 'tis just (reply'd the beauteous youth);
Thy free remonstrance proves thy worth and truth:
Yet charge my absence less, oh gen'rous chief!
On hate to Troy, than conscious shame and grief:
Here, hid from human eyes, thy brother sat,
And mourn'd in secret, his, and llion's fate.
'Tis now enough: Now glory spreads her charms,
And beauteous Helen calls her chief to arms.
Conquest to-day my happier sword may bless,
'Tis man's to sight, but heav'n's to give success.
But while I arm, contain thy ardent mind;
Or go, and Paris shall not lag behind.

He faid, nor answer'd Priam's warlike fon; When Helen thus with lowly grace begun.

Oh gen'rous brother! if the guilty dame That caus'd these woes, deserves a sister's name! Wou'd heav'n, ere all these dreadful deeds were done, The day, that show'd me to the golden sun,

Had feen my death! Why did not whirlwinds bear The fatal infant to the fowls of air? Why funk I not beneath the whelming tide, And midit the roarings of the waters dy'd; Heav'n fill'd up all my ills, and I accurit Bore all, and Paris of those ills the worst. Helen at least a braver spouse might claim, Warm'd with some virtue, some regard of same! Now tir'd with toils, thy fainting limbs recline, With toils, fustain'd for Paris' fake and mine : The gods have link'd our miserable doom. Our present woe, and infamy to come : Wide shall it spread, and last thro' ages long, Example fad! and theme of future fong,

The chief reply'd: This time forbids to rest: The Trojan bands, by hostile fury prest, Demand their Hector, and his arm require; The combat urges, and my foul's on fire. Urge thou thy knight to march where glory calls, And timely join me, ere I leave the walls. Ere yet I mingle in the direful fray, My wife, my infant, claim a moment's stay; This day (perhaps the last that sees me here) Demands a parting word, a tender tear : This day, fome god, who hates our Trojan land, May vanquish Hector by a Grecian hand.

He faid, and pass'd with sad presaging heart To feek his spouse, his soul's far dearer part; At home he fought her, but he fought in vain; She, with one maid of all her menial train, Had thence retir'd; and with her fecond joy, The young Allyanax, the hope of Troy,

Pensive she stood on Ilion's tow'ry height, Beheld the war, and sicken'd at the sight: There her sad eyes in vain her lord explore, Or weep the wounds her bleeding country bore.

But he who found not whom his foul defir'd, Whose virtue charm'd him as her beauty fir'd, Stood in the gates, and afk'd what way she bent Her parting step ? If to the fane she went, Where late the mourning matrons made refort; Or fought her fifters in the Trojan court ? Not to the court, (reply'd th' attendant train), Nor mix'd with matrons to Minerva's fane : To Ilion's steepy tow'r she bent her way. To mark the fortunes of the doubtful day. Troy fled, she heard, before the Grecian fword: She heard, and trembled for her absent lord: Distracted with surprise, she feem'd to fly, Fear on her cheek, and forrow in her eye. The nurse attended with her infant boy, The young Astyanax, the hope of Troy.

Hector, this heard, return'd without delay so Swift thro' the town he trod his former way, Thro' streets of palaces, and walks of state; And met the mourner at the Scaean gate. With haste to meet him sprung the joyful fair, His blameless wise Aetion's wealthy heir: (Cilician Thebe great Aetion sway'd, And Hippoplacus' wide-extended shade). The nurse stood near, in whose embraces prest His only hope hung smiling at her breast, Whom each soft charm and early grace adorn, Fair as the new-born star that gilds the morn.

To this lov'd infant Hector gave the name
Scamandrius, from Scamander's honour'd stream;
Asyanax the Trojans call'd the boy,
From his great father, the defence of Troy.
Silent the warrior smil'd, and pleas'd resign'd.
To tender passions all his mighty mind:
His beauteous princess cast a mournful look,
Hung on his hand, and then dejected spoke;
Her bosom labour'd with a boding sigh,
And the big tear stood trembling in her eye.

Too daring prince! ah whither dost thou run? Ah too forgetful of thy wife and fon! And think'it thou not how wretched we shall be, A widow I, an helpless orphan he! For fure fuch courage length of life denies, And thou must fall, thy virtue's facrifice. Greece in her fingle heroes strove in vain ; Now hofts oppose thee, and thou must be slain! Oh grant me, Gods! ere Hector meets his doom, All I can ask of heaven, an early tomb! So shall my days in one fad tenor run, And end with forrows as they first begun. No parent now remains my griefs to share, No father's aid, no mother's tender care. The fierce Achilles wrapt our walls in fire, Laid Thebe waste, and slew my warlike sire! His fate compassion in the victor bred; Stern as he was, he yet rever'd the dead, His radiant arms preferv'd from hostile spoil, And laid him decent on the fun'ral pile; Then rais'd a mountain where his bones were burn'd: The mountain-nymphs the rural tomb adorn'd,

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Jove's fylvan daughters bade their elms bestow A barren shade, and in his honour grow.

By the same arm my sev'n brave brothers sell;
In one sad day beheld the gates of hell:
While the sat herds and snowy slocks they sed,
Amid their fields the hapless heroes bled!
My mother liv'd to bear the victor's bands,
The queen of Hippoplacia's sylvan lands:
Redeem'd too late, she scarce beheld again
Her pleasing empire and her native plain,
When ah! oppress'd by life-consuming woe,
She fell a victim to Diana's bow.

Yet while my Hector still furvives, I fee-My father, mother, brethren, all, in thee. Alas! my parents, brothers, kindred, all, Once more will perish, if my Hector fall. Thy wife, thy infant, in thy danger share : Oh prove a husband's and a father's care! That quarter most the skilful Greeks annoy. Where you wild fig-trees join the wall of Troy: Thou, from this tow'r defend th' important post; There Agamemnon points his dreadful host; That pass Tydides, Ajax, strive to gain, And there the vengeful Spartan fires his train. Thrice our bold foes the fierce attack have giv'n, Or led by hopes, or dictated from heav'n. Let others in the field their arms employ, But stay, my Hector, here, and guard his Troy.

The chief reply'd: That post shall be my care, Nor that alone, but all the works of war. How would the sons of Troy, in arms renown'd, And Troy's proud dames, whose garments sweep the ground, Attaint the lustre of my former name,
Should Hector basely quit the field of same?

My early youth was bred to martial pains,
My soul impels me to th' embattled plains:

Let me be foremost to defend the throne,
And guard my sather's glories and my own.

Yet come it will, the day decreed by fates; (How my heart trembles while my tongue relates;) The day when thou, imperial Troy! must bend, And fee thy warriors fall, thy glories end. And yet no dire presage so wounds my mind, My mother's death, the ruin of my kind, Not Priam's hoary hairs defil'd with gore, Not all my brothers gasping on the shore: As thine, Andromache! thy griefs I dread; I fee thee trembling, weeping, captive led! In Argive looms our battles to design, And woes, of which fo large a part was thine? To bear the victor's hard commands, or bring The weight of waters from Hyperia's fpring. There while you groan beneath the load of life. They cry, Behold the mighty Hector's wife! Some haughty Greek, who lives thy tears to fee, Embitters all thy woes, by naming me. The thoughts of glory past, and present shame, A thousand griefs shall waken at the name! May I lie cold before that dreadful day, Press'd with a load of monumental clay! Thy Hector, wrapt in everlasting sleep, Shall neither hear thee figh, nor fee thee weep.

Thus having spoke; th' illustrious chief of Troy Stretch'd his fond arms to clasp the lovely boy.

The babe clung crying to his nurse's breast,
Scar'd at the dazzling helm, and nodding crest.
With secret pleasure each fond parent smil'd,
And Hestor hasted to relieve his child,
The glitt'ring terrors from his brows unbound,
And plac'd the beaming helmet on the ground.
Then kiss'd the child, and listing high in air,
Thus to the gods preferr'd a father's pray'r.

O thou, whose glory fills th' aethereal throne!
And all ye deathless pow'rs! protect my son!
Grant him, like me, to purchase just renown,
To guard the Trojans, to defend the crown,
Against his country's soes the war to wage,
And rise the Hector of the future age!
So when, triumphant from successful toils,
Of heroes slain he bears the reeking spoils,
Whole hosts may hail him with deserv'd acclaim,
And say: This chief transcends his sather's same:
While, pleas'd amidst the gen'ral shouts of Troy,
His mother's conscious heart o'erslows with joy.

He spoke; and sondly gazing on her charms
Restor'd the pleasing burden to her arms;
Soft on her fragrant breast the babe she laid,
Hush'd to repose, and with a smile survey'd.
The troubled pleasure soon chastis'd by fear,
She mingled with the smile a tender tear.
The soften'd chief with kind compassion view'd,
And dry'd the falling drops, and thus pursu'd.

Andromache! my foul's far better part,
Why with untimely forrows heaves thy heart?
No hostile hand can antedate my doom,
Till fate condemns me to the filent tomb.

Fix'd is the term to all the race of earth;
And such the hard condition of our birth.
No force can then resist, no slight can save,
All sink alike, the fearful and the brave.
No more—but hasten to thy tasks at home,
There guide the spindle and direct the loom:
Me glory summons to the martial scene,
The sield of combat is the sphere for men.
Where heroes war, the foremost place I claim,
The first in danger, as the first in same.

Thus having faid, the glorious chief refumes
His tow'ry helmet, black with shading plumes.
His princes parts with a prophetic sigh,
Unwilling parts, and oft reverts her eye,
That stream'd at ev'ry look: Then, moving slow,
Sought her own palace, and indulg'd her woe.
There, while her tears deplor'd the godlike man;
Through all her train the soft infection ran;
The pious maids their mingled forrows shed,
And mourn the living Hector, as the dead.

But now, no longer deaf to honour's call,
Forth issues Paris from the palace wall.
In brazen arms, that cast a gleamy ray,
Swift through the town the warrior bends his way.
The wanton courser thus, with reins unbound,
Breaks from his stall, and beats the trembling ground;
Pamper'd and proud, he seeks the wonted tides,
And laves, in height of blood, his shining sides:
His head now freed, he tosses to the skies;
His mane dishevel'd o'er his shoulders slies;
He snuffs the semales in the distant plain,
And springs, exulting, to his sields again.

With equal triumph, sprightly, bold, and gay, In arms refulgent as the god of day, The son of Priam, glorying in his might, Rush'd forth with Hector to the fields of fight.

And now the warriors passing on the way, The graceful Paris first excus'd his stay. To whom the noble Hector thus reply'd! O chief! in blood, and now in arms ally'd! Thy pow'r in war with justice none contest; Known is thy courage, and thy strength confest. What pity floth should feize a foul so brave, Or godlike Paris live a woman's flave! My heart weeps blood at what the Trojans fay, And hopes, thy deeds shall wipe the stain away. Haste then, in all their glorious labours share; For much they fuffer, for thy fake, in war. These ills shall cease, whene'er, by Jove's decree, We crown the bowl to heav'n and liberty; While the proud foe his frustrate triumph mourns,. And Greece indignant through her feas returns.

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The single Combat of Hector and Ajax.

THE battle renewing with double ardour upon the return of Hector, Minerva is under apprehensions for the Greeks. Apollo feeing her descend from Olympus, joins her near the Scaean gate. They agree to put off the general engagement for that day, and incite Hector to challenge the Greeks to a fingle combat. Nine of the princes accepting the challenge, the lot is cast, and falls upon Ajax. These heroes, after feveral attacks, are parted by the night. The Trojans calling a council, Antenor proposes the delivery of Helen to the Greeks; to which Paris will not consent, but offers to restore them her riches. Priam fends a herald to make this offer, and to demand a truce for burning the dead, the last of which only is agreed to by Agamemnon. When the funerals are performed, the Greeks, pursuant to the advice of Nestor, erect a fortification to protect their fleet and camp, flanked with towers, and defended by a ditch and pallifades. Neptune testifies his jealoufy at this VOL. V. M

work, but is pacified by a promise from Jupiter. Both armies pass the night in seasting; but Jupiter disheartens the Trojans with thunder and other signs of his wrath.

The three and twentieth day ends with the duel of Hector and Ajax: The next day the truce is agreed: Another is taken up in the funeral rites of the flain; and one more in building the fortification before the fhips. So that somewhat above three days is employed in this book. The scene lies wholly in the field.

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in her portain the search gate, when agree to put at the general for that day, son incide a time general for that day, son incide a time general for that day, son incide a time and the chapter combat, one of the prime a period by the night of the second alternative, and proved by the night of the Trope and the chapter at the first of the chapter at the chapter at the chapter and the chapter at the chapter and the chapter at the chapter a

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BOOK VII.

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S O spoke the guardian of the Trojan state,
Then rush'd impetuous through the Scaean gate.
Him Paris follow'd to the dire alarms;
Both breathing slaughter, both resolv'd in arms.
As when two sailors lab'ring through the main,
That long had heav'd the weary oar in vain,
Jove bids at length th' expected gales arise;
The gales blow grateful, and the vessel slies:
So welcome these to Troy's desiring train;
The bands are cheer'd, the war awakes again.

Bold Paris first the work of death begun
On great Menestheus, Areithous' son:
Sprung from the fair Philomeda's embrace,
The pleasing Arne was his native place.
Then sunk Eionius to the shades below;
Beneath his steelly casque he felt the blow
Full on his neck, from Hector's weighty hand;
And roll'd, with limbs relax'd, along the land.
By Glaucus' spear the bold Iphionus bleeds,
Fix'd in the shoulder as he mounts his steeds;
Headlong he tumbles; his slack nerves unbound,
Drop the cold useless members on the ground.

When now Minerva faw her Argives slain,
From vast Olympus to the gleaming plain
Fierce she descends: Apollo mark'd her slight,
Nor shot less swift from Ilion's tow'ry height:
Radiant they met beneath the beechen shade;
When thus Apollo to the blue-ey'd maid:

What cause, O daughter of almighty Jove!
Thus wings thy progress from th' realms above?
Once more impetuous dost thou bend thy way,
To give to Greece the long-divided day?
Too much has Troy already selt thy hate,
Now breathe thy rage, and hush the stern debate;
This day the business of the field suspend;
War soon shall kindle, and great Ilion bend;
Since vengesul goddesses confed'rate join
To raze her walls, though built by hands divine.

To whom the progeny of Jove replies:

I left, for this, the council of the skies:
But who shall bid conflicting hosts forbear?
What art can calm the furious sons of war?
To her the god: Great Hestor's soul incite
To dare the boldest Greek to single fight,
Till Greece, provok'd, from all her numbers show
A warrior worthy to be Hestor's foe.

At this agreed, the heav'nly pow'rs withdrew;
Sage Helenus their fecret counfels knew:
Hector inspir'd he sought: To him addrest,
Thus told the dictates of his facred breast.
O son of Priam! let thy faithful ear
Receive my words; thy friend and brother hear!
Go forth persuasive, and a while engage
The warring nations to suspend their rage:
Then dare the boldest of the hostile train
To mortal combat on the listed plain.
For not this day shall end thy glorious date;
The gods have spoke it, and their voice is sate.
He said: The warrior heard the word with joy,
Then with his spear restrain'd the youth of Troy,

Held by the midst athwart. On either hand
The squadrons part; th' expecting Trojans stand;
Great Agamemnon bids the Greeks forbear;
They breathe, and hush the tumult of the war.
Th' Athenian maid, and glorious god of day,
With silent joy the settling hosts survey:
In form of vultures, on the beech's height
They sit conceal'd, and wait the suture fight.

The thronging troops obscure the dusky fields, Horrid with bristling spears, and gleaming shields. As when a gen'ral darkness veils the main, (Soft Zephyr curling the wide wat'ry plain), The waves scarce heave, the face of ocean sleeps, And a still horror saddens all the deeps: Thus in thick orders settling wide around, At length compos'd they sit, and shade the ground; Great Hestor sirst amidst both armies broke The solemn silence, and their pow'rs bespoke.

Hear all ye Trojan, all ye Grecian bands, What my foul prompts, and what some god commands.

Great Jove, averse our warfare to compose,
O'erwhelms the nations with new toils and woes;
War with a siercer tide once more returns,
Till Ilion falls, or till you navy burns.
You then, O princes of the Greeks! appear;
'Tis Hector speaks, and calls the gods to hear:
From all your troops select the boldest knight,
And him, the boldest, Hector dares to sight.
Here if I fall, by chance of battle slain,
Be his my spoil, and his these arms remain;

But let my body, to my friends return'd,
By Trojan hands and Trojan flames be burn'd.
And if Apollo, in whose aid I trust,
Shall stretch your daring champion in the dust;
If mine the glory to despoil the soe;
On Phoebus' temple I'll his arms bestow;
The breathless carcase to your navy sent,
Greece on the shore shall raise a monument;
Which when some suture mariner surveys,
Wash'd by broad Hellespont's resounding seas,
Thus shall he say, 'A valiant Greek lies there,
'By Hector slain, the mighty man of war.'
The stone shall tell your vanquish'd hero's name,
And distant ages learn the victor's same.

This fierce defiance Greece aftonish'd heard, Blush'd to refuse, and to accept it, fear'd. Stern Menelaus first the silence broke, And inly groaning, thus opprobrious spoke.

Women of Greece! Oh scandal of your race,
Whose coward souls your manly form disgrace.
How great the shame, when ev'ry age shall know
That not a Grecian met this noble soe!
Go then! resolve to earth, from whence ye grew,
A heartless, spiritless, inglorious crew!
Be what ye seem, unanimated clay!
Myself will dare the danger of the day.
'Tis man's bold task the gen'rous strife to try,
But in the hands of God is victory.

These words scarce spoke, with gen'rous ardour prest, His manly limbs in azure arms he drest: That day, Atrides! a superior hand Had stretch'd thee breathless on the hostile strand;

But all at once, thy fury to compose, The kings of Greece, an awful band, arose: Ev'n he their chief, great Agamemnon, press'd Thy daring hand, and this advice address'd. Whither, O Menelaus! wouldst thou run, And tempt a fate, which prudence bids thee shun? Griev'd tho' thou art, forbear the rash design: Great Hector's arm is mightier far than thine. Ev'n fierce Achilles learn'd its force to fear. And trembling met this dreadful fon of war. Sit thou fecure amidft thy focial band; Greece in our cause shall arm some pow'rful hand. The mightiest warrior of th' Achaian name, Tho' bold, and burning with defire of fame, Content, the doubtful honour might forego, So great the danger, and fo brave the foe.

He said, and turn'd his brother's vengeful mind; He stoop'd to reason, and his rage resign'd, No longer bent to rush on certain harms; His joyful friends unbrace his azure arms.

He, from whose lips divine persuasion flows, Grave Nestor, then, in graceful act arose. Thus to the kings he spoke. What grief, what shame Attend on Greece, and all the Grecian name? How shall, alas! her hoary heroes mourn Their sons degen rate, and their race a scorn? What tears shall down thy silver beard be roll'd, Oh Peleus, old in arms, in wisdom old! Once with what joy the gen'rous prince would hear Of ev'ry chief who sought this glorious war, Participate their same, and pleas'd inquire Each name, each action, and each hero's sire!

Gods! should he see our warriors trembling stand, And trembling all before one hostile hand; How would he lift his aged arms on high, Lament inglorious Greece, and beg to die! Oh! would to all th' immortal pow'rs above, Minerva, Phoebus, and almighty Jove! Years might again roll back, my youth renew, And give this arm the fpring which once it knew; When fierce in war, where Jardan's waters fall I led my troops to Phaea's trembling wall, And with th' Arcadian spears my prowess try'd, Where Celadon rolls down his rapid tide. There Ereuthalion brav'd us in the field. Proud Areithous' dreadful arms to wield : Great Areithous, known from shore to shore, By the huge, knotted, iron mace he bore; No lance he shook, nor bent the twanging bow, But broke with this the battle of the foe. Him not by manly force Lycurgus slew, Whose guileful jav'lin from the thicket flew, Deep in a winding way his breast assail'd, Nor aught the warrior's thund'ring mace avail'd. Supine he fell: Those arms which Mars before Had giv'n the vanquish'd, now the victor bore: But when old age had dimm'd Lycurgus' eyes, To Ereuthalion he confign'd the prize. Furious with this, he crush'd our levell'd bands, And dar'd the trial of the strongest hands; Nor could the strongest hands his fury stay; All faw, and fear'd his huge tempestuous sway. Till I, the youngest of the host, appear'd, And, youngest, met whom all our army fear'd.

I fought the chief: My arms Minerva crown'd: Prone fell the giant o'er a length of ground. What then he was, oh were your Nestor now! Not Hector's felf should want an equal foe. But warriors, you, that youthful vigour boaft, The flow'r of Greece, th' examples of our hoff. Sprung from fuch fathers, who fuch numbers fway. Can you fland trembling, and defert the day ?

His warm reproofs the lift'ning kings inflame; And nine, the boldest of the Grecian name, Up-started fierce : But far before the rest The king of men advanc'd his dauntless breast : Then bold Tydides, great in arms, appear'd; And next his bulk gigantic Ajax rear'd: Oileus follow'd; Idomen was there, And Merion, dreadful, as the god of war : With these Eurypylus and Thoas stand, And wife Ulysses clos'd the daring band. All thefe, alike infpir'd with noble rage, Demand the fight. To whom the Pylian fage:

Lest thirst of glory your brave fouls divide, What chiefs shall combat, let the lots decide. Whom heav'n shall chuse, be his the chance to raise His country's fame, his own immortal praise.

The lots produc'd, each hero figns his own; Then in the gen'ral's helm the fates are thrown. The people pray, with lifted eyes and hands: And yows like these ascend from all the bands. Grant, thou Almighty! in whose hand is fate, A worthy champion for the Grecian state. This talk let Ajax or Tydides prove, Or he, the king of kings, belov'd by Jove.

186 HOMER'S ILIAD. VII. 219.

Old Nestor shook the casque. By heav'n inspir'd,
Leap'd forth the lot, of ev'ry Greek desir'd.

This from the right to lest the herald bears,
Held out in order to the Grecian peers:

Each to his rival yields the mark unknown,
Till godlike Ajax sinds the lot his own;
Surveys th' inscription with rejoicing eyes,
Then casts before him, and with transport cries:

Warriors! I claim the lot, and arm with joy; Be mine the conquest of this chief of Troy. Now, while my brightest arms my limbs invest, To Saturn's son be all your vows addrest: But pray in secret, lest the soes should hear, And deem your pray'rs the mean essect of sear, Said I in secret? No, your vows declare, In such a voice as fills the earth and air. Lives there a chief whom Ajax ought to dread, Ajax, in all the toils of battle bred? From warlike Salamis I drew my birth, And born to combats, fear no force on earth.

He faid. The troops, with elevated eyes, Implore the god whose thunder rends the skies. O father of mankind, superior lord! On losty Ida's holy hill ador'd; Who in the highest heav'n has six'd thy throne, Supreme of gods! unbounded, and alone: Grant thou, that Telamon may bear away The praise and conquest of this doubtful day; Or if illustrious Hector be thy care, I hat both may claim it, and that both may share.

Now Ajax brac'd his dazzling armour on; Sheath'd in bright steel the giant-warrior shone: He moves to combat with majestic pace;
So stalks in arms the grisly god of Thrace,
When Jive to punish faithless men prepares,
And gives whole nations to the waste of wars.
Thus march'd the chief, tremendous as a god;
Grimly he smil'd; earth trembled as he strode:
His massy jav'lin quiv'ring in his hand,
He stood, the bulwark of the Grecian band.
Thro' ev'ry Argive heart new transport ran;
All Froy stood trembling at the mighty man.
Ev'n Hector paus'd; and with new doubt oppress,
Felt his great heart suspended in his breast:
'Twas vain to seek retreat, and vain to sear;
Himself had challeng'd, and the soe drew near.

Stern Telamon behind his ample shield,
As from a brazen tow'r, o'erlook'd the field.
Huge was its orb, with sev'n thick folds o'ercast,
Of tough bull-hides; of solid brass the last.
(The work of Tychius, who in Hyle dwell'd,
And in all arts of armoury excell'd).
This Ajax bore before his manly breast,
And threat'ning, thus his adverse chief addrest.

Hector, approach my arm, and fingly know What strength thou hast, and what the Grecian foe. Achilles shuns the fight; yet some there are, Not void of soul, and not unskill'd in war: Let him, unactive, on the sea-beat shore, Indulge his wrath, and aid our arms no more; Whole troops of heroes Greece has yet to boast, And sends thee one, a sample of her host. Such as I am, I come to prove thy might; No more—be sudden, and begin the fight.

O son of Telamon, thy country's pride!
(To Ajax thus the Trojan prince reply'd),
Me, as a boy or woman, wouldst thou fright,
New to the field, and trembling at the fight?
Thou meet'st a chief deserving of thy arms,
To combat born, and bred amidst alarms:
I know to shift my ground, remount the car,
Turn, charge, and answer ev'ry call of war;
To right, to lest, the dext'rous lance I wield,
And bear thick battle on my sounding shield.
But open be our fight, and bold each blow;
I steal no conquest from a noble foe.

He faid, and rifing, high above the field Whirl'd the long lance against the fev'nfold shield. Full on the brass descending from above, Thro' fix bull-hides the furious weapon drove, Till in the feventh it fix'd. Then Ajax threw; Thro' Hector's shield the forceful jav'lin flew, His corfelet enters, and his garment rends, And glancing downwards near his flank descends. The wary Trojan shrinks, and bending low Beneath his buckler, disappoints the blow. From their bor'd shields the chiefs their jav'lins drew, Then close impetuous, and the charge renew : Fierce as the mountain lions bath'd in blood, Or foaming boars, the terror of the wood. At Ajax Hector his long lance extends; The blunted point against the buckler bends: But Ajax watchful as his foe drew near, Drove thro' the Trojan targe the knotty spear; It reach'd his neck, with matchless strength impell'd: Spouts the black gore, and dims his shining shield.

Yet ceas'd not Hector thus; but, stooping down, In his strong hand up heav'd a flinty stone. Black, craggy, vast: To this his force he bends: Full on the brazen boss the stone descends: The hollow brafs refounded with the shock. Then Ajax seiz'd the fragment of a rock, Apply'd each nerve, and fwinging round on high, With force tempestuous let the ruin fly : The huge stone thund'ring thro' his buckler broke; His flacken'd knees receiv'd the numbing stroke; Great Hector falls extended on the field. His bulk supporting on the shatter'd shield : Nor wanted heav'nly aid; Apollo's might Confirm'd his finews, and restor'd to fight. And now both heroes their broad faulcions drew : In flaming circles round their heads they flew; But then by heralds voice the word was giv'n, The facred ministers of earth and heav'n; Divine Talthybius whom the Greeks employ, And fage Idaeus on the part of Troy, Between the fwords their peaceful fcepters rear'd; And first Idaeus' awful voice was heard.

Forbear, my fons! your farther force to prove, Both dear to men, and both belov'd of Jove. To either host your matchless worth is known, Each sounds your praise, and war is all your own. But now the night extends her awful shade; The goddess parts you: Be the night obey'd.

To whom great Ajax his high foul express'd. O fage! to Hector be these words address'd. Let him, who first provok'd our chiefs to fight, Let him demand the sanction of the night;

If first he ask it, I content obey, And cease the strife when Hector shows the way.

Oh first of Greeks! (his noble foe rejoin'd), Whom heav'n adorns, superior to thy kind. With strength of body, and with worth of mind! Now martial law commands us to forbear: Hereafter we shall meet in glorious war. Some future day shall lengthen out the strife. And let the gods decide of death or life! Since then the night extends her gloomy shade, And heav'n enjoins it, be the night obey'd. Return brave Ajax, to thy Grecian friends, And joy the nations whom thy arm defends; As I shall glad each chief, and Trojan wife, Who wearies heav'n with vows for Hector's life. But let us on this memorable day. Exchange some gift; that Greece and Troy may fay,

' Not hate, but glory made these chiefs contend:

'And each brave foe was in his foul a friend.'

With that, a fword with stars of filver grac'd, The baldric studded, and the sheath enchas'd. He gave the Greek. The gen'rous Greek bestow'd A radiant belt that rich with purple glow'd. Then with majestic grace they quit the plain; This feeks the Grecian, that the Phrygian train.

The Trojan bands, returning Hector wait, And hail with joy the champion of their state; Escap'd great Ajax, they survey'd him round, Alive, unbarm'd, and vig'rous from his wound. To Troy's high gates the godlike man they bear, Their present triumph, as their late despair.

But Ajax, glorying in his hardy deed,
The well-arm'd Greeks to Agamemnon led.
A steer for facrifice the king design'd,
Of full five years, and of the nobler kind.
The victim falls; they strip the smoking hide,
The beast they quarter and the joints divide;
Then spread the tables, the repast prepare,
Each takes his seat, and each receives his share.
The king himself (an honorary sign)
Before great Ajax plac'd the mighty chine.
When now the rage of hunger was remov'd;
Nestor, in each persuasive art approv'd,
The sage whose counsels long had sway'd the rest,
In words like these his prudent thoughts exprest.

How dear, O kings! this fatal day has cost? What Greeks are perish'd! what a people lost! What tides of blood have drench'd Scamander's shore! What crowds of heroes funk, to rife no more! Then hear me, chief! nor let the morrow's light Awake thy fquadrons to new toils of fight: Some space at least permit the war to breathe, While we to flames our flaughter'd friends bequeathe. From the red field their scatter'd bodies bear, And nigh the fleet a fun'ral structure rear ; So decent urns their fnowy bones may keep, And pious children o'er their ashes weep. Here, where on one promiscuous pile they blaz'd, High o'er them all a gen'ral tomb be rais'd; Next, to fecure our camp, and naval pow'rs, Raise an embattled wall with lofty tow'rs; From space to space be ample gates around, For passing chariots, and a trench profound.

So Greece to combat shall in fafety go,
Nor fear the fierce incursions of the foe.
'Twas thus the fage his wholesome counsel mov'd;
The scepter'd kings of Greece his words approv'd,

Meanwhile, conven'd at Priam's palace-gate,
The Trojan peers in nightly council fat:
A fenate void of order as of choice;
Their hearts were fearful, and confus'd their voice.
Antenor rifing, thus demands their ear:
Ye Trojans, Dardans, and auxiliars, hear!
'Tis heav'n the counfel of my breaft infpires,
And I but move what ev'ry god requires:
Let Sparta's treasures be this hour restor'd,
And Argive Helen own her ancient lord.
The ties of faith, the sworn alliance broke,
Our impious battles the just Gods provoke.
As this advice ye practice, or reject,
So hope success, or dread the dire effect.

The fenior spoke, and fat. To whom reply'd
The graceful husband of the Spartan bride.
Cold counsels, Trojan, may become thy years,
But sound ungrateful in a warrior's ears:
Old man, if void of fallacy or art,
Thy words express the purpose of thy heart,
Thou, in thy time, more sound advice hast giv'n;
But wisdom has its date, assign'd by heav'n.
Then hear me, princes of the Trojan name!
Their treasures I'll restore, but not the dame;
My treasures too, for peace I will resign;
But be this bright possession ever mine.

'Twas then, the growing discord to compose, Slow from his seat the rev'rend Priam rose: His godlike aspect deep attention drew: He paus'd, and these pacific words ensue.

Ye Trojans, Dardans, and auxiliar bands!

Now take refreshment, as the hour demands;

Guard well the walls, relieve the watch of night,

Till the new sun restore the chearful light;

Then shall our herald to th' Atrides sent,

Before their ships proclaim my son's intent.

Next let a truce be ask'd, that Troy may burn

Her slaughter'd heroes, and their bones inurn;

That done, once more the fate of wars be try'd,

And whose the conquest, mighty Jove, decide!

The monarch spoke: The warriors snatch'd with

(Each at his post in arms) a short repast. Soon as the rofy morn had wak'd the day, To the black ships Idaeus bent his way; There, to the fons of Mars, in council found, He rais'd his voice: the host stood list'ning round. Ye fons of Atreus, and ye Greeks, give ear! The words of Troy, and Troy's great monarch hear. Pleas'd may ye hear (fo heav'n fucceed my pray'rs) What Paris, author of the war, declares. The spoils and treasures he to llion bore, (Oh had he perish'd ere they touch'd our shore), He proffers injur'd Greece; with large increase Of added Trojan wealth, to buy the peace. But to restore the beauteous bride again, This Greece demands, and Troy requests in vain.] Next, O ye chiefs! we ask a truce to burn . Our flaughter'd heroes, and their bones inurn.

Vol. V.

That done, once more the fate of war be try'd, And whose the conquest, mighty Jove, decide!

The Greeks gave ear, but none the silence broke;
At length Tydides rose, and rising spoke.
Oh, take not, friends! desrauded of your same,
Their prosser'd wealth, nor ev'n the Spartan dame.
Let conquest make them ours: Fate shakes their wall,
And Troy already totters to her fall.

Th' admiring chiefs, and all the Grecian name,
With gen'ral shouts return'd him loud acclaim.
Then thus the king of kings rejects the peace;
Herald! in him thou hear'st the voice of Greece.
For what remains; let fun'ral slames be sed
With heroes corpse: I war not with the dead:
Go search your slaughter'd chiefs on yonder plain,
And gratify the manes of the slain.
Be witness, Jove, whose thunder rolls on high!
He said, and rear'd his sceptre to the sky.

To facred Troy, where all her princes lay
To wait th' event, the herald bent his way.
He came, and standing in the midst, explain'd
The peace rejected, but the truce obtain'd.
Straight to their sev'ral cares the Trojans move,
Some search the plains, some fell the sounding grove:
Nor less the Greeks, descending on the shore,
Hew'd the green forests, and the bodies bore.
And now from forth the chambers of the main,
To shed his facred light on earth again,
Arose the golden chariot of the day,
And tipt the mountains with a purple ray.
In mingled throngs the Greek and Trojan train
Thro' heaps of carnage search'd the mournful plain-

Scarce could the friend his flaughter'd friend explore, With dust dishonour'd, and deform'd with gore. The wounds they wash'd, their pious tears they shed, And, laid along their cars, deplor'd the dead. Sage Priam check'd their grief : With filent hafte The bodies decent on the piles were plac'd; With melting hearts their cold remains they burn'd; And fadly flow, to facred Troy return'd. Nor less the Greeks their pious forrows shed, And decent on the pile difpose the dead; The cold remains confume with equal care: And flowly, fadly, to their fleet repair. Now, ere the morn had streak'd with red'ning light The doubtful confines of the day and night; About the dying flames the Greeks appear'd, And round the pile a gen'ral tomb they rear'd. Then to fecure the camp and naval pow'rs, They rais'd embattled walls with lofty tow'rs: From space to space were ample gates around, For passing chariots; and a trench profound, Of large extent; and deep in earth, below, Strong piles infix'd stood adverse to the foe.

So toil'd the Greeks: Meanwhile the Gods above In shining circle round their father Jove, Amaz'd, beheld the wondrous works of man: Then he, whose trident shakes the earth, began.

What mortals henceforth shall our pow'r adore, Our fanes frequent, our oracles implore, If the proud Grecian thus fuccessful boasts Their rifing bulwarks on the fea-beat coast? See the long walls extending to the main, No god consulted, and no victim slain!

Th' Almighty thund'rer with a frown replies,
That clouds the world, and blackens half the skies.
Strong God of Ocean! thou, whose rage can make
The solid earth's eternal basis shake!
What cause of sear from mortal works could move
The meanest subject of our realms above?
Where-e'er the sun's resulgent rays are cast,
Thy pow'r is honour'd, and thy same shall last.
But you proud work no suture age shall view,
No trace remain where once the glory grew.
The sapp'd soundations by thy force shall fall,
And, whelm'd beneath thy waves, drop the huge wall:
Vast drifts of sand shall change the former shore;
The ruin vanish'd, and the name no more.

Thus they in heaven: while, o'er the Grecian train,
The rolling fun deteending to the main
Beheld the finish'd work. Their bulls they slew;
Black from the tents the sav'ry vapours slew.
And now the sleet, arriv'd from Lemnos' strands,
With Bacchus' blessings cheer'd the gen'rous bands.
Of fragrant wine the rich Eunaeus sent
A thousand measures to the royal tent;
(Eunaeus, whom Hypsipyle of yore
To Jason, shepherd of his people, bore.)
The rest they purchas'd at their proper cost,
And well the plenteous freight supply'd the host:

Each, in exchange, proportion'd treasures gave:
Some brass or iron; some an ox, or slave.
All night they feast, the Greek and Trojan pow'rs;
Those on the fields, and these within their tow'rs.
But Jove averse the signs of wrath display'd,
And shot red lightnings through the gloomy shade:
Humbled they stood; pale horror siez'd on all,
While the deep thunder shook th' aerial hall.
Each pour'd to Jove, before the bowl was crown'd;
And large libations drench'd the thirsty ground:
Then late, refresh'd with sleep from toils of sight,
Enjoy'd the talmy blessings of the night.

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BOOK VIII.

THE ARGUMENT.

The second battle, and the distress of the Greeks.

Jupiter assembles a council of the deities, and threatens them with the pains of Tartarus, if they affift either fide: Minerva only obtains of him that she may direct the Greeks by her counsels. The armies join battle: Jupiter on mount Ida weighs in his balance the fates of both, and affrights the Greeks with his thunders and lightnings. Neftor alone continues in the field in great danger. Diomed relieves him; whose exploits, and those of Hector, are excellently described. Juno endeavours to animate Neptune to the affistance of the Greeks, but in vain. acts of Teucer, who is at length wounded by Hector, and carried off. Juno and Minerva prepare to aid the Greeks, but are restrained by Iris, sent from Jupiter. The night puts an end to the battle. Hector continues in the field, (the Greeks being driven to their fortification before the ships), and gives orders to keep the watch all night in the camp, to prevent the enemy from reimbarking and escaping by flight. They kindle fires through all the field, and pass the night under arms.

The time of feven and twenty days is employed from the opening of the poem to the end of this book. The scene here (except of the celestial machines)

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lies in the field toward the fea shore.

BOOK VIII.

A Unor A now, fair daughter of the dawn,
Sprinkled with rofy light the dewy lawn;
When Jove conven'd the senate of the skies,
Where high Olympus' cloudy tops arise.
The sire of Gods his awful silence broke;
The heav'ns attentive trembled as he spoke.

Celestial states, immortal Gods! give ear, Hear our decree, and rev'rence what ye hear; The fix'd decree which not all heav'n can move : Thou, Fate! fulfil it; and ye pow'rs! approve! What god but enters yon forbidden field, Who yields affistance, or but wills to yield; Back to the fkies with shame he shall be driv'n. Gash'd with dishonest wounds, the scorn of heav'n : Or far, oh far, from steep Olympus thrown, Low in the dark Tartarean gulf shall groan, With burning chains fix'd to the brazen floors, And lock'd by hell's inexorable doors; As deep beneath th' infernal centre hurl'd. As from that centre to th' aetherial world. Let him who tempts me, dread those dire abodes; And know, th' Almighty is the God of Gods. League all your forces then, ye pow'rs above, Join all, and try th' omnipotence of Jove: Let down our golden everlasting chain, Whose strong embrace holds heav'n and earth, and main :

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Strive all, of mortal and immortal birth,
To drag, by this, the Thund'rer down to earth:
Ye strive in vain! If I but stretch this hand,
I heave the gods, the ocean, and the land;
I fix the chain to great Olympus' height,
And the vast world hangs trembling in my sight!
For such I reign, unbounded and above;
And such are men, and gods, compar'd to Jove.

Th' Almighty spoke, nor durst the pow'rs reply,
A rev'rend horror silenc'd all the sky;
Trembling they stood before their sov'reign's look;
At length his best belov'd, the pow'r of wisdom, spoke.

Oh first and greatest, God! by Gods ador'd!
We own thy might, our father and our lord?
But ah! permit to pity human state;
If not to help, at least lament their fate.
From fields forbidden we submiss refrain,
With arms unaiding mourn our Argives slain:
Yet grant my counsels still their breast may move,
Or all must perish in the wrath of Jove.

The cloud-compelling god her suit approv'd,
And smil'd superior on his best belov'd,
Then call'd his coursers, and his chariot took;
The stedfast firmament beneath them shook:
Rapt by th' aetherial steeds the chariot roll'd;
Brass were their hoofs, their curling manes of gold.
Of heav'n's undrossy gold the god's array,
Refulgent, slash'd intolerable day.
High on the throne he shines: His coursers sty
Between th' extended earth and starry sky.
But when to Ida's topmost height he came,
(Fair nurse of sountains and of savage game),

Where o'er her pointed summits, proudly rais'd, His fane breath'd odours, and his altar blaz'd: There, from his radiant car, the facred sire of gods and men, releas'd the steeds of fire: Blue ambient mists th' immortal steeds embrac'd; High on the cloudy point his seat he plac'd; Thence his broad eye the subject world surveys, The town, and tents, and navigable seas.

Now had the Grecians fnatch'd a short repast, And buckled on their shining arms with haste. Troy rous'd as foon; for on this dreadful day. The fate of fathers, wives, and infants lay. The gates unfolding pour forth all their train; Squadrons on fquadrons cloud the dufky plain : Men, steeds, and chariots, shake the trembling ground; The tumult thickens, and the fkies refound. And now with shoots the shocking armies clos'd, To lances lances, shields to shields oppos'd: Hoft against host with shadowy legions drew; The founding darts in iron tempests flew: Victors and vanquish'd join promiscuous cries; Triumphant shoots and dying groans arise: With streaming blood the slipp'ry fields are dy'd, And flaughter'd heroes fwell the dreadful tide. Long as the morning-beams increasing bright, O'er heav'n's clear azure spread the facred light; Commutual death the fate of war confounds; Each adverse battle gor'd with equal wounds. But when the fun the height of heav'n afcends, The fire of gods his golden scales suspends, With equal hand; in these explor'd the fate Of Greece and Troy, and pois'd the mighty weight.

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Pres'd with its load, the Grecian balance lies Low funk on earth ; the Trojan strikes the skies. Then Jove from Ida's top his horrors spreads; The clouds burft dreadful o'er the Grecian heads; Thick lightnings flash; the mutt'ring thunder rolls; Their strength he withers, and unmans their fouls. Before his wrath the trembling hofts retire : The god in terrors, and the skies on fire. Nor great Idomeneus that fight could bear, Nor each ftern Ajax, thunderbolts of war : Nor he, the king of men, th' alarm fustain'd ; Nestor alone amidst the storm remain'd. Unwilling he remain'd, for Paris' dart Had piere'd his courfer in a mortal part: Fix'd in the forehead, where the fpringing mane Curl'd o'er the brow; it stung him to the brain; Mad with his anguish, he begins to rear, Paw with his hoofs aloft, and lash the air. Scarce had his faulchion cut the reins, and freed Th' incumber'd chariot from the dying steed, When dreadful Hector, thund'ring through the war, Pour'd to the tumult on his whirling car. That day had stretch'd beneath his matchless hand The hoary monarch of the Pylian band, But Diomed beheld; from forth the croud He rush'd, and on Ulysses call'd aloud.

Whither, oh whither does Ulysses run?
Oh slight unworthy great Laertes' son!
Mix'd with the vulgar shall thy fate be found,
Pierc'd in the back, a vile, dishonest wound?
Oh turn, and save from Hector's directl rage
The glory of the Greeks, the Pylian sage.

His fruitless words are lost unheard in air; Ulysses seeks the ships, and shelters there. But bold Tydides to the rescue goes, A single warrior 'midst a host of soes; Before the coursers with a sudden spring He leapt, and anxious thus bespoke the king.

Great perils, father! wait th' unequal fight;
These younger champions will oppress thy might.
Thy veins no more with antient vigour glow;
Weak is thy servant, and thy coursers flow.
Then haste, ascend my seat, and from the car
Observe the steeds of Tros, renown'd in war,
Practis'd alike to turn, to stop, to chace,
To dare the fight, or urge the rapid race:
These late obey'd Æneas' guiding rein;
Leave thou thy chariot to our faithful train:
With these against yon Trojans will we go,
Nor shall great Hector want an equal foe;
Fierce as he is, ev'n he may learn to fear
The thirsty sury of my slying spear.

Thus faid the chief; and Nestor, skill'd in war,
Approves his counsel, and ascends the car:
The steeds he left, their trusty servants hold,
Eurymedon, and Sthenelus the bold.
The rev'rend charioteer directs the course,
And strains his aged arm to lash the horse.
Hector they sace; unknowing how to sear,
Fierce he drove done; Tydides whirl'd his spear.
The spear with erring haste mistook its way,
But plung'd in Eniopeus' bosom lay.
His op'ning hand in death forsakes the rein:
The steeds sty back: He falls, and spurns the plain.

Great Hector forrows for his fervant kill'd,
Yet unreveng'd permits to press the field;
Till, to supply his place, and rule the car,
Rose Archeptolemus, the fierce in war.
And now had death and horror cover'd all;
Like tim'rous flocks the Trojans in their wall
Inclos'd had bled: But Jove with awful sound
Roll'd the big thunder o'er the vast prosound:
Full in Tydides' face the lightning flew;
The ground before him slam'd with sulphur blue;
The quiv'ring steeds fell prostrate at the sight;
And Nessor's trembling hand confess'd his fright;
He dropt the reins; and shook with facred dread,
Thus, turning, warn'd th' intrepid Diomed.

O chief! too daring in thy friend's defence, Retire, advis'd, and urge the chariot hence. This day, averse, the sov'reign of the skies Assists great Hector, and our palm denies. Some other sun may see the happier hour, When Greece shall conquer by his heav'nly pow'r. 'Tis not in man this fix'd decree to move: The great will glory to submit to Jove.

O rev'rend prince! (Tydides thus replies),
Thy years are awful, and thy words are wife.
But ah, what grief! should haughty Hector boast,
I sted inglorious to the guarded coast.
Before that dire disgrace shall blast my same,
O'erwhelm me, earth! and hide a warrior's shame.
To whom Gerenian Nestor thus reply'd:
Gods! can thy courage fear the Phrygian's pride?

Hector may vaunt, but who shall heed the boast? Not those who felt thy arm, the Dardan host, Nor Troy, yet bleeding in her heroes loft: Not ev'n a Phrygian dame, who dreads the fword That laid in dust her lov'd, lamented lord. He faid, and halfy o'er the gasping throng Drives the swift steeds; the chariot smokes along. The shouts of Trojans thicken in the wind; The storm of histing jav'lins pours behind. Then with a voice that shakes the folid skies. Pleas'd Hector braves the warrior as he flies. Go, mighty hero! grac'd above the rest In feats of council, and the fumptuous feaft: Now hope no more thefe honours from thy train; Go, less than woman, in the form of man! To scale our walls, to wrap our tow'rs in flames, To lead in exile the fair Phrygian dames, Thy once proud hopes, prefumptuous prince! are fled ;

This arm shall reach thy heart, and stretch thee dead.

Now fears dissuade him, and now hopes invite

To stop his coursers, and to stand the fight;

Thrice turn'd the chief, and thrice imperial Jove,

On Ida's summits, thunder'd from above.

Great Hestor heard; he saw the stashing light,

(The sign of conquest), and thus urg'd the sight.

Hear, ev'ry Trojan, Lycian, Dardan band, All fam'd in war, and dreadful hand to hand. Be mindful of the wreathes your arms have won, Your great forefathers glories, and your own. Heard ye the voice of Jove? Success and fame Await on Troy; on Greece eternal shame. In vain they skulk behind their boasted wall,
Weak bulwarks! destin'd by this arm to fall.
High o'er their slighted trench our steeds shall bound,
And pass victorious o'er the levell'd mound.
Soon as before you hollow ships we stand,
Fight each with slames, and toss the blazing brand;
Till their proud navy, wrapt in smoke and fires,
All Greece, incompass'd, in one blaze expires.

Furious he faid; then hending o'er the yoke, Encourag'd his proud fleeds, while thus he fpoke. Now Xanthus, Æthon, Lampus! urge the chace, And thou, Podargus! prove thy gen'rous race: Be fleet, be fearlefs, this important day. And all your master's well spent cares repay. For this, high-fed in plenteous stalls ye stand, Serv'd with pure wheat, and by a prince's hand; For this my spouse, of great Action's line, So oft has steep'd the strength'ning grain in wine. Now fwift purfue; now thunder uncontroll'd; Give me to feize rich Nestor's shield of gold; From Tydeus' shoulders strip the costly load. Vulcanian arms, the labour of a god: These if we gain, then victory, ye pow'rs! This night, this glorious night, the fleet is ours.

That heard, deep anguish stung Saturnia's soul; She shook her throne, that shook the starry pole: And thus to Neptune: Thou, whose force can make The stedfast earth from her soundations shake, Seest thou the Greeks by fates unjust opprest, Nor swells thy heart in that immortal breast? Yet Ægae, Helice, thy pow'r obey, And gists unceasing on thine altars lay.

Would all the deities of Greece combine,
In vain the gloomy Thund'rer might repine a
Sole should he sit, with scarce a god to friend;
And see his Trojans to the shades descend:
Such be the scene from his idaean bow'r;
Ungrateful prospect to the sullen pow'r

Neptune with wrath rejects the rall delign:
What rage, what madness, furious queen is thine?
I war not with the Highest. All above
Submit and tremble at the hand of Jove.

Now godlike Hector, to whose matchless might Tove gave the glory of the deftin'd fight, Squadrons on fquadrons drives, and fills the fields With clofe-rang'd chariots, and with thicken'd shields. Where the deep trench in length extended lay Compacted troops stand wedg'd in firm array. A dreadful front! they shake the brands, and threat With long-destroying flames the hostile fleet. The king of men, by Juno's felf infpir'd. Toil'd through the tents, and all his army fir'd. Swift as he mov'd, he lifted in his hand His purple robe, bright enligh of command? High on the midmost bark the king appear'd; There, from Ulyffes' deck his voice was heard. To Ajax and Achilles reach'd the found. Whose distant ships the guarded navy bound. Oh Argives! shame of human race; he cry'd; (The hollow vessels to his voice reply'd); Where now are all your glorious boalts of yore, Your hafty triumphs on the Lemnian flore? Each fearless hero dares an hundred foes, While the feast lasts, and while the gobiet flows; VOL. V.

But who to meet one martial man is found,
When the fight rages, and the flames furround?
O mighty Jove! oh fire of the distress'd!
Was ever king like me, like me oppress'd?
With pow'r immense, with justice arm'd in vain;
My glory ravish'd, and my people stain!
To thee my vows were breath'd from ev'ry shore;
What altar smok'd not with our victims gore?
With fat of bulls I fed the constant stame,
And ask'd destruction to the Trojan name.
Now, gracious god! far humbler our demand;
Give these at least to 'scape from Hector's hand,
And save the relics of the Grecian land!
Thus pray'd the king, and heav'n's great father

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heard His vows, in bitterness of soul preferr'd: The wrath appeas'd, by happy figns declares, And gives the people to their monarch's prayers. His eagle, facred bird of heav'n! he fent: A fawn his talons truss'd, (divine portent!) High o'er the wond'ring hofts he foar'd above, Who paid their vows to Panomphaean Jove; Then let the prey before his altar fall; The Greeks beheld, and transport seiz'd on all: Encourag'd by the fign, the troops revive, And fierce on Troy with doubled fury drive. Tydides first, of all the Grecian force, O'er the broad ditch impell'd his feaming horse, Pierc'd the deep ranks, their strongest battle tore, And dy'd his jay'lin red with Trojan gore: Young Agelaus, (Phradmon was his fire), With flying coursers shunn'd his dreadful ire:

Srtook through the back, the Phrygian fell opprest; The dart drove on, and iffu'd at his breaft : Headlong he quits the car; his arms refound: His pond'rous buckler thunders on the ground. Forth rush a tide of Greeks, the passage freed: Th' Atridae first, th' Ajaces next succeed: Meriones, like Mars, in arms renown'd. And godlike Idomen, now pass'd the mound :: Evaemon's fon next issues to the foe. And last young Teucer, with his bended bow. Secure behind the Telamonian shield. The skilful archer wide survey'd the field ; With ev'ry shaft some hostile victim slew. Then close beneath the fev nfold orb withdrew: The conscious infant so, when fear alarms, Retires for fafety to the mother's arms. Thus Ajax guards his brother in the field. Moves as he moves, and turns the shining shield. Who first by Teucer's mortal arrows bled? Orsilochus; then fell Ormenus dead: The godlike Lycophon next press'd the plain, With Chromius, Daetor, Ophelestes slain :: Bold Amopaon breathless funk to ground; The bloody pile great Melanippus crown'd. Heaps fell on heaps, fad trophies of his art; A Trojan ghost attending ev'ry dart. Great Agamemnon views with joyful eye The ranks grow thinner as his arrows fly : Oh youth for ever dear! (the monarch cry'd), Thus, always thus, thy early worth be try'd; Thy brave example shall retrieve our host, Thy country's faviour, and thy father's boaft!

Sprung from an alien's bed thy fire to grace,

The vig'rous offspring of a stol'n embrace;

Proud of his boy, he own'd the gen'rous stame,

And the brave son repays his cares with same.

Now hear a monarch's vow: If heav'n's high pow'rs

Give me to raze Troy's long-defended tow'rs,

Whatever treasures Greece for me design,

The next rich honorary gift be thine:

Some golden tripod, or distinguish'd car,

With coursers dreadful in the ranks of war;

Or some fair captive, whom thy eyes approve,

Shall recompense the warrior's toils with love.

To this the chief: With praise the rest inspire,
Nor urge a soul already fill'd with fire;
What strength I have be now in battle try'd,
Till ev'ry shaft in Phrygian blood be dy'd,
Since rallying from our wall we forc'd the soe,
Still aim'd at Hector have I bent my bow:
Eight forky arrows from this hand have sied,
And eight bold heroes by their points lie dead:
But sure some god denies me to destrey
This sury of the field, this dog of Troy.

He faid, and twang'd the string. The weapon flies. At Hector's breast, and sings along the skies: He mis'd the mark; but pierc'd Gorgythio's heart, And drench'd in royal blood the thirsty dart, (Fair Castianira, nymph of form divine, This offspring added to king Priam's line). As full-blown poppies, overcharg'd with rain, Decline the head, and, drooping, kis the plain; So sinks the youth: His beauteous head, depress. Beneath his helmet, drops upon his breast.

Another shaft the raging archer drew: That other shaft with erring fury flew: (From Hector l'hoebus turn'd the flying wound); Yet fell not dry or guiltless to the ground: Thy breaft, brave Archeptolemus! it tore, And dipp'd its feathers in no vulgar gore. Headlong he falls; his fudden fall alarms The steeds, that startle at his founding arms. Hector with grief his charioteer beheld All pale and breathless on the fanguine field. Then bids Cebriones direct the rein; Quits his bright car, and iffues on the plain. Dreadful he shouts: From earth a stone he took, And rush'd on Teucer with the lifted rock. The youth already strain'd the forceful yew; The thaft already to his shoulder drew; The feather in his hand, just wing'd for flight, Touch'd where the neck and hollow chest unite; There, where the juncture knits the channel-bone, The furious chief discharg'd the craggy stone: The bow-string burst beneath the pond'rous blow, And his numb'd hand difmis'd his useless bow. He fell : But Ajax his broad shield display'd, And screen'd his brother with a mighty shade; Till great Alastor and Mecistheus bore The batter'd archer groaning to the shore.

Troy yet found grace before th' Olympian fire, He arm'd their hands, and fill'd their breafts with fire. The Greeks, repuls'd, retreat behind their wall, Or in the trench on heaps confus'dly fall. First of the foe, great Hector, march'd along, With terror cloath'd, and more than mortal strong.

As the bold hound, that gives the lion chace, With beating bosom, and with eager pace, Hangs on his haunch, or fastens on his heels. Guards as he turns, and circles as he wheels: Thus oft the Grecians turn'd, but ftill they flew; Thus following Hector still the hindmost slew. When flying they had pass'd the trench profound, And many a chief lay gasping on the ground; Before the ships a desp'rate stand they made. And fir'd the troops, and call'd the gods to aid. Fierce on his rattling chariot Hector came: His eyes like Gorgon shot a fanguine slame That wither'd all their hoft : Like Mars he flood, Dire as the monster, dreadful as the god! Their strong distress the wife of Jove survey'd, Then pensive thus to war's triumphant maid.

Oh daughter of that god, whose arm can wield Th' avenging bolt, and shake the sable shield! Now, in this moment of her last despair, Shall wretched Greece no more confess our care; Condemn'd to suffer the sull force of sate, And drain the dregs of heav'n's relentless hate? Gods! shall one raging hand thus level all? What numbers sell? What numbers yet shall fall? What pow'r divine shall Hector's wrath assuage? Still swells the slaughter, and still grows the rage!

So spake th' imperial regent of the skies;
To whom the goddess with the azure eyes:
Long since had Hector stain'd these fields with gore,
Stretch'd by some Argive on his native shore;
But he above, the sire of heav'n, withstands,
Mocks our attempts, and slights our just demands.

The flubborn god, inflexible and hard, Forgets my fervice, and deferv'd reward : Sav'd I, for this, his fav'rite * fon oppress'd. By stern Euristheus with long labours press'd? He begg'd, with tears he begg'd, in deep difmay; I shot from heav'n, and gave his arm the day. 'Oh had my wisdom known this dire event. When to grim Pluto's gloomy gates he went, The triple dog had never felt his chain, Nor Styx been cross'd, nor hell explor'd in vain. Averse to me, of all his heav'n of gods. At Thetis' fuit the partial Thund'rer nods: To grace her gloomy, fierce, refenting fon, My hopes are frustrate, and my Greeks undone. Some future day, perhaps, he may be mov'd To call his blue-ey'd maid his best belov'd. Haste, launch thy chariot, thro' you ranks to ride: Myfelf will arm, and thunder at thy fide. Then, goddess! fay, shall Hector glory then, (That terror of the Greeks, that man of men)! When Juno's felf and Pallas Thall appear, All dreadful in the crimfon walks of war? What mighty Trojan then, on yonder shore, Expiring, pale, and terrible no more, Shall feast the fowls, and glut the dogs with gore

She ceas'd, and Juno rein'd the steeds with care; (Heav'n's awful empress, Saturn's other heir).

Pallas, meanwhile, her various veil unbound,

With flow'rs adorn'd, with art immortal crown'd;

^{*} Hercules.

The radiant robe her facred fingers wove,
Floats in rich waves, and spreads the court of Jove.
Her father's arms her mighty limbs invest,
His cuirass blazes on her ample breast.
The vig'rous pow'r the trembling car ascends;
Shook by her arm, the massy jav'lin bends;
Huge, pond'rous, strong! that, when her sury burns,
Proud tyrants humbles, and whole hosts o'erturns.

Saturnia lends the lash; the coursers sy;
Smooth glides the chariot thro' the liquid sky.
Heav'n's gates spontaneous open to the pow'rs;
Heav'n's golden gates, kept by the winged Hours.
Commission'd, in alternate watch they stand,
The sun's bright portals and the skies command;
Close, or unfold, th' eternal gates of day,
Bar heav'n with clouds, or roll these clouds away.
The sounding hinges ring, the clouds divide;
Prone down the steep of heav'n their course they guide.
But Jove incens'd, from Ida's top survey'd,
And thus injoin'd the many colour'd maid.

Thaumantia! mount the winds, and stop their car;
Against the highest, who stall wage the war?
If surious yet they dare the vain debate,
Thus have I spoke, and what I speak is sate.
Their coursers crush'd beneath the wheels shall lie,
Their car in fragments scatter'd o'er the sky;
My lightning these rebellious shall consound,
And hurl them staming, headlong to the ground,
Condemn'd for ten revolving years to weep
The wounds impress'd by burning thunder deep.
So shall Minerva learn to sear our ire,
Nor dare to combat her's and nature's sire.

For Juno, headstrong and imperious still, She claims some title to transgress our will.

Swift as the wind, the various-colour'd maid.

From Ida's top her golden wings display'd;

To great Olympus' shining gates she slies,

There meets the chariot rushing down the skies,

Restrains their progress from the bright abodes,

And speaks the mandate of the sire of gods.

What frenzy, goddesses! what rage can move Celestial minds to tempt the wrath of Jove? Defift, obedient to his high command; This is his word: And know his word shall stand. His lightning your rebellion shall confound. And hurl you headlong, flaming to the ground : Your horses crush'd beneath the wheels shall lie, Your car in fragments scatter'd o'er the sky; Yourselves condemn'd ten rolling years to weep. The wounds impress'd by burning thunder deep. So shall Minerva learn to fear his ire. Nor dare to combat her's and nature's fire. For Juno, headstrong and imperious still, She claims some title to transgress his will; But thee what desp'rate insolence has driv'n, To lift thy lance against the king of heav'n?

Then mounting on the pinions of the wind. She flew; and Juno thus her rage relign'd.

O daughter of that god, whose arm can wield Th' avenging bolt, and shake the dreadful shield! No more let beings of superior birth Contend with Jove for this low race of earth: Triumphant now, now miserably slain, They breathe or perish as the sates ordain. But Jove's high counsels full effect shall find, And ever constant, ever rule mankind.

She spoke, and backward turn'd her steeds of light,
Adorn'd with manes of gold, and heav'nly bright.
The Hours unloos'd them, panting as they stood,
And heap'd their mangers with ambrosial food.
There ty'd, they rest in high celestial stalls;
The chariot propt against the crystal walls.
The pensive goddesses, abash'd, controll'd,
Mix with the gods, and fill their seats of gold.

And now the Thund'rer meditates his flight From Ida's fummits to th' Olympian height. Swifter than thought the wheels instinctive fly. .Flame thro' the vast of air, and reach the sky. 'Twas Neptune's charge his courfers to unbrace. And fix the car on its immortal base: There stood the chariot, beaming forth its rays. Till with a fnowy veil he fcreen'd the blaze. He, whose all conscious eyes the world behold. Th' eternal Thunderer, fat thron'd in gold. High heav'n the footstool of his feet he makes, And wide beneath him, all Olympus shakes. Trembling afar th' offending pow'rs appear'd, Confus'd and filent, for his frown they fear'd. He faw their foul, and thus his word imparts: Pallas and Juno! fay, why heave your hearts? Soon was your battle o'er; proud Troy retir'd Before your face, and in your wrath expir'd. But know, whoe'er almighty power withstand! Unmatch'd our force, unconquer'd is our hand : Who shall the fov'reign of the skies control? Not all the gods that crown the starry pole.

Your hearts shall tremble, if our arms we take, And each immortal nerve with horror shake. For thus I speak, and what I speak shall stand; What power soe'er provokes our listed hand, On this our hill no more shall hold his place, Cut off, and exil'd from th' aetherial race.

Juno and Pallas grieving hear the doom,
But feast their souls on Ilion's woes to come.
Tho' secret anger swell'd Minerva's breast,
The prudent goddess yet her wrath represt:
But Juno, impotent of rage, replies,
What hast thou said, oh tyrant of the skies!
Strength and omnipotence invest thy throne;
'Tis thine to punish; ours to grieve alone.
For Greece we grieve, abandon'd by her sate,
To drink the dregs of thy unmeasur'd hate:
From fields forbidden we submiss refrain,
With arms unaiding see our Argives slain;
Yet grant our counsels still their breasts may move,
Lest all should perish in the rage of Jove.

The goddess thus: And thus the god replies, Who swells the clouds, and blackens all the skies. The morning sun, awak'd by loud alarms, Shall see th' almighty Thunderer in arms. What heaps of Argives then shall load the plain, Those radiant eyes shall view, and view in vain. Nor shall great Hector cease the rage of sight, The navy slaming, and thy Greeks in slight, Ev'n till that day, when certain fates ordain That stern Achilles (his Patroclus slain)
Shall rise in vengeance, and lay waste the plain.

For such is sate, nor canst thou turn its course With all thy rage, with all thy rebel force. Fly, if thou wik, to earth's remotest bound, Whereon her utmost verge the seas resound; Where curs'd Iapetus and Saturn dwell, Fast by the brink, within the streams of hell; No sun e'er gilds the gloomy horrors there, No cheerful gales resresh the lazy air; There arm once more the bold Titanian band; And arm in vain; for what I will shall stand.

Now deep in ocean funk the lamp of light, And drew behind the cloudy veil of night: The conqu'ring Trojans mourn his beams decay'd; The Greeks rejoicing bless the friendly shade.

The victors keep the field: And Hector calls
A martial council near the navy-walls;
These to Scamander's bank apart he led,
Where thinly scatter'd lay the heaps of dead.
Th' assembled chiefs, descending on the ground,
Attend his order, and their prince surround.
A massy spear he bore of mighty strength,
Of full ten cubits was the lance's length;
The point was brass, resulgent to behold,
Fix'd to the wood with circling rings of gold:
The noble Hector on his lance reclin'd,
And bending forward, thus reveal'd his mind.

Ye valiant Trojans, with attention hear!
Ye Dardan bands, and gen'rous aids give ear!
This day, we hop'd, would wrap in conqu'ring flame
Greece with her ships, and crown our toils with same:
But darkness now to save the cowards falls,
And guards them trembling in their wooden walls.

Obey the night, and use her peaceful Hours Our steeds to forage, and refresh our pow'rs. Straight from the town be sheep and oxen fought. And firenth'ning bread, and gen'rous wine be brought. Wide o'er the field, high-blazing to the fky. Let num'rous fires the abfent fun fupply, The flaming piles with plenteous fuel raife, Till the bright morn her purple beam difplays: Left, in the silence and the shades of night, Greece in her fable ships attempt her flight. Not unmolested let the wretches gain Their lofty decks, or fafely cleave the main; Some hostile wound let ev'ry dart bestow, Some lasting token of the Phrygian foe, Wounds, that long hence may alk their spouses care, And warn their children from a Trojan war. Now, thro' the circuit of our Ilion wall, Let facred heralds found the folemn call; To bid the fires with hoary honours crown'd, And beardless youths, our battlements surround. Firm be the guard, while distant lie our pow'rs, And let the matrons hang with light the tow'rs: Left, under covert of the midnight shade. Th' invidious foe the naked town invade. Suffice to-night these orders to obey; A nobler charge shall rouse the dawning day. The gods, I truft, shall give to Hector's hand From these detested foes to free the land, Who plough'd, with fates averse, the wat'ry way, For Trojan vultures a predestin'd prey. Our common fafety must be now the care: But foon as morning paints the fields of air,

Sheath'd in bright arms let ev'ry troop engage,
And the fir'd fleet behold the battle rage.
Then, then shall Hector and Tydides prove,
Whose fates are heaviest in the scales of Jove.
To-morrow's light (oh haste the glorious morn!)
Shall fee his bloody spoils in triumph born;
With this keen jav'lin shall his breast be gor'd,
And prostrate heroes bleed around their lord.
Certain as this, oh! might my days endure,
From age inglorious and black death secure;
So might my life and glory know no bound,
Like Pallas worshipp'd, like the sun renown'd!
As the next dawn, the last they shall enjoy,
Shall crush the Greeks, and end the woes of Troy.

The leader spoke. From all his host around Shouts of applause along the shores resound. Each from the yoke the smoking steeds unty'd, And fix'd their headstalls to his chariot-side. Fat sheep and oxen from the town are led, With gen'rous wine, and all-sustaining bread. Full hecatombs lay burning on the shore; The winds to heav'n the curling vapours bore: Ungrateful off'ring to the immortal pow'rs! Whose wrath hung heavy o'er the Trojan tow'rs. Nor Priam nor his sons obtain'd their grace; Proud Troy they hated, and her guilty race.

The troops exulting fat in order round,
And beaming fires illumin'd all the ground.
As when the moon, refulgent lamp of night!
O'er heav'n's clear azure spreads her facred light,
When not a breath disturbs the deep serene,
And not a cloud o'ercasts the solemn scene;

Around her throne the vivid planets roll, And stars unnumber'd gild the glowing pole; O'er the dark trees a yellower verdure shed, And tip with filver ev'ry mountain's head: Then shine the vales, the rocks in prospect rife, A flood of glory burfts from all the skies : The conscious swains, rejoicing in the fight, Eye the blue vault, and bless the useful light. So many flames before proud Ilion blaze, And lighten glimm'ring Xanthus with their rays : The long reflections of the distant fires Gleam on the walls, and tremble on the fpires. A thousand piles the dusky horrors gild, And shoot a shady lustre o'er the field. Full fifty guards each flaming pile attend, Whose number'd arms, by fits, thick flashes send; Loud neigh the courfers o'er their heaps of corn, And ardent warriors wait the rifing morn.

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